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ROCK GARDEN DESIGNED AND BUILT BY R. \& J. FARQUHAR \& CO., FOR H. T. HAYWARD, ESQ., FRANKLIN, MASS.

## LANDSCAPE GARDENING

We now make a specialty of this work, furnishing plans and estimates for the improvement and planting of private estates and public grounds. We have a large assortment (over 200 acres) of the best Hardy Nursery Stock, suitable for the Northern States, embracing trees, shrubs, vines and perennial plants. We have also competent designers and gardeners in our permanent employ for the carrying out of such work. We invite correspondence from those contemplating improvement of their estate.

R. \& J. FARQUHAR \& CO.

## All prices in this catalogue are subject to change without notice.

## FARQUHAR'S BULBS FOR NATURALIZATION.

## In Rock Gardens, Woodlands, Wild Gardens, Shrubberies, Etc.

THE increasing practice of planting blubs extensively in the Rock Garden, Woodlands, Wild Garden and among Grass produces an effect which is nearer to nature than any other style of gardening.

Daffodils, Crocuses, Lilies, Trilliums, etc., growing amid such surroundings have a charm that is not to be found in the more conventional beds and borders of the cultivated garden. The following bulbous plants are especially suitable for natural plantations and when once planted hold their own and increase with little or no further care. A full description of the following varieties will be found in the body of the catalogue.

Crocuses. All Colors Mixed.
Golden Yellow. Lilium Canadense

Superbum. (Turk's Cap Lily)
Tigrinum Splendens. (Tiger Lily)
Narcissi. Emperor Spurius
Barri Conspicuus
Narcissi. Incomparabilis Stella.

|  | 100 | 1.000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - . . . | \$1.75 | \$15.00 |
|  | 2.00 | 18.00 |
| \$1.50 per doz. | 12.00 |  |
| 1.50 per doz. | 12.00 |  |
| 1.50 per doz. | 10.00 |  |
| . . . . . | 7.50 | 70.00 |
| . . | 4.75 | 45.00 |
| . | 4.75 | 45.00 |

4.00138 .00

Nareissi. Leedsii, Mrs. Langtry.

## Minnie Hume.

Von Sion. Double Yellow
Incomparabilis Plenus. (Butter and Eggs)
Poeticus. (Pheasant's Eye or Poet's Narcissus) Ornatus
Trillium Grandiflorum. (Giant American Wंood Lily) Erectum. Erythrocarpum.

1,000
$\$ 4.25 \quad \$ 40.00$
$4.25 \quad 40.00$
52.00
52.00
45.00
32.00
35.00

## HYACINTHS.

## CULTURE OF HYACINTHS.

Hyacinths in Pots. It is important in the pot culture of the Hyacinth to have rich, light soil-if possible, a compost of one-third decayed turf, one-third old rotten cow manure, and the remainder equal parts of sharp sand and leaf-mould. This compost should be made a few weeks before being used. If the bulbs are to be potted singly, pots five inches in diameter are the proper size, and the special Hyacinth pots which are about two inches deeper than ordinary pots, are preferable. For drainage, cover the hole in the pot with a piece of broken pot, and over this place a layer of moss. Break off any offsets which appear at the base of the bulbs, and in potting place each bulb so that its top shall be half an inch below the surface of the soil and an inch below the rim of the pot. The soil should be of usual natural moisture, and should be pressed moderately firm. The filled pots may be placed in a cold frame where there is protection from frost, and well watered. An excellent plan is to place them on a bed of moist, sifted coal ashes, covering the pots to a depth of six nches with the same material. When well rooted, which will be in about six weeks, the bulbs may be brought indoors and forced. For the first two or three weeks they should be kept in a temperature not exceeding 50 degrees. Success in forcing depends much on their having strong roots before being brought to the light. The top grows rapidly, and unless the roots are started much in advance they are unable to nourish the plant, and failure results. Hyacinths for early use may be potted in September or October; late planting is not advisable, as the bulbs deteriorate; when desired $f=r$ late use, it is better to pot them in October and keep them in a cold frame above freezing until it is desired to force them into bloom,

To obtain dwarf foliage and fine flower spikes, Hyacinths when being forced should have plenty of manure-water, fresh air, and should be kept very near the glass. The blooms last much longer if shaded from the sun.

Hyacinths in the Open Garden. The ground should be dug to a depth of at least fifteen inches, and enriched with plenty of well-rotted cow manure. Hyacinths may be planted from September until Winter sets in; although if the highest success is sought they should be in the ground by the end of October. Bulbs planted early develop roots in the autumn, and these, if protected from injury by freezing and thawing alternately during the Winter, enable the bulbs to produce much larger flower spikes than if the roots are not developed until spring. Frost reaching the bulbs raises them up, thus detaching them from their rots. Protection may be aftorded by covering the beds with straw or leave
face of the ground and six inches apart.

## FARQUHAR'S SELECTED NAMED BEDDING AND FORCING HYACINTHS.

If by Parcel Post add postage at zone rates; weight per doz., 2 lbs.

This highly decorative class of Hyacinths is of unsurpassed excellence for producing fine color effects in public parks and private grounds. Being of distinct and decided shades, of almost uniform height, and blooming at the same time, they admit of the most artistic grouping. They are also very desirable for forcing singly in pots or grouped in bulb pans.
Farquhar's Selected Bright Red.
Farquhar's Selected Rose.
Farquhar's Selected Pink.

Farquhar's Selected Dark Blue. Farquhar's Selected Light Blue.
Farquhar's Selected Pure White. Farquhar's Selected Porcelain Blue. Farquhar's Selected Yellow.
$\$ 1.25$ per dozen; $\$ 9.50$ per 100; $\$ 92.00$ per 1,000 .

## LARGE UNNAMED HYACINTHS FOR BEDDING AND FORCING.

If by Parcel Post add postage at zone rates; weight per doz., 2 lbs.
These are well developed, sound flowering bulbs, superior in size and strength to the Mixed Hyacinth usually offered. They are specially adapted for groups in borders and informal beds, where they will give a brilliant display of very handsome flowers and on account of their low price are also extensively forced for Winter-blooming and cutting. Care is exercised to include only sorts which bloom at the same time and are of nearly uniform height.


## NAMED MINIATURE HYACINTHS.

These are most fascinating, both for forcing in pans and for out-door bedding, and are gaining in popular favor each year.
La Grandesse, white. $\quad$ Garibaldi, red.
Gertrude, pink.
Queen of the Blues, light blue.

King of the Blues, dark blue.
King of the Yellows, golden-yellow.

$$
\$ 0.60 \text { per doz.; } \$ 4.50 \text { per } 100 ; \$ 42.00 \text { per } 1,000 . \quad \text { If by mail, add } 5 \text { cents per dozen. }
$$

## FAROUHAR'S "TOP-ROOT" HYACINTHS.



Single White Hyacinth, La Grandesse.

## MONSTER BULBS.

The phrase "top-root" is used in Holland to distinguish the extreme of quality in the first size bulbs and the varieties we offer below are of this grade.

## SINGLE RED AND PINK

La Victoire. Brilliant scarlet; magnificent spike
Gertrude. Beautiful bright pink; large.
Lady Derby. Bright rose; very iarge.
Morena. Beautiful blush; very large truss.
Queen of Pinks. (New.) Delicate rose-pink; full truss.

## SINGLE WHITE AND BLUSH.

Arentine Arendsen. Pure white; large truss; early.
British Queen. Pure white; beautiful truss.
Correggio. Snow-white; splendid large truss.
La Grandesse. Pure white; large bells and superb truss.
L'Innocence. Pure whie; immense bells and truss.

## SINGLE BLUE, PURPLE AND VIOLET.

Admiral Courbet. (New.) Azure-blue; very early.
Czar Peter. Light porceiain blue; large bells.
Enchantress. Pale porcelain; large truss.
Ivanhoe. Shining dark-blue.
King of the Blues. Dark blue; large bells and superb spike.
Queen of the Blues. Sky-blue; fine bells; stately spike.

## SINGLE YELLOW.

City of Haarlem. Deep yellow; magnificent spike.

Each of the above varieties, $\$ 0.30$ each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen; $\$ 24.00$ per 100 .

If by Parcel Post add postage at zone rates; weight per doz., 3 lbs.
Bulbs intended for exhibition should be potted in September.

FARQUHAR'S SUPERB NAMED HYACINTHS.
If by Parcel Post add postage at zone rates; weight per doz., 3 lbs.

## SINGLE WHITE AND BLUSH.

| , pure white, extra | Each | Doz. | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fine | \$0.25 | \$2.50 | \$18.00 | truss; one of the best sorts . | \$0.25 | \$2.50 | \$18.00 |
| British Queen. Pure white; beautiful truss | 25 | 2.50 | 18.00 | L'Innocence. Pure white; extra large bells; |  |  |  |
| Correggio. Pure white; very fine | 25 | 2.75 | 21.00 | very handsome | . 20 | 2.25 | 16.00 |
| Grandeur à Merveille. Blush white; large spike; one of the best | 20 | 2.00 | 14.00 | Queen Emma. (New.) Almost pure white; fine erect spike | 25 | 2.75 | 20.00 |

## SINGLE YELLOW.

City of Haarlem. Deep yellow; magnificent| Each $\mid$ Doz. $\mid 100$ spike. Fine for pot culture . . . . $\$ 0.25 \quad \$ 2.75 \quad \$ 20.00$
King of the Yellows. Pure golden-yellow. . . $20|2.00| 15.00$

Yellow Hammer. Golden-yellow; compact| Each | Doz. 100


## FARQUHAR'S SUPERB NAMED HYACINTHS.-Continued.

## SINGLE RED, ROSE AND PINK.

Cardinal Wiseman. Bright rose; broad spike
Duchess of Albany. Bright crimson; large spike
General De Wet. A fine light-pink with white throat
Gertrude. Beautiful bright pink; large
Lady Derby. Bright rose; very large
La Victoire. Brilliant scarlet; magnificent spike
Morena. Beautiful blush; very large truss
Pink Perfection. Clear pink; magnificent spike
Queen of Pinks. Delicate rose-pink; tall, full truss of perfect form
Ruby. Bright ruby-red; very showy

## SINGLE BLUE, PURPLE AND

Admiral Courbet. Azure-blue, very early .
Captain Boyton. Deep porcelain-blue
Czar Peter. Light porcelain-blue; large bells
Electra. Light silvery-blue; enormous spike
Enchantress. Light porcelain; splendid spike
Grand Maitre. Sky-blue; shaded with violet; large and very beautiful
Ivanhoe. Shining dark blue; full spike
King of the Blues. Clear dark blue; large bells and splendid spike; superb
King Alfred. (New.) Lilac-blue, shading to bright blue; large bells
King Menelik. Almost black; immense truss
La Peyrouse. Light porcelain; fine
Queen of the Blues. Sky-blue; fine bells .
Schotel. Porcelain-blue; immense spike

| Each | Doz. | 100 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.20$ | $\$ 2.00$ | $\$ 14.00$ |
| .25 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .20 | 2.25 | 16.00 |
| .25 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
| .25 | 2.75 | 20.00 |
| .25 | 2.75 | 20.00 |
| .20 | 2.25 | 16.00 |
| .25 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .25 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
| .25 | 2.50 | 18.00 |

## VIOLET.

| Each | Doz. | 100 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 2.75$ | $\$ 18.00$ |
| .20 | 2.25 | 16.00 |
| .25 | 2.75 | 20.00 |
| .20 | 2.25 | 16.00 |
| .25 | 2.75 | 20.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .20 | 2.00 | 14.00 |
| .25 | 2.50 | 18.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .20 | 2.25 | 16.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .20 | 2.25 | 16.00 |
| .20 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| .20 | 2.00 | 14.00 |
| .25 | 2.50 | 17.00 |
| .25 | 2.50 | 16.00 |



Single Pink Hyacinth, Pink Perfection.
Our collection of Hardy Perennials is unsurpassed.
See pages 24=32.

## EARLY ROMAN HYACINTHS.

These beautiful Hyacinths are indispensable to the florist in his Autumn and Winter cut-flower work; while to the amateur they are among the most easily cultivated and most satisfactcry of flowering bulbs. The white variety, if planted early in September and gently forced, will bloom in November; the others require from two or three weeks longer.

When grown in pots or pans they are most effective planted in groups of six or more bulbs in each.
White. Extra Large. $\$ 1.10$ per doz.; $\$ 8.00$ per 100; $\$ 75.00$ per 1,000 .
White. Mammoth. $\$ 1.35$ per doz.; $\$ 10.00$ per 100; $\$ 90.00$ per 1,000 .
Pink. 85 cents per doz.; $\$ 6.50$ per $100 ; \$ 60.00$ per 1,000 .
Light Blue. 85 cents per doz.; 86.50 per $100 ; \$ 60.00$ per 1,000 .
White Italian or Parisian. These are about a fortnight later than the Early White Roman Hyacinths and the blossoms somewhat larger. They are very useful for forcing, being fragrant and decorative. 85 cents per doz.; $\$ 6.50$ per 100; $\$ 60.00$ per 1,000 .

## FARQUHAR'S SINGLE EARLY TULIPS.

## If by Parcel Post add postage at zone rates; weight per 100, 7 lbs.

Tulips are such universal favorites that it is scarcely necessary to dwell upon their merits here. In them we possess a range of colors and combination of shades which no other class affords; besides, the standard sorts are so reasonable in price that they can now be planted in quantity. For bedding, pot culture and forcing for cut flowers in winter they are invaluable

 before the ground freezes. For pots, six to eight bulbs in a 7 inch pan is very satisfactory


Farquhar's Rainbow Mixture Single Early Tulips, at the Harvard University Botanic Garden, Cambridge, Mass.
FARQUHAR'S RAINBOW MIXTURE. The varieties included in this mixture are grown separately, and are all popular large-flowered bedding sorts of decided merit. The colors are carefully proportioned, and include white, yellow, pink, scarlet, crimson and many beautiful shades and combinations of these colors. The sorts are selected to flower at nearly the same time and with slight variation in height. For massed beds and grouping our Rainbow Mixture is unsurpassed. The bulbs offered are of the largest size and finest quality. 60 cents per doz.; $\$ 4.00$ per 100; $\$ 38.00$ per 1,000 .
SUPERFINE MIXTURE. Extra quality bulbs in many beautiful and varied sorts, flowering nearly together. 50 cents per doz.; $\$ 3.50$ per 100 ; $\$ 32.00$ per 1,000 .

## FARQUHAR'S NAMED SINGLE EARLY TULIPS.

The letters A., B., C. following the varieties indicate the relative time of flowering and the figures the average height in inches. Those marked * are the best for forcing.

## WHITE

*La Reine. (Queen Victoria.) A. 11. A charming flower, white, lightly shaded with rose; splendid for both bedding and forcing
*Joost van Vondel White. (Lady Boreel.) A 12. The largest and most beautiful pure white sort, excellent for bedding and forcing, two or three days later than other Single Early Tulips
*Pottebakker White. A. 14. This has long been regarded as the standard White Tulip. It is most satisfactory for both bedding and forcing.
*Princess Helene. A. 10 . A lovely, large pure white egg-shaped flower.
*White Hawk. (Albion.) A. 14. Pure white, robust habit and large flower; one of the best
White Swan. C. 14. Pure white, large egg-shaped flowers; very late

| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0.75$ | $\$ 5.50$ | $\$ 50.00$ |
|  |  |  |
| .85 | 6.00 | 56.00 |
| .85 | 6.00 | 58.00 |
| .60 | 4.25 | 40.00 |
| .75 | 5.75 | 55.00 |
| .60 | 4.25 | 40.00 |

## YELLOW.

*Chrysolora. A. 11. Pure yellow; large flower;
one of the best for bedding; forces well
*Gold Fineh. B. 11. A pure golden-yellow, form of Yellow Prince; forces easily and early and stands well when cut
Golden Queen. A. 13. Pure yellow; very large flower. A grand new sort
*Mon Tresor. A. 12. Rich golden-yellow; large and perfect form
Rising Sun. (New.) B. 15. Deep golden-yellow; enormous flowers of great substance. 30 cts . each.
*Yellow Prince. B. 11. Bright yellow, frequently feathered red; sweet scented; excellent for forcing and bedding
ara

| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0.65$ | $\$ 5.00$ | $\$ 48.00$ |
| .75 | 5.50 | 50.00 |
| .85 | 6.00 | 58.00 |
| 1.00 | 8.00 | . |
| 3.00 | 24.00 |  |
|  |  |  |
| .75 | 5.50 | 50.00 |



Single Early Tulip, Joost van Vondel White.

## ORANGE AND ORANGE-RED.

*Duchess of Parma. B. 14. Red, edged with yellow; $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Doz. } \\ & \text { large flower }\end{aligned} \$ 0.65\right.$
McKinley. (New.) B. 12. Orange-red, shading to carmine. Very distinct Tulip; fine for forcing . *Prince of Austria. B. 14. Rich orange-red; fine bedder; sweet scented; extensively used in Boston Public Garden
Thomas Moore. B. 14 . Orange; sweet scented;
very handsome and effective for bedding

## PINK.

*Cottage Maid. A. 9. Lovely rose-pink, shade with white; excellent for forcing and bedding
Cullinan. (New.) B. 13. A beautiful new sport of White Hawk; flowers white, beautifully feathered with pink. Extra fine for bedding
*Flamingo. B. 12. Large globular flowers, the ground white, but almost entirely covered with bright rosyred; extremely beautiful; fine forcer
*Le Matelas. A. 12. Silvery-pink, tipped white; large flower
*Pink Beauty. B. 13. A lovely new sort, glowing rose-pink, outer petals flushed white
$1.00 \quad 7$
100
7.50
$85 \quad 6.00$
58.00
$.65 \quad 5.00$
48.00

Queen of the Netherlands
satiny pink flowers of large orlobular for finest Tulips
Queen of Pinks. ( Princess ${ }^{\circ}$ Withelmina.). ${ }^{\text {A. }} 13$. Deep pink with striking white flush on outer petals. . Rose Luisante. A. 10. Beautiful deep rose; fine

| .85 | 6.00 | 58.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 100 | 1,000 |
| :--- | :--- | $\$ 4.50 \quad \$ 42.00$

8.75
8.75
$\rightarrow=$
bedding Tulip

Single Early Tulip, Pink Beauty.


FARQUHAR'S NAMED SINGLE EARLY TULIPS.-Continued.


Single Early Tulip, Grand Duc.

## ROSE AND CARMINE-ROSE.

La Reve. C. 13. (American Lac;) (Hobbema;) (Sarah Bernhardt.) Large globular flowers of soft-rose shading to apricot. Excellent Tulip for late bedding or forcing *Proserpine. A. 13. Brilliant carmine-rose; very large blooms, often two on stem; a gorgeous Tulip, lasting long in bloom
Stanley. A, 12. Bright rosy-carmine; brilliant shade.

| Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1.75$ | $\$ 13.50$ |
| 1.25 | 9.00 |
| 65 | 5.00 |

## SCARLET AND BRIGHT RED.

Artus. B. 12. Bright scarlet.
Belle Alliance. A. 10. Brilliant deep scarlet; large flower.
La Grandeur. ㄹ. ${ }^{\circ}$. Bright scarlet; very large flower; one of the most beautiful Tulips
*Pottebakker Scarlet. B. 13. Rich scarlet
Sir Thomas Lipton. (General Guild.) A. 14. Deep scarlet, enormous flower; the largest scarlet sort
*Vermillion Brilliant. A. 12. Dazzling scarlet; one of the best red sorts for both forcing and bedding

## RED AND YELLOW

[^0] play.

## ROSE AND WHITE.

*Joost van Vondel Striped. A. 12. Deep rose, Doz. $100 \mid 1,000$ flaked with white . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0.60$ \$4.00 $\$ 38.00$

## PURPLE AND VIOLET.

 violet, with lighter edge

## FARQUHAR'S SUPERB SINGLE BEDDING TULIPS.

These are especially adapted to bedding purposes and design planting. The most effective colors have been chosen for producing a brilliant dis-



Single Early Tulip, Flamingo.

## DOUBLE TULIPS.

If by Parcel Post, add postage at zone rates; weight per 100, 7 lbs.

AVERY ornamental and useful class, flowering usually about ten days or two weeks later than the Single Early Tulips. They are deservedly popular for bedding in both public and private grounds, the large paeony-like blossoms being highly decorative and of long duration.

Farquhar's Rainbow Mixture. This mixture is composed of the best named sorts of bedding Double Tulips, grown separately and put together in studied proportions, and contains a liberal allowance of the showy light colors. Per doz., 60 cts.; per $100, \$ 4.50$; per $1,000, \$ 42.00$.

## NAMED DOUBLE TULIPS.

Double Tulips should be planted one sort in each bed, as grouping different varieties does not produce such a good effect. The varieties marked 1 generally begin to flower the last week in April, those marked 2 about one week later, and the latest to bloom are marked 3. The figures following the names indicate the average height in inches. Those marked $*$ are the best for forcing.

BLUE.
3 Blue Flag. (Blou celeste.)
16. Violet-blue

## WHITE.

1 *Boule de Neige. 10. Pure white; very large and full 2 Schoonoord. Pure white sport of Murillo.

## YELLOW.

2 Brimstone Beauty. (Saffrano.) Soft, pale yellow, shaded ${ }_{*}{ }^{*}$ Golden King. 12. Canary-yellow; very large
1 *Golden King. 12. Canary-yellow; very large
1 *Crown of Gold. (Couronne d'or.) 11. Rich goldenyellow; very double
2 *Tournesol Yellow. 11. Bright yellow, shaded with
orange
2 *Velasquez. 12. Pure yellow; excellent for forcing
RED AND YELLOW.
2 *Tournesol. 11. Bright scarlet, edged yellow

## PINK.

1 Crown of Roses. 11. Rich, rosy-carmine; very double; a magnificent Tulip
10. Satiny cherry-rose
$2{ }^{*}$ Murillo. 10. Blush white, shading to rose
2 Queen Emma. 11. Brilliant cherry-rose, centre of petals striped white

## SCARLET AND CRIMSON.

3 Cochineal. 10. Brilliant scarlet
2 *Imperator Rubrorum. 12. Bright scarlet, yellow centre; large and very double 2 Rubra Maxima. 10. Crimson-scarlet; large


Breeder Tulip, Bronze Queen.



Double Tulip, Murillo.

## PARROT TULIPS.

A distinct species of late-flowering Tulips, producing enormous flowers of most brilliant colors and interesting forms. The flowers before opening resemble the neck of a Parrot, and the petals are curiously cut or fringed. These Tulips are exceedingly showy and worthy of more general cultivation.

## Admiral of Constantinople. Dark red; large flowers

Cafe Brun. Coffee color and yellow
Carmoise Brilliant. Dazzling scarlet; very fine
Lutea Major. Bright yellow, sometimes streaked red
Markgraaf. Yellow, scarlet and green stiped; large
Perfecta. Red and yellow striped
Finest Mixture. All colors of Parrot Tulips

| Doz. | 100 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 4.50$ |
| .60 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 4.50 |

## DUTCH BREEDER TULIPS.

## If by Parcel Post, add postage at zone rates; weight per 100, 7 lbs.

The Breeders are the unbroken forms of the old Florist Tulips and in appearance are similar to the Darwins. They are of vigorous growth, producing immense flowers on long stems, the colors running mostly in shades of brown, bronze and purple.

Bronze Queen. Soft buff, inside tinged golden-bronze
Cardinal Manning. (Kingscourt.) Dull wine-red; flushed rosy-brown
Chestnut. (La Nuit.) Dark chestnut-brown.
Dom Pedro. Coffee-brown shaded maroon inside rich mahogany
Fairy. (Panorama.) Reddish mahogany, with bronze shading
Feu Ardent. Brilliant fiery-red, with mahogany shading
Lucifer. Bright reddish-orange
Medea. Crushed strawberry, shaded heliotrope; yellow centre
Sunset. (Prince of Orange.) Handsome bronze-orange, with paler edge, yellow centre
Velvet King. Shining purple
Yellow Perfection. (Old Gold.) Light bronze-yellow margined golden-yellow; distinct and attractive

| Doz. | 100 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.85$ | $\$ 6.50$ |
| .85 | 6.00 |
| .90 | 7.00 |
| 6.00 |  |
| 1.75 | 14.00 |
| 1.15 | 8.50 |
| 1.75 | 14.00 |
| .60 | 4.75 |
| 1.00 | 7.00 |
| 3.50 | 25.00 |
| .85 | 6.50 |
| .50 | 4.00 |

## FARQUHAR'S DARWIN TULIPS.

If by Parcel Post, add postage at zone rates; weight per 100, 7 los.

THE colors range from the palest lilac to purplish black, including shades of rose, scarlet, crimson, violet, brown, white, etc. The Darwin Tulips are the strongest race of all, their massive leaves being often eight inches broad and frequently grow two to three feet in height. They bloom with the Columbines, three or four weeks after the Single Early Tulips. Clumps of them along the edge of shrubbery and in hardy plant borders are very effec-

## ROSE AND SALMON SHADES.

| Baron de la Tonnaye. 2. Intense cerise mar gined blush-rose; base white tinged blue | $\begin{aligned} & o z . \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 100 \\ \$ 4.50 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ 542.00 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clara Butt. 3. Exquisite shade of clear pink flushed salmon-rose; a large flower of remarkable beauty. The finest Darwin of its color | 60 | 4.25 | 40.00 |
| Duchess of Westminster. 2. (Yolande.) Bright rose-pink shaded salmon | 3.00 | 24.00 |  |
| Gustave Doré. 4. Bright cerise-pink edged sil very-rose, with white centre | 65 | 5.00 | 48.00 |
| L'Ingenue. 2. Rosy white, striped old rose; very large. | 85 | 6.00 |  |
| *Madame Krelage. 2. Beautiful deep rose margined pale silvery-rose; large flower | 75 | 5.50 | 52.00 |
| Massachusetts. 2. Vivid pink with white centre. One of the best of its color for beds | .75 | 5.50 | 52.00 |
| Nauticus. 1. Glowing dark cerise-rose, centre dark violet shaded bronze. Strong grower | . 60 | 4.25 | 40.00 |
| e. | . 65 | 5.00 | 48. |

## WHITE AND LIGHT PINK SHADES.

| Gretehen. 3. (Margaret.) Delicate flesh-pink, showing deeper pink, inside centre white, marked blue. A very attractive flower of delicate color . | \$0.65 | \$5.00 | \$48.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| La Candeur. 2. (White Queen.) Large globular flowers, opening pale rose and changing to almost white when mature. | 65 | 5.00 | 48.00 |
| Painted Lady. 3. Creamy-white, faintly tinged soft heliotrope when opening | . 60 | 4.50 | 42.0 |
| uzon. 2. Cream ground delicately flushed with salmon-pink; blue and white centre |  | 5. |  |

## LAVENDER, VIOLET AND PURPLE SHADES.

| Bleu Amiable. Bright violet-purple shaded steel- | Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | blue; inside dark violet-purple $\$ 16.00$

Dream. Soft lilac, large beautiful flower
$.85 \quad 6.00$
*Erguste. 2. Pale violet flushed silvery-white, inside dark violet with white base. Excellent for borders and early forcing
Euterpe. 2. Brilliant clear lilac; beautiful
.85
$6.00 \$ 58.00$
La Tristesse. 3. Dull slaty-blue with white base: very distinct.
Marconi. 3. Large purple-violet with white base; large handsome flower
Moralis. 3. Deep rich plum centre shaded white; distinct and beautiful
Mrs. Potter Palmer. Bright purplish-violet; fine
large flower
7.00
.75
1.00
5.50
.65
$5.00 \quad 48.00$
Philippe De Commines. 1. Velvety purple-masroon
*Rev. H. Ewbank. 2. Vivid heliotrope shaded with lilac; very large and striking flower
6.50
*Wm. Copeland. (Sweet Lavender.) Bright violet; beautiful forcer. Height 24 inches . . . 1.15

## DARK RED AND CRIMSON SHADES.

| Donders. 2. Dark crimson-red with white centre marked blue. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Doz. } \\ \$ 0.60 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \$ 4.50 \end{aligned}$ | 1.000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *King Harold. (Mahony.) 3. A large handsome flower of deep ox-blood red . | 65 | 5.00 | \$48.00 |
| Millet. 3. Dark bronzy-red. | . 60 | 4.50 |  |
| Whistler. 3. Vivid crimson-scarlet; blue base margined with white . | .75 | 5.50 |  |

## FARQUHAR'S DARWIN TULIPS.-Continued.



Darwin Tulip, Pride of Haarlem.

## BRIGHT RED AND SCARLET SHADES.

| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0.85$ | $\$ 6.00$ | 1 |
| 1.25 | 10.00 |  |
| .85 | 6.00 | $\$ 58.00$ |
| .65 | 5.00 | 48.00 |
| .65 | 4.75 | 45.00 |
| .85 | 6.00 | 58.00 |
| .65 | 5.00 |  |
| .65 | 5.00 | 48.00 |
| .65 | 5.00 | 48.00 |
| .60 | 4.75 |  |
| .85 | 6.00 | 58.00 |
| .60 | 4.75 |  |
| 1.25 | 10.00 |  |
| .60 | 4.50 | $4.50 \mid$ |
| .60 |  |  |



Darwin Tulip, William Copeland.

## FARQUHAR'S SINGLE MAY FLOWERING OR COTTAGE GARDEN TULIPS.

The May-Flowering Tulips are usually in full bloom about Memorial Day and generally last well into June. Not only do they prolong the Tulin season, but in grandeur of form and richness of their colors surpass most of the earlier classes. They are splendid subjects for natural plantations, for ciumps in herbaceous perennial borders as well as for formal beds. For cutting they are even better than the early tulips-the flowers being stronger and lasting longer.

If by Parcel Post, add postage at zone rates; weight per 100, 7 lbs .


No. 1 Mrs. Moon. No. 2 Moonlight.

Bouton d'Or. (Ida.) Deep golden-yellow; Doz. $|100| 1,000$ globe-shaped flowers of medium size; excellent for cutting
Elegans. Brilliant crimson with elegantly reflexed petals
Elegans Alba. A beautiful, large creamywhite sort with reflexed petals, margined rosy-red
Fulgens. Bright crimson with white centre; long reflexed petals; tall and very showy
Gesneriana Major. Very large flowers, brilliant scarlet with blue-black centre; lasts several weeks. An excellent bedding Tulip
Gesneriana Aurantiaca. (Orange Beauty.) Rich orange-red; a very showy variety

| Doz. | 100 | 1.000 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.50$ | $\$ 4.00$ | $\$ 38.00$ |
| .60 | 4.25 | 40.00 |
| .85 | 6.50 |  |
| .60 | 4.50 |  |
| .60 | 4.50 | 42.00 |
| .60 | 4.50 |  |



| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 4.75$ |  |
| .60 | 4.25 |  |
| .85 | 6.00 |  |
| .60 | 4.50 |  |
| .65 | 5.00 |  |
| .75 | 6.00 | $\$ 58.00$ |
| 1.00 | 7.50 |  |
| .60 | 4.50 |  |
| .60 | 4.25 |  |
| .65 | 5.00 |  |
| .85 | 6.50 |  |
| .65 | 5.00 |  |
| .60 | 4.50 |  |
| .65 | 5.00 |  |
| .85 | 6.50 |  |
| .60 | 4.50 |  |
| .65 | 5.00 |  |
| .60 | 4.25 | 40.00 |
| .65 | 5.00 |  |
| .50 | 4.00 | 38.00 |



May Flowering Tulip, Gesneriana Lutea.

## NARCISSI AND DAFFODILS.

## If by Parcel Post, add postage at zone rates; $2 \mathrm{lbs} . \operatorname{per}$ doz.; $12 \mathrm{lbs} . \operatorname{per} 100$.

For Clumps in Hardy Plant Borders. Groups of Daffodils in borders of hardy herbaceous plants and along the edges of shrubbery beds are exceedingly effective and delicately beautiful.

For Greenhouse Culture. They may be planted in pots or bulb pans six inches or more in diameter, several bulbs in each, according to size, and treated in the same manner as Hyacinths.

## NEW LARGE TRUMPET NARCISSUS. John Farquhar.

A magnificent, new Daffodil of the Van Waveren's Giant form. The flowers are of gigantic size, being carried at a higher angle than any other variety; trumpet large and beautifully frilled; color an uniform, rich deep yellow. 60 cts. , each; $\$ 6.00$ per dozen.

## LARGE TRUMPET DAFFODILS. <br> (Narcissus Ajax.)

Trumpet or crown as long as, or longer than the perianth segments.

Cornelia. An improved Emperor with deep golden trumpet and broad yellow perianth
Duke of Bedford. A magnificent new bi-color of immense size and substance. White perianth and long wide-mouthed trumpet of deep yellow. 75 cts. each
Emperor. Immense flower; trumpet clear goldenyellow; perianth deep primrose, often three-and-ahalf inches across; fine forcing sort
Empress. Very large, reflexed, rich yellow trumpet, broad white perianth of great substance; one of the finest Daffodils; forces well
Glory of Leiden. Clear yellow; one of the largest of the Giant Trumpet varieties. A fine exhibition sort. Awarded first-class certificate, R. H. S. London
Glory of Noordwijk. Very large chrome yellow trumpet; perianth creamy-white; fine for ex-
Golden Spur. Very large and fine flower; immense golden trumpet reflexed at the lip; perianth very broad; a splendid forcing variety

| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1.50$ | $\$ 12.00$ |  |
| 7.50 |  |  |
| 1.00 | 7.50 | $\$ 70.00$ |
| 1.00 | 7.50 | 70.00 |
| 1.15 | 8.50 |  |
| 1.50 | 12.00 |  |
| .60 | 4.75 | 45.00 |



Narcissus, Empress.


## LARGE TRUMPET DAFFODILS.-Continued.

Henry Irving. A noble flower of rich golden-yellow; trumpet large and wide, recurved at the lip; petals of the perianth broad and overlapping; very handsome King Alfred. The finest yellow Daffodil; enormous flowers of deep golden-yellow throughout. 50 cts . each
Madame de Graaff. The largest and finest White Trumpet Daffodil. The trumpet on opening is pale primrose, but the whole flower soon becomes pure white. It is excellent for forcing in pans
Madame Plemp. Large pure white perianth; goldenyellow trumpet; very large, well-formed flowers Obvallaris. (Tenby Daffodil.) Pure bright yellow; erect-growing sort, fine form, with wide trumpet and broad perianth; very early; excellent for forcing and bedding
Olympia. Perianth light chrome-yellow; trumpet deep chrome-yellow. A very large flower of remarkable substance; fine exhibition sort. 35 cts. each
Princeps Maximus. A favorite forcing sort. It is very early, of good substance, and keeps well when cut. The trumpet is of large size and deep yellow; perianth pale primose. Splendid for forcing and cutting

| $\$ .75$ | $\$ 5.50$ | $\$ 52.00$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5.00 | 40.00 |  |
| 1.15 | 8.50 |  |
| .85 | 6.00 |  |
| .60 | 4.75 | 45.00 |
| 3.50 | 25.00 |  |
|  |  |  |
| .65 | 5.00 | 48.00 |
| 1.00 | 7.50 |  |

Silver spur. A new variety blooming as early as Golden Spur, but resembling Empress in color, form and constitution

Six bulbs of one variety sold at dozen rate: 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1.000 rate.

## NARCISSI.—Continued.

## LARGE TRUMPET DAFFODILS.-Continued.

Spring Glory. A fine flower with broad white peri-| Doz. $|$| Sto | 1000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | anth and large trumpet of deep chrome yellow; a strong grower. 35 cts . each . Trumpet Daffodils,

Spurius. One of the finest Trumpet Dattodis, self-colored; clear yellow; large wide-mouth trumpet; excellent forcing and bedding sort
Trumpet Major. (Dutch Grown.) Trumpet and perianth deep golden-yellow; very effective. The most popular Daffodil for both forcing and bedding
Trumpet Major. (French Grown.) These are not so strong as the Dutch grown Narcissi, but are valuable for very early forcing. For Christmas forcing they should be potted in September
Maximus, or Hale's Beaten Gold. Fragrant flowers of immense size and rich golden-yellow color; trumpet bell-shaped and gracefully recurved
Vanilla. Large, bold, yellow trumpet and sulphuryellow perianth; very tall. Flowers have the odor of vanilla
Victoria. Bold, erect, clear yellow trumpet of large size, and beautifully frilled at the mouth; perianth creamy-white, broad and of good substance
Van Waveren's Giant. The largest of all trumpets; flowers of immense size. Perianth primrose and of campanulate form, trumpet bright yellow with large, open mouth. 35 cts. each
Weardale Perfection. A strikingly beautiful bicolor Daffodil, with large, white perianth and soft, primrose trumpet of immense size. Blooms have been exhibited measuring 5 inches across. 50 cts . each

| $\$ 3.50$ | $\$ 25.00$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .60 | 4.75 | $\$ 45.00$ |
| .60 | 4.75 | 45.00 |
| .50 | 3.50 | 32.00 |
| .85 | 6.50 |  |
| 1.00 | 8.00 |  |
| .65 | 5.00 | 45.00 |
| 3.50 | 25.00 |  |
| 5.00 |  |  |



Narcissus Incomparabilis, Sir Watkin..


Narcissus Leedsii, Minnie Hume.

## INCOMPARABILIS DAFFODILS.

(Narcissus Incomparabilis.)

## LARGE CHALICE-CUPPED OR STAR NARCISSI.

Cup or crown measuring from one-third to nearly equal the length of the perianth segments.

| Autocrat. Large, full yellow perianth: cup yel- Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | low, broad and well expanded . . . $\$ 0.60$ \$4.25

Frank Miles. Handsome variety of soft, clear yellow; twisted perianth
Gloria Mundi. A grand flower with clear yellow perianth; and broad, well-expanded orangescarlet cup
Lucifer. Perianth white; cup an intense, glowing orange-red
Simplex. Single, early-flowering yellow variety; fine tor forcing and cutting
Sir Watkin. (Giant Welsh Daffodil.) Large primrose perianth, frequently over 5 inches across; cup rich golden-yellow, elegantly fringed; a magnificent variety, invaluable for all purposes .
Stella. Pure white perianth, with bright yellow crown; very early and easily forced

| .60 | 4.50 |
| :--- | :--- |


| .85 | 6.50 |
| :--- | :--- |

$\$ 5 \quad 6.00$
$.60 \quad 4.25$
$85 \quad 7.00 \quad 868.00$
$.50 \cdot 4.00!38.00$

## NARCISSI.-Continued.

## BARRII DAFFODILS. (Narcissus Barrii.) SHORT-CUPPED OR STAR NARCISSI.

Cup or crown measuring less than one-third the length of the perianth segments. Conspicuus. Large, broad spreading perianth, primrose- Doz. yellow; crown yellow, conspicuously edged with orangescarlet; unexcelled for cutting and lasts long in water atter being cut

| $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 4.75$ | $\$ 45.00$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .75 | 5.50 |  |
| 85 | 6.00 |  |

Lady Godiva. Perianth white, cup large and heavily stained, bright orange-scarlet; large, handsome flower
Seagull. An exceedingly charming flower with large, spreading, pure white perianth; cup canary-yellow edged apricot

## LEEDSII DAFFODILS. (Narcissus Leedsii.) <br> EUCHARIS FLOWERED OR SILVER-WHITE FRAGRANT STAR NARCISSI.

Comprising all the chalice-cupped and short-cupped Narcissi having white perianth and cup or crown of white, cream or pale yellow.
Duchess of Westminster. Large opure white perianth, Doz. $_{\text {D }}|100| 1,000$ long soft canary-yellow cup, tinged with orange; an exquisite flower
$\$ 0.85 \$ 6.50$
Minnie Hume. Large white perianth; spreading cup, passing from lemon to white
Mrs. Langtry. A lovely free-blooming Daffodil which should be largely grown out of doors. The flowers have a broad white perianth, with the cup white or pale primrose
White Lady. A charming flower with a broad white perianth of perfect form; cup very pale canary-yellow and beautifully frilled; a grand cutting variety and lasts long in water after being cut.

$$
\begin{array}{l|l}
.85 & 6.00
\end{array}
$$



Narcissus, Poeticus Ornatus.


No. 1 Barrii conspicuus. No. 2 Incomparabilis Cynosure. No. 3 Incomparabilis Autocrat.

## NARCISSUS POETICUS. (True Poet's Narcissi.)

These "Poet's" Daffodils all have snowy-white perianth and flattened yellow crown more or less deeply colored with scarlet or crimson.

Poeticus. (Pheasant's Eye or Poet's Narcissus.) Doz. $\left.\right|_{100} ^{1,000}$ Pure white with red crown; very fragrant; excellent for forcing and cutting. For naturalizing in woodlands and wild gardens this is one of the very best sorts; it is perfectly hardy and will thrive in almost any situation where not exposed to high winds
King Edward VII. (Almira.) Broad, pure white perianth with cup canary-yellow, with orangescarlet crown
Glory of Lisse. An improved form of Pocticus ornatus; an unusually fine flower
Ornatus. Large symmetrical flowers; broad white perianth with red crown; very early; beautiful and valuable for forcing and cutting .
$75 \quad 5.50$
$75 \quad 5.50$
$50: 3.75: 35.00$


Narcissus, Double Von Sion.

## DOUBLE DAFFODILS OR NARCISSI.

Von Sion. (Telamonious Plenus.) The renowned "Old| Doz. Double Yellow Daffodil." Flowers deep golden-yellow; large and very decorative; the most extensively grown of all Daffodils for florists' use. They are seen to great advantage when planted in clumps in permanent borders or shrubberies, where they can be left undisturbed for several years. Double Nosed Bulbs, extra large Single Nosed Bulbs, extra large
Alba Plena Odorata. (Double Poet's or Gardenia-flowered Narcissus.) Large double pure white flowers, in sweetness and purity rivalling Gardenia blossoms; valuable for cutting
Incomparabilis Plenus. (Butter and Eggs.) Large double, yellow flowers, with orange centre; excellent for forcing, for Winter cutting and for Spring flowering in the open ground
Orange Phœenix. (Eggs and Bacon.) Large, double white flowers, with rich orange segments in the centre; very effective and desirable for both forcing and outdoor planting
Sulphur or Silver Phœnix. (Codlins and Cream.) One of the finest double sorts, with large pale creamy white fragrant flowers; excellent for pot culture

## FARQUHAR'S POLYANTHUS NARCISSI.

If by Parcel Post, add postage at zone rates; 2 lbs. per doz.; 12 lbs. per 100.
A very decorative class of bulbous plants for green-house and window cultivation, but not hardy out-of-doors in our climate. They produce enormous trusses of delicately fragrant flowers, varying in color from snowy white to deep yellow. Treat the bulbs in the same manner as noted for Hyacinths, except that the bulbs should be set half an inch deeper in the soil.
Early Large-Flowering Paper White. The largest, and most vigorous form of the Paper White; the best of all for very early forcing; pure white. They can also be grown in water with pebbles in shallow dishes and
 Mammoth Bulbs $\because$. . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0.60 \% 8.00 ~ \$ 38.00$ Extra Large Bulbs
Early Double Roman. "White with deep yellow cup; large flower trusses; excellent for early forcing.
Grand Soleil d'Or. Yellow with orange cup
Grand Monarque. Pure white with lemon cup; large flower and truss
Mont Cenis. Pure white; yellow cup

| $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 4.00$ | $\$ 38.00$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .50 | 3.50 | 32.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .45 | 3.00 | 27.00 |
| .85 | 6.00 | 58.00 |
| .90 | 7.00 |  |
| .90 | 7.00 |  |

## NARCISSI POETAZ HYBRIDS.

These new hybrids are the result of a cross between Poeticus Ornatus and Polyanthus Varieties, and are strong, healthy growers. They have the delicious fragrance of the former, combined with the free-flowering qualities of the latter, each stem carrying from three to six flowers. The bulbs are quite hardy and if planted in permanent groups in the hardy garden soon form large, luxuriant clumps. They can also be grown in pots for Winter flowering.
Alsace. Pure white with canary-yellow cup; fine for forcing. $\$ 1.00$ per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
Aspasia. White with pure yellow cup; very large. 65 cents per doz.; $\$ 5.00$ per 100.
Bouquet Enorme. A superb variety, bearing 5 to 6 flowers to a stem; large white perianth, cup yellow. \$1.25 per doz.; $\$ 10.00$ per 100 .
Elvira. A large flower of remarkable substance; fine for cutting; color pure white with yellow cup. 65 cents per doz.; $\$ 5.00$ per 100 .
Irene. Perianth sulphur-yellow with orange cup; large flower trusses. \$1.00 per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .

| \$1.00 | \$7.50 | \$72.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . 75 | 5.50 | 52.00 |
| . 60 | 4.25 | 40.00 |
| . 60 | 4.75 |  |
| . 85 | 6.00 |  |
| . 85 | 6.00 |  |

## NARCISSUS JONQUILLA OR JONQUILS.

The delicately graceful forms, delicious fragrance and deep yellow color of their blossoms have made the Jonquils favorites. Plant six or eight bulbs in a six-inch bulb pan, covering the crowns half an inch, and treat them in the same manner suggested for Hyacinths.

Double, Sweet Scented. Fine deep yellow; fragrant
Single, Sweet Scented. Deep yellow; free blooming
Rugulosus. Rich yellow; very fragrant; the largest Jonquil; fine for cutting
Campernelle. Large, deep yellow flowers, excellent for cutting

| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80.60 | 84.25 |  |
| .50 | 3.50 | $\$ 32.00$ |
|  |  |  |
| .60 | 4.25 |  |
| .60 | 4.25 |  |



Polyanthus Narcissus, Paper White.

## CROCUSES.

[^1] when combined with Daffodils, and other Spring flowers. For a natural effect they can be seattered in handfuls and planted where they lie. ('rocuses may also be grown indoors either in pots or bulb pans in loam, or in dishes filled with wet moss in which the bulbs are set closely, half an inch

If by Parcel Post, add postage at zone rates; weight 3 lbs. per 100.

## STRIPED.

 lilac; very large. White, striped with lilac; large and free-
$\begin{gathered}\text { ir Walter Scott. } \\ \text { blooming }\end{gathered}$ blooming

## YELLOW

Golden-Yellow. Mammoth Bulbs. Very large bulbs, Doz. $|$| 100 | 1,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | producing many blossoms; fine for pot culture . . . $\$ 0.40 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 28.00$

## MIXED CROCUSES.

These will be found very useful for extensive planting in Borders, Lawns, Terraces or in masses among trees and shrubs.
Large White. Various shades
Large Blue and Purple. Various shades
Large Striped and Variegated. Various shades Golden-Yellow
Farquhar's Superb Mixture. Mammoth Bulbs
All Colors Mixed.


Calla Lily.

. | Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| . | $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 1.75$ |
| . | $\$ 15.00$ |  |
| .25 | 1.75 | 15.00 |
| . | .25 | 1.75 |
| .30 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| . | .40 | 3.00 |
| .05 | 28.00 |  |
| .25 | 1.75 | 15.00 |



Crocuses in the Rock Garden.

## MISCELLANEOUS BULBS. ACHIMENES. <br> NEW VARIETIES.

These grand new seedlings were raised in New England by a noted hybridizer and far surpass the older varieties in size and beauty of bloom. The plants are very vigorous in growth and exceedingly free-flowering.
Magnifica. Tall, with magnificent flowers of sky blue with white throat.
Swansoni. Mauve, mottled blue with a white throat.
Dainty Queen. Pure white with lavender eye.
Supreme. Mammoth flowers of light blue, white eye.
Per doz., $\$ 1.50$; per 100, $\$ 12.00$.

## STANDARD VARIETIES.

Margherita. Pure white, large-flowered.
Ambroise Verschaffelt. White veined with lilac. $\}$ Per doz., $\$ 1.35$; per $100, \$ 10.00$. Galathea Improved. Violet, large-flowered.

## CALLA LILIES. (Richardia.)

The Godirey. A new ever-blooming variety, producing large white and| Each | Doz. slightly fragrant flowers. The plant is of dwarf compact habit with dark green leaves
$\$ 0.30 \quad \$ 3.00$
White Calla. (R. Ethiopica.) The well-known Lily-of-the-Nile is too well known to require any description. In Winter it is one of our best window plants. Mammoth Roots
Extra Size Roots
Elliottiana. (The Golden Calla.) The flowers are of the same form and size as the White Calla, but are pure golden-yellow color. The foliage is delicately spotted white
$.50: 5.00$
Six bulbs of one variety sold at dozen rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1,000 rate.

## MISCELLANEOUS BULBS.-Continued.



Freesia, Purity.

## FREESIAS.

The gracefully branched, fragrant flowers are of long duration, and being freely produced are profitable for commercial purposes, and satisfactory to amateurs. If planted early they may be had in bloom by Christmas. Plant eight or ten bulbs in a six-inch bulb pan, covering them one inch.
Purity. Mammoth Bulbs. Snowy white Extra Large Bulbs
Fardel's Colored Freesias. In separate shades. Blue, Yellow, Pink.
Mixed Colors.

| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 4.00$ | $\$ 38.00$ |
| .40 | 2.50 | 22.00 |
| e, |  |  |
| 1.25 | 10.00 |  |
| 1.00 | 7.50 |  |

## AMARYLLIS.

In order to obtain fine specimens of Amaryllis, the following method should be observed: On receipt of the bulbs in the Autumn they should be placed where they will be always slightly moist and warm, under the benches of a greenhouse, for example; do not pot up the bulbs before the flower buds appear; when first potted give very little water, and promote growth by giving moderate bottom heat; increase the supply of water as the plants progress. Very often the mistake is made that bulbs are potted up too early; the consequence is that only leaf growth is made. The proper soil for Amaryllis is turfy loam enriched with rotten manure.
Belladonna Major. (Belladonna Lily.) Flowers silvery- Each Doz.
100
white, flushed and tipped with deep rose; extra large bulbs . $\$ 0.20$ \$2.00
$\$ 15.00$
Equestris. (The Barbadoes Lily.) Scarlet, with broad white stripes; free bloonaer
Formosissima. (JacobeanLily.) Dark crimson
Hippeastrum, New Hybrids. (Vittata.) The finest race of Amaryllis in cultivation; exceeding in the size and fine form of their flowers, as well as in the diversity of colors and markings, all former hybrids. The segments are of nearly uniform size, giving the flowers a regular trumpet form
Johnsoni. (Bermuda Spice Lily.) Enormous bright crimson flowers with a white stripe through each segment; paagnificent
Hallii. (Lycoris squamigera.) Bright rosy-lilac flowers, fragrant, 3 or 4 inches across, blooms in August. The foliage appears in Spring, disappears in June, and is followed two months later by the naked flowers. Hardy if protected.

## OXALIS.

Lovely little bulbous plants for hanging pots and baskets. The bulbs should be planted an inch deep, six or eight in a 5-inch pot. They need a sunny situation.

| Doz. | 100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | Boweii. Large rosy-crimson flowers and handsome foliage . : $\quad .40$

Grand Duehess Oxalis. These Californian varieties are most desirable for window culture, blooming all Winter. The plants are of dwarf habit, producing exquisite flowers on long stems .
White, Pink and Lavender
$\$ 3.00$ 3.00
2.50

## GLADIOLI GANDIVENSIS.

The following varieties are considered among the best for forcing under glass.
White and Light Shades

| Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

America. Pink
Mrs. Francis King. "Scarlet
Augusta. White .

## TRILLIUMS. (Wood Lily or Trinity Flower.)

Very beautiful, hardy, native plants, delighting in moist, shady situations. Height one foot.

changing to delicate rose. . . . . . $\$ 1.00$ \$8.00 Erectum. The common purple-flowered wood lily; one of the ear-
liest

| 1.00 | 8.00 |
| :--- | :--- |

$1.15 \quad 9.00$

## COLD-STORAGE LILY OF THE VALLEY.

We are prepared to furnish from cold-storage our Selected Lily of the Valley for forcing at any time after March 1st, 1920. Put up in cases of 100 and 250 .

> Price per case of 100. . . . . . . " per case of 250. Prices subject to Market Fluctuation.


## LILIES FOR THE OPEN GROUND.

## If Lilles are wanted by mail, add 5 cents each.



# RARE LILY FROM CHINA 

LILIUM REGALE or MYRIOPHYLLUM

(The Regal Lity.)

This grand new species is acknowledged to be the finest Lily in cultivation. It has received the followng awards:

Gold Medal, Massa= chusetts Horticultural Society.

Gold Medal, National Flower Show, New York.

First Class Cert. International Exhibi= tion, London, 1912.

Field of Lilium regale at our Roslindale Nursery.

Lilium Regale. (Myriophyllum.) (The Regal Lily.) Mr. E. H. Wilson, the famous plant collector, collected for us the original bulbs, in North-Western China. He considers this the finest of all Lilies. It is absolutely hardy, and is excellent for forcing. It has been predicted that this will become the Easter Lily of the future, and being so hardy, may be grown at home. The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade of canaryyellow at the centre, and extending part way up the trumpet. It is delightfully perfumed, reminding one of the Jasmine, and lacking the heavy, oppressive odor of most Lilies. Blooms out-of-doors early in July. Awarded a Gold Medal by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society, and a first-class certificate by the Royal International Exhibition, London, 1912. (Bulbs ready in October.)

Flowering Bulbs. $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.; $\$ 75.00$ per 100.
Extra Large Bulbs. $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per doz.; $\$ 110.00$ per 100.
Auratum. (Golden-rayed Japanese Lily.) Flowers 6 to 8 in. in width, pure white, with a wide band of gold running through the centre of each petal and numerous crimson spots.

Home-Grown Bulbs. These bulbs were grown in our own Nursery on Cape Cod and have shown no signs of disease. 60 cts. each; 86.00 per doz.; $\$ 45.00$ per 100 .
Extra Large Bulbs. 75 cts . each; $\$ 8.00$ per doz. ; $\$ 60.00$ per 100.
Imported Bulbs. 60 cts. each; $\$ 6.00$ per doz.; $\$ 45.00$ per 100.


Lilium auratum.


Batemanni. A most beautiful Japanese variety,
Each Doz.
growing 3 ft . high, with 6 to 8 apricot-colored flowers on a stem; blooms in July and August
Browni stem, booms in rowni. Large trumpet-shaped flowers, interior pure white, exterior purplish-brown; very beautiful Canadense. (Canadian Bell-flower Lily.) One of our most beautiful native lilies, flowers bright yellow, with black spots
Canadense Rubrum. Crimson, spotted with black; 2 to 3 ft ; flowers June and July
Candidum. (Madonna Lily.) The earliest and one of the most beautiful sorts, large trusses of pure white fragrant flowers
Chalcedonicum. (Scarlet Turk's Cap.) Brilliant scarlet recurved flowers; height, 3 ft .; June
Concolor. Brilliant scarlet with black spots; 2 ft . Croceum. (Bulbiferum.) Orange spotted black Elegans Atrosanguineum. (Van Houttei.) Rich deep crimson with dark spots.
Aurantiacum. Multiflorum. Deep yellow, spotted with black
Prince of Orange. (Citrinum.) Apricot
Excelsum. (Isabellinum or Testaceum.) This charming lily grows from 3 to 4 ft . high, each stem carrying from 3 to 12 flowers, rich bluff, delicately spotted crimson, and beautifully reflexed; blooms in June and July
Hansoni. Deep goiden-yellow, spotted crimson, 3 ft .; blooms in June
Henryil. (The Yellow Speciosum.) A beautiful hardy lily from Northern China. The plants are of vigorous growth, frequently attaining a height of 6 feet, each stem carrying from five to eight flowers of a rich, apricot-yellow, spotted with brown Large Home-Grown Bulks
Humboldtii. Reddish-orange, with purple spots; 4 to 5 feet, July; very handsome. The bulbs should be planted 10 inches deep in well-drained soil and mulched during Winter

Krameri. Pure blush pink, fragrant and beautiful trumpet-shaped flowers, 3 ft.; blooms in August
Martagon. Purplish crimson, with dark spots, $\dot{3}$ feet; July and August

Pardalinum. Scarlet shading to yellow; spotted Each

Doz.
100 maroon; 3 feet
Philadelphicum. Bright orange-red, with purple spots; 2 feet; July

| .20 | 2.00 |
| :--- | :--- |

$\$ 2.00$
$\$ 15.00$
Speciosum or Lancifolium. The most pomilar clas
15.00

Speciosum or Lancifolium. The most popular class of Lilies, their hardiness, free growth and branching habit rendering them most valuable for permanent beds and borders. They grow from 3 to 4 feet in height and continue in bloom from August until frost.

| Each | Doz. | 100 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.75$ | $\$ 7.50$ | $\$ 60.00$ |
| .75 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .75 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| .60 | 6.00 | 45.00 |
|  |  |  |
| .15 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| .20 | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| .15 | 1.50 | 10.00 |
| .15 | 1.50 | 12.00 |
| .15 | 1.50 | 9.00 |

## LILIES FOR FORCING.

## If wanted by mail, add 5 cents each.

The bulbs may be potted from August onward in a compost of equal parts turfy loam, leaf mold, rotten cow manure, and sand. It is best to start them in pots not exceeding twice their own diameter, in which they may remain until started eight inches or more. They should be transferred then to larger pots in which to bloom, exercising great care not to disturb the roots or break away the soil from about them, and setting them considerably deeper in the larger pots. This method prevents the soil from becoming sour, and enables the roots forming at the base of the stem to become feeders, greatly increasing the number and size of the blossoms.

## LILIUM CANDIDUM. (Ascension or Madonna Lily.)

These are grown for us in France, and are the large variety, with pure white flowers; excellent both for forcing and open garden.
Mammoth Bulbs, 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.; $\$ 12.50$ per 100.

Mammoth Size. 9 to 11 in. circ., 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.00$ per doz.; $\$ 55.00$ per 100 .

## LILIUM LONGIFLORUM. (Japan Grown.)

18.00 Giganteum. The flowers of this type are of a large size, perfect in form and of superior substance; stems marked black.
Formosum. An early flowering type, blooming as early as the Harrisii. On account of unsettled conditions, we are unable to quote fixed prices on Japanese Lilies at the time of printing this catalogue. Prevailing prices will be charged at time of shipment.
22.00


Lilium speciosum.

## THE ARISTOCRATS OF THE PAEONIES.

## Ten magnificent new varieties never before offered.

T
HE results achieved by years of labor and crossing with the very finest Pæonies then in existence by our Mr. James Farquhar. In these new varieties there can be traced the finest strains of the French and Richardson types.
These varieties are of the highest quality, large size, strong, erect habit and are all more or less scented. Distinguished by their fine form and coloring. They have been highly commented upon by experts, who have seen them, and who claim that they will rank with the very choicest varieties that as yet have been introduced.

We were awarded a Silver Medal by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society on June last for our fine collection. Also First Prize for the finest and largest Pæony in the Show (one of our seedlings).

As our stock of these varieties is limited, orders will be filled strictly in rotation.


Pæony Agnes Keogh.
Agnes Keogh. Large, double, flat compact rose type, of fine clear silvery old-rose pink. $\$ 10.00$ each.

Albert, King of the Belgians. Very large, double, compact rose type, of brilliant deep pink. $\$ 5.00$ each.

Dedham. Monstrous, double, flat rose type. This is the largest fine type of Pæony we have yet seen; color a fine shade of deep pink. \$15.00 each.

Elizabeth, Queen of the Belgians. Large, double, compact rose type, sweetly scented; carries clusters of three and four large flowers, of a lighter shade than Albert. $\$ 5.00$ each.

Mrs. Bayard Thayer. Very large white flowers, occasionally tipped with pink; double rose type. The finest Pæony we have ever introduced. $\$ 15.00$ each.
Mary Pickford. Large, double rose type, of clear light pink, shading to flesh pink. $\$ 5.00$ each.
Massachusetts. Very large, fine, full double rose type; deep pink, slightly shading to rose pink. $\$ 10.00$ each.
Mrs. Harry T. Hayward. Large, full, double rose type, a beautiful shade of clear, pure light pink. $\$ 15.00$ each.
Mrs. William Metcalfe. Very large, full, double rose type, deep rose pink; shaded magenta pink. $\$ 5.00$ each.
Pink Beauty. Large, full, double rose type of a lavender-pink color. $\$ 10.00$ each.


Pæony Mrs. Bayard Thayer.

## FARQUHAR'S GOLD-MEDAL PAONIES.

The Gold Medal of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society was awarded to R. \& J. Farquhar \& Co. for a Display of Pæonies, June, 1913.

SEPTEMBER is the best month in which to plant Pæonies, as they then make a root growth before Winter and bloom next Spring, thereby gaining a whole year, as Spring plantings will not flower until a year later.

They require a good rich, deep soil and an abundant supply of water during the growing season. When enriching the ground the use of too much fresh manure near the roots should be avoided. An important point to observe is not to plant too deep. The roots should be planted so that the eyes will be 2 to 3 inches below the surface. Too deep planting is a frequent cause for shy flowering.

Of many sorts we offer 4-year clumps, which are likely to yield from six to ten blooms the first season.

The figure following the name indicates the relative time of flowering.
Walter Faxon. We are now in a position to offer a limited quantity of this handsome variety which is considered by many Pæony experts to be one of the finest of the Richardson seedlings. The large blooms are of the globular semi-rose type, color a uniform bright rose deepening towards the centre; fragrant and free-bloomer.
$\$ 5.00$ each.
Albert Crousse. Large rose type, full double flowers, of light salmon-pink. \$1.50 each.
Arthemise. 2. Pale violet-rose guards and crown; collar light pink; fragrant. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. 4 -year clumps, $\$ 3.50$ each; $\$ 35.00$ per doz.
Asa Gray. A very distinct variety of medium height and habit. Pale lilac dotted with deeper lilac; large semi-rose type; fragrant. $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
Baroness Schroeder. 2. Very large double globular flowers, blush-pink, shading to white. Very vigorous, free bloomer. One of the best. $\$ 2.00$ each.
Couronne d'or. 3. Pure white globular flowers, with amber-yellow stamens; centre petals tipped carmine. Strong grower; fragrant. $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per doz. 4 -year clumps, $\$ 4.00$ each.
Dorchester. 3. Rose type; large and compact. Pale hydrangea-pink. A free bloomer and fragrant. $\$ 1.50$ each.
Dr. Brettonneau. (Verdier.) 2. Medium to large, pale lilac-rose, bomb shape; sometimes flecked crimson. Vigorous grower, fragrant. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Duchess de Nemours. (Calot.) 2. Medium-sized pure white bloom. Strong, free bloomer. A fine cutting variety. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. 4 -year clumps, $\$ 3.50$ each; $\$ 35.00$ per doz.
Duke of Wellington. 2. Large, bomb type. Guards white; centre creamy-yellow. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Eugene Verdier. 2. Large rose type; light pink, guard petals silverywhite. $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
Faust. 2. Globular blooms of medium size. Guards and crown hydran-gea-pink; narrow collar, petals creamy-yellow. 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Felix Crousse. 2. Large globular bloom. Brilliant red and a free bloomer. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Festiva Maxima. 1. Very large, full rose type, pure white centre, petals tipped with bright crimson. The most popular white variety for cut flowers. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. 4 -year clumps, $\$ 3.50$ each; $\$ 35.00$ per doz.
Fragrantissima. 2. Medium-sized globular crown. Bright cherryred, fragrant. 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz. 4 -year clumps, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 16.00$ per doz.
Francois Ortegat. 2. Large semi-rose type. Dark amaranth-red. Medium height, compact bush. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
General Cavaignac. 2. Large, globular semi-rose type. Light violetrose, centre splashed crimson. Tall, erect; free bloomer. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.


## Pæony Walter Faxon.

Humei. 3. Large compact bloom, rose type. Cherry-pink; fragrant 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Humei carnea. 2. Large guard petals of deep pink; centre salmonpink. 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz. - 4 -year clumps, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 16.00$ per doz.
La Tulipe. 2. Large semi-rose type. Pale pink, guard petals bordered carmine. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
L. B. Hayes. 2. Deep rose-pink, shading lighter at edge; rose type. Good grower and a free bloomer. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
L'Eclatante. Tyrian-rose of very large, compact bomb type, strong and of medium height. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
L'Indispensable. 3. Large rose-type flowers of creamy-white; centre pale rose. $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per doz.
La Rosiere. 2. Large, flat semi-double. Pure white, shading to creamwhite in the centre. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Linne. 2. Bright cherry-red. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz. 4-year clumps, $\$ 2.50$ each; $\$ 25.00$ per doz.
Louis Van Houtte. 2. Medium-sized bloom, semi-rose type. Deep carmine-rose, with fiery reflex; medium height; fragrant. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Madame Bucquet. A very brilliant, large, loose, semi-rose type of uniform deep crimson-amaranth; very free bloomer; strong, upright and of medium height. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Madame de Verneville. 1. Very large, perfect bomb-shaped bloom. Pure white with centre petals blush, tipped carmine. Medium height; strong. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. 4 -year clumps, $\$ 3.50$ each; $\$ 35.00$ per doz.
Madame Coste. 1. Medium-sized bloom, bomb type. Guard petals and centre hydrangea-pink, flecked crimson. Medium height; free bloomer. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

## GOLD MEDAL PAEONIES.-Continued.

Marechal Vaillant. 3. Large, compact, globular rose-type. Anilinered. Very tall, stout stems. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz. 4-year clumps, $\$ 2.00$ each; $\$ 20.00$ per doz.
Marie. 3. Flat, compact, medium-sized semi-rose type. Lilac-white, changing to milk-white; collar chamois. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.

Marie Lemoine. 3. Large, rose-type bloom. Pure white with cream centre; fragrant. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Masterpiece. 2. Medium-sized, semi-rose type. Brilliant tyrian-rose; fragrant. Distinct and beautiful. $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per doz.

Milton Hill. 3. Pale lilac-rose; large globular blooms, rose type; fragrant. One of the best. $\$ 4.00$ each.
Mireille. Milk-white; large centre petals edged dark crimson; tall, strong growing, late variety of large, compact, globular, rose type. $\$ 1.50$ each.

Monsieur Jules Elie. 1. Large, compact, globular. Pale lilac-rose with silvery reflex. Good grower, very fragrant. \$1.50 each; $\$ 15.00$ per doz.
Monsieur Krelage. 2. Large semi-rose type; solferino-red edged with silver-white; free bloomer. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
Monsieur Charles Leveque. 2. Large, full rose type. Delicate shellpink, strong grower; very fragrant. 75 cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.

Perfection. 1. (Dutch.) Large bloom, rose type. Guard petals rosepink, centre shading to salmon. 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Pottsii rosea plena. 2. Full rose type. Flowers hydrangea-pink, with yellow stamens. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
President Roosevelt. Flat rose type, semi-double. Deep carmine-red 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Princess Beatrice. 2. Large, compact, crown type. Silvery-pink, centre flecked crimson. Medium height, free bloomer. $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per doz.


Pæony Linne。

Pulcherrima. 1. Medium size, loose crown type. White, tiated pink centre petals tipped crimson; very beautiful. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz. 4-year clumps, $\$ 2.00$ each; $\$ 20.00$ per doz.
Richardson's Perfection. 3. Large globular flowers of clear shell-pink; base of petals shaded deeper. A vigorous grower; fragrant. \$1.50 each; $\$ 4$-year clumps, $\$ 5.00$ each.
Snowball. 2. Medium size, globular, semi-rose type. Pure white; fragrant. Medium height. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz. 4-year clumps, $\$ 2.00$ each; $\$ 20.00$ per doz.
Victor Hugo. 2. Medium size, bomb type; flowers brilliant carmine-red. $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.

Washington. 2. Medium-sized bloom of bomb type. Guard petals tyrian rose, centre rose-pink. Strong grower, fragrant. 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Yayoura. Large laciniated guard, petals blush changing to white; centre creamy-white. 35 cents each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz. 4-year clumps, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 15.00$ per doz.

CHOICE PAEONIES TO COLOR-Without Names.

White Varieties Mixed
Pink Varieties Mixed
Red Varieties Mixed
25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## SINGLE PAEONIES.

The Single Pæonies for cut flowers are considered by many to be more graceful and effective than the double varieties. They are of strong, sturdy growth and flower abundantly. The following are offered to color only (without names):

Single Pink, Single Red, Single White, 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

## PÆONIES TENUIFOLIA. (Fern-leaf Pcoony.)

An interesting and showy variety, with finely cut dark green foliage, blooming as early as Officinalis.
Tenuifolia. Bright crimson. Single, 25 cents each; \$2.50 per doz

## IRISES. Iris Germanica. (Fleur de Lis.)

Farquhar's German Irises were awarded a silver medal by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society, June 7, 1913.
German Irises thrive in a well drained and sunny situation and the finest blooms are obtained from established clumps, consequently when planted they shorld remain undisturbed for at least five or six years. The plants may be given a light covering of leaves or salt hay (not manure) during Winter. When transplanting barely cover the rhizomes.

In the descriptions (S) is used to signify standards or the erect petals; ( $\mathbf{F}$ ) falls or the drooping petals.
Each, 15 cents; dozen, $\$ 1.50 ; 100, \$ 10.00$ (except where otherwise priced).


Dubois du Milan. S. pale porcelain-blue; F. blue and veined blue on a white ground; height, 2 feet.
Due de Nemours. S. pure white; F. white, beautifully marked with rich maroon; height, 2 feet.
Edith. S. porcelain-blue; F. veined dark velvety-blue on a white ground; very free flowering; height, 2 feet.
Elizabeth. S. pale blue, passing to grey; F. soft lilac-blue; fine for cutting; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Flavescens. (Canary Bird.) S. and F. soft yellow; sweetly scented; fine for cutting; height $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Florentina Purpurea. S. violet; F. purple; very early flowering; height, 2 feet.
Florentina Alba. (Queen Emma.) S. and F. soft shade of grey, almost white, very free and early flowering; fine for cutting; height, 2 feet.
Fontarabie. S. violet-blue; F. violet-purple; very early; height, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. 35 c . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Fro. S. deep gold; F. brilliant chestnut-brown. 50c. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Gagus. (New.) S. light yellow. F. crimson reticulated white and yellow, with yellow border. Height, 2 feet. 50c. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Garrick. S. pale lavender; F. deep lavender; very free and very fine for massing; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Gazelle. S. and F, white heavily frilled rich mauve; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Glory of Hillegom. S. and F. clear porcelain-blue; height, 3 feet. 25c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Gracchus. S. pure yellow; F. crimson reticulated white; most effective; height, 2 feet.
Honorable. S. golden-yellow; F. rich mahogany-brown; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Innocenza. S. ivory-white; F. white, striped maroon at base of each petal, beard rich golden; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Johan de Witt. (Spectabilis.) S. light lilac-blue; F. purple; height, 2 feet.
Kitty Kingsbury. S. pale lavender; F. reticulated royal-purple on a white ground.
King Edward VII. (Plumeri.) S. soft rosy-lilac; F. purple crimson, very free flowering; distinct; height, 3 feet.
L'Esperance. S. sulphury-bronze; F. reticulated rich velvety maroon; late flowering, height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Loreley. (New.). S. light yellow; F. Ultramarine-blue, bordered cream; height, 2 feet. 50 c . each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Maerantha. S. blue; F. violet; large and showy; height, 2 feet. 35c. each; $\$ 4.00$ per doz.
Madame Chereau. S. and F. white, frilled azure blue; very free and fine for cutting; height, 3 feet.
Maori King. S. rich golden-yellow; F. velvety-crimson with a-yellow edge; height, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. 35 c. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Miss Maggie. (Hermoine.) S. silvery-lavender; F. suffused soft rose; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Mirablea. S. coppery-rose; F. pretty shade of soft rose, very distinct; height, 2 feet. 35 c , each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Mithras. (New.) S. pale yellow; F. violet shaded claret; yellow border; height, $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ feet. 50 c . each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Morpheus. S. French grey; F. reticulated royal purple on a white ground; height, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Mrs. H. Darwin. S. pure white; F. white, slightly reticulated violet at base; very beautiful and free flowering, First Class Certificate; height, 2 feet.

Asiaticus. S. violet-blue; F. deep purple-blue; very free flowering; early; height, 2 feet.
Aurea. S. and F. clear rich yellow, very beautiful variety; height, 2 feet. 35c. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Boccage. S. soft lavender; $F$. maroon and veined maroon on a white ground; very free; height, 2 feet.
Bridesmaid. S. white shaded silvery-lilac. F. reticulated at the base, and slightly frilled soft lilac; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. 25 c . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Bronze Beauty. S. sulphury-bronze; F. claret shading to light lavender, orange beard. Height, 2 feet.
Comte de St. Clair. S. pale blue; F. deep violet, striped and margined white; very free flowering. Height, 2 feet.
Dr. Bernice. S. coppery-bronze; F. velvety crimson; height, 2 feet. 35 c. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.

Mrs. John Chas. Lubiter. S. and F. pale lavender, passing to almost pure white; height, 15 inches.
Mrs. G. Reuthe. (New.) S. white shaded and veined blue-grey; F. white frilled soft blue; very large and handsome; height $2 \frac{1}{3}$ feet. 35 c . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Pallida Albert Victor. S. lavender-blue; F. shaded rosy-lavender.
Pallida Dalmatica. S. and F. exquisite shade of soft lavender, sweetly scented, stately spikes 3 to 4 feet high; free blooming, extra fine for cutting; one of the finest Irises in our collection. 25c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Pallida Mandraliscae. S. and F. clear blue, large and handsome; height, 3 feet. 25 c. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

IRISES. (Iris Germanica.)-Continued.

President Carnot. S. light blue; F. deep violet, very early flowering; height, 3 feet.
Princess Victoria Louise. S. sulphur-yellow; F. rich plum bordered cream; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Rhein Nixe. (New.) S. pure white; F. deep violet-blue with a white edge; height, 3 feet. 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

Sambucina Beethoven. S. rosy-lilac; F. purple with orange crest; height, 2 feet.
Sparta. S. bronze-yellow; F. maroon margined old gold; very late flowering; height, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Van Geertii. S. bronze shaded lavender; F. very dark purple veined white; very late; height, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.

## INTERMEDIATE IRISES.

Handsome new hybrids, from crosses between I. germanica and I. pumila, and resulting in an early race of medium height.

Gerda. S. creamy-yellow; F. darker veined yellow; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. Helge. Lemon-yellow with pearly shading; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Halfdan. Ivory-white; large flowers; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.
Walhalla. S. lavender; F. wine-red; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ feet.

Each of the above varieties, 25 cents each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## FARQUHAR'S JAPANESE IRISES. (Iris Kamperi.)

IN these we find combinations of form and beauty far excelling any other type. The stately flowers are often 10 to 12 inches in diameter, and of wonderfully varied and beautiful colors. They require rich, moist soil. Our collection is a direct importation from Japan and is remarkably fine. Plants set out now, bloom next Summer. Each, 35 cents; Doz., $\$ 3.50 ; 100, \$ 25.00$.

1. Gekka-no-nami. Petals pure white with yellow blotches, standards creamy-white; double.
2. Kumoma-no-sora. Silvery-white, shading to sky-blue towards the centre; double.
3. Sofu-no-koi. White, splashed and speckled light blue, standard creamy-white margined violet; double.
4. Manadzuru. Creamy white petals feathered with violet, centre blue; double.
5. Hana-no-nishiki. Brilliant claret-red pencilled white, centre white, tipped purple; double.
6. Meiran. Lavender-pink veined and marbled on white ground; centre yellow; single.
7. Kuma-funjin. Purple overlaid with navy blue, standards purple with orange blotches; double.
8. Taiheiraku. Rich purple blotched with yellow, standards grayish-lavender; single.
9. Uchiu. Petals lavender shading to white at the base, standards white tipped blue; double.
10. Shippo. Tyrian-blue with white feathers, edged purple, standards lavender and white; double.
11. Kumo-isho. Purple petals veined with velvety crimson, edges margined grey, centre dark violet; double.
12. Kumo-no-uye. Deep purple with sky-blue halo; centre purple; very double.
13. Oniga-shima. Rich purple petals; standard white tipped with violet, very large; double.
14. Kosui-no-iro. Deep lavender-blue pencilled white; yellow centre; double.
15. Komochi-guma. Deep violet-purple; very double.
16. Kakujakuro. Petals blue and purple, heavily feathered white, centre blue and white.
17. Yedo-kagami. Deep claret veined with white, centre maroon, very large; double.
18. Tsurugi-no-mai. Reddish-purple elegantly veined and feathered, centre violet-purple; double.
19. Iso-no-nami. Delicate maauve feathered white; centre yellow; double.
20. Oyodo. Large deep violet-purple petals, centre yellow; double.
21. Kyodaisan. Purple overlaid with navy blue veined white; double.

22. Kigan-no-misao. Pure white shading to yellow at the base, centre creamy-white; double.
23. Koki-no-iro. Petals reddish-purple suffused with blue, standards white, tipped purple; double.
24. Tora-odori. Gray overlaid with lavender, standards violet and white; double.
25. Datedogu. Rich claret-red veined with white, standards white, margined light claret; very large.

## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.

## OLD-FASHIONED HARDY GARDEN FLOWERS.

THE favorites of the old-time gardens are coming to the front, and deservedly so. No feature of the garden can be more satisfactory than a well-arranged Hardy Plant border, producing from April to November a continuous succession of charming flowers, much more interesting than the usual greenhouse assortment, and equally valuable for garden embellishment and cutting purposes. The Hardy Plants have the advantage of greater permanency, requiring only cultivation, enriching, a slight mulch during Winter, and occasional checking of the more robust growers to keep the plantation in good condition for years.

We limit the present list to varieties which admit of being planted at this season and which have been found generally hardy and desirable for the severe climate of New England.

Single plants of Hardy Perennials will be furnished at the following rates. Plants priced at $\$ 1.50$ per dozen, 20 cents each; plants at $\$ 1.75$ and $\$ 2.00$ per dozen, 25 cents each; plants at $\$ 2.50$ per dozen, 30 cents each; plants at $\$ 3.00$ per dozen, 35 cents each.

Achillea millefolium Cerise Queen. Bright cerise. 12 ft . millefolium roseum. (Pink Yarrow.) Large heads of rosy pink flowers; blooms all Summer; extremely hardy and persistent; excellent for naturalizing. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
ptarmica Perry's White. A grand improvement on the "Pearl," with very large pure white flowers in clusters
ptarmica fl. pl. The Pearl. Most effective for shrubbery and hardy garden edgings; pure double white flowers; fine for cutting; blooms all Summer. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
tomentosa. (Yellow Yarrow.) June to August. 1 ft .
Aconitum Spark's Variety. Deep blue flowers; July. 4 ft .
Agrostemma, coronaria. (Mullein Pink.) Bright crimson; June to Sept. 2 ft .
coronaria alba. (Mullein Pink.) White; June to Sept. 2 ft .
Walkeri. Crimson; large flowers
Ajuga reptans rubra. Purplish-blue flowers
Alyssum rostratum. (Mad-wort.) Golden-yellow; June and July. 1 ft .
saxatile compactum. (Goid Dust.) Bright yellow; showy plant for border or rockery masses; April to June. 1 ft .
Amsonia tabernæmontana. Bushy plant with cymes of pale blue flowers; June. 2 ft .
Anthemis tinctoria. (Hardy Marguerite.) Bright yellow; splendid hardy plant for massing and cutting; June to Sept. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Anthericum liliago. (St. Bernard's Lity.) Elegant spikes of pure white, lily-like fragrant flowers; May. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
liliastrum major. (St. Bruno's Lity.) Flowers larger than those of the Anthericum Liliago, otherwise resembling it.
Aquilegia, Farquhar's Long-Spurred Hybrids. (Columbine.) These comprise many new and beautiful shades of lavender, blue, white, yellow and pink; May to July. 2 ft .
Haylodgensis. (Hybrids of the Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine.) Shades of blue
chrysantha. (Golden Columbine.) The beautiful long-spurred, golden-yellow Columbine of the mountains of California; May to July. 2 ft .
cœrulea. (Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine.) Beautiful blue and white flowers with long spurs
ccerulea alba. Large white flowers; long spurs
nivea grandiflora. Pure white, very beautiful
Arabis alpina. (Rock Cress.) Fine rockery and border plant; pure white flowers from April to June. 专ft.
alpina fl. pl. Pure white, double flowers
Arenaria montana. (Sand-wort.) Very desirable evergreen trailing plant, forming a dense carpet of foliage and covered with large white flowers during Spring
Armeria maritima Laucheana. (Sca Pink or Thrift.) Fine plant for rockeries; flowers bright pink. I ft.


HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued.

## ASTER. (Michaelmas Daisy.)

Dwarf Alpine Varieties.
Alpinus speciosus. One of the finest hardy plants for border clumps, rockeries and for cutting; fine deep blue; June and July. 1 ft .
Alpinus speciosus albus. White. I ft.
Sub-cœruleus. A grand species with mauve-colored flowers; June and July. 1 ft .

## ASTER.-Fall-Flowering Varieties.

Cordifolia Hon. Edith Gibbs. Pale lavender; August. 2 ft.
Ideal. Small pale blue flowers; very attractive. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Mackii. Clear blue, yellow centre; August to September. 2 ft .
Novæ-Angliæ. Bluish-purple. September and October. 4 ft .
Rosea. Pink; September and October. 4 ft .
Lil Fardell. Bright pink flowers, produced in masses. August and September. $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Novi-Belgii, Acris. Bright blue, fine for rockeries; early. 1 ft .
Airship. Pure white flowers in large clusters. 2 ft .
Amethystinus. Amethyst-blue; August and September. 2 ft .
Amos Perry. Large spreading heads of deep pink flowers; distinct and beautiful. 3 ft .
Annie. Sky blue; blooms in large clusters; very fine; 3 ft . Climax. Clear light blue with golden central disc; Aug. and Sept. 5 ft .
Dainty. White, faintly tinged lavender; August. 3 ft .
Holtwhites. Delicate light blue flowers with long wavy petals; very showy
Perry's Blue. A handsome variety with stems much branched and forming loose pyramidal heads of rich lavender blue flowers


Campanula glomerata superba.


Campanula persicifolia.

Novi-Belgii. Perry's Pink. Large, branching heads, covered with clear reddish-pink flowers; September and October. $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Robert Parker. Light blue; September. 3 ft .
Starlight. Dark blue, shading to light blue. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
St. Egwin. Beautiful light pink; compact. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Top Sawyer. Large soft-blue flowers borne on long, graceful stems very effective
White Queen. September. 4 ft .
Inez Perry. Lavender-mauve; Aug. and Sept. 3 ft .
Tataricus. Large blue flower. 6 ft .
Tradescanti. Pinkish white; flowers small
Tranchii. Purple; late. 3 ft .
Turbunellus. Lavender; very late. 3 ft .
Umbellatum. White flowers in panicles. 4 ft .
Baptisia australis. (False Indigo.) Large, erect spikes of dark blue flowers; June and July. 2 ft .
Bocconia cordata. (Plume Poppy.) White; Aug. 8 ft .
Boltonia asteroides. (False Chamomile.) Pure white aster-like flowers; fine for clumps among shrubs; Aug. to Oct. 5 to 6 ft .
latisquama. Pink, tinged with lavender; valuable for clumps among shrubs; Aug. 4 ft .
Calimeris incisa. (Star Wort.) A compact plant with aster-like flowers of pale lavender; July to Sept. $1^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
CAMPANULA. (Bell-flower.)
alliariæfolia. Nodding white flowers; June. 2 ft .
earpatica. (Carpathian Bells.) Charming bright blue cup-shaped flowers. $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{ft}$.
carpatica alba. The white form of the precedin
glomerata. (Clustered Bell-flower.) Dense clusters of violet-blue
flowers; July to Sept. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.

## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued.



Hemerocallis flava.
CAMPANULA.-Continued.
glomerata dahurica. Deep violet-blue; large truss. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
glomerata superba. Large violet-blue flowers
nobilis. Long tubular, light purplish flowers, of medium size; blooms all Summer. 2 ft.
persicifolia grandiflora alba. (Giant Peach-leaved Bellflower.) A noble border plant with splendid spikes of large salver-shaped, pure white flowers; one of the best hardy plants for cutting; June to Aug. 2 ft .
persicifolia grandiflora cœrulea. The blue form of the preceding
rapunculoides. Graceful spikes of showy blue-bell shaped flowers; June and July. 3 ft .
CARNATIONS for the HARDY GARDEN.
Hardy Border. Excellent for cutting, the flowers resembling the smaller greenhouse Carnations; July to October
Her Majesty. (Hardy Pink.) Pure white; double
Cassia marylandica. (American Senna.) A charming plant with showy panicles of yellow flowers; July and August. 3 ft .
Centaurea dealbata. Flowers bright rose; July to Sept. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Centaurea macrocephala. Large golden-yellow flower, much esteemed for cutting; July to Sept. 3 ft .
montana. Large violet flowers, valuable for cutting as well as for border clumps; July and Aug. 2 ft .
montana grandiffora. Flowers violet-blue. 2 ft . July.
montana alba. Pure white
montana rosea. Pink
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2.50 cutting: July to September 2 to 3 ft
Leucanthemum plenum. Handsome double variety with white flowers resembling the Pyrethrum; June and July. 2 ft .
Nipponicum. A Japanese species with large pure white Hlowers in September and October. 3 ft .

Convallaria polygonatum. (Solomon's Seal.) White pendulous flowers: June, 2 ft

Doz.
Coreopsis grandiflora. Golden-yellow flowers of large size most useful for cutting and effective in border masses; blooms all Summer. 2 ft .
lanceolata. Like the preceding, but somewhat smaller
verticillata. Finely divided foliage; flowers bright yellow, very numerous. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Daisy, Burbank's Shasta. Large snowy-white flowers; July to Sept.
Delphinium, Farquhar's Hybrids. (Larkispur.) 'Stately decorative plants for masses, beds and clumps; flowers ranging in colors from light azure to deep blue, and from delicate lavender to purple; June and July. 3 to 5 ft .
Belladonna. Lovely sky-blue flowers produced on tall, branching spikes. 3 ft .
chinensis. Very graceful spikes of light and bright blue flowers; June to Oct. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
chinensis alba. White
formosum. Deep blue; one of the best. 3 ft
formosum cœelestinum. Sky-blue. 3 ft .
. 0 .
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Dianthus plumarius. Mixed Colors. (Pheasant's eye Pint..) Fragrant and beautiful hardy border pinks; single
2.50
plumarius fl. pl. (The Old-fashioned Mound, ŚSpe or Border Pink.) The border Pinks of the old-time gardens, useful for edgings; flowers strongly clove-scented. Brilliant. Deep pink.
Glen Valley. Rosy-pink, carmine eye
Gregory. Light pink.
Lilac Queen. Laveader-pink.
White Witch. Pure white


Delphinium Farquhar's Hybrid.

## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued.

Dictamnus fraxinella. (Gas Plant.) Rosy-crimson flowers: Doz June and July. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
fraxinella alba. White
caucasicus. Very showy border plant with large spikes of rosyred flowers; excellent for cutting; June and July. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Dielytra spectabilis. (Bleeding Heart.) Delicate, pink, heartshaped flowers in graceful racemes; May and June. 2 ft .
Digitalis grandiflora. (Foxglove.) Yellow; desirable for partial shade
Doronicum caucasicum. (Leopard'sBane.) Bright yellow, very free-flowering. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
plantagineum excelsum. A splendid border plant; flowers golden-yellow; June. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Draba androsacea. Dwarf rock plant; white; May
Echinops sphærocephalus. (Globe Thistle.) White flower heads: July to Sept. 6 ft .
ritro. Flowers deep steel-blue; July to Sept. 3 ft .
Exaltata. (Globe Thistle.) Metallic-blue globular flowers; July to September. 3 ft .
Epilobium hirsutum. (Willow Herb.) Strong-growing plant of erect, willow-like habit; flowers rose color. 4 ft .
Erigeron bellidifolius. Dwarf bushy plant with bright blue Aster-like flowers. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$
speciosus. Pale mauve with yellow centre; June. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Eryngium planum. A lovely Sea Holly, with dainty pale blue flowers; valuable for cutting
Eupatorium ageratoides. Small white flowers during August and September. 3 ft .
Fraseri. Delicate white flowers in large terminal heads; August to October. 2 to 3 ft .
Euphorbia corollata. (Flowering Spurge.) One of the best hardy plants for cutting, producing delicate sprays of white flowers; June to August. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.

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Helenium, Autumn Glow.

## FERNS. Hardy varieties.

Adiantum pedatum. (Maidenhair Fern.) One of the most graceful vari sies
Aspidium acrostichoides. (Christmas Fern.) Evergreen species. 1 ft .
A. aculeatum var. Ḃraunii. "(Prickly Shield Fern.) Shining evergreen leaves
A. eristatum. (Crested Wood Fern.)
A. Felix-mas. A beautiful Fern; green all the year.
A. Goldianum. (Goldie's Wood Fern.) Handsome as a specimen. 3 ft .
A. marginale. (Evergreen Wood Fern.) $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .
A. munitum. Evergreen Fern desirable for shady spot
in the rock garden
A. Noveboracense. (New York Shield Fern.) Slender species. 1 ft .
A. Spinulosum. (Spinulose Wood Fern.) Finely dissected fronds. 1 ft .
A. spinulosum var. dilatatum. Similar to spinulosum but with broader fronds.
A. Trelypteris. (Marsh Shield Fern.) Thrives in damp places. 1 ft .
Asplenium Felix-fœomina. (Lady Fern.) Large handsome species with finely cut foliage. 2 ft .
Cystopteris bulbifera. (Bladder Fern.) Slender fronds. 1 to 2 ft . long
Dicksonia punctilobula. (Hay-scented or Gossamer Fern.) Good for massing. 2 ft .
Onoclea struthiopteris. (Ostrich Fern.) Very effective. 2 to 4 ft .
Osmunda gracilis. (Flowering Fern.) One of the prettiest of the large Ferns. 3 ft .
O. Claytoniana. 2 to 3 ft
0. cinnamomea. (Cinnamon Fern.) Very beautiful 4 ft .
Phegopteris polypodioides. A showy variety of the Beech Fern; dwarf
Polypodium vulgare. (Common Polypody.) One of the best evergreen species for rockwork
Scolopendrium vulgare. (Hart's Tongue Fern.) A very rare Fern; fine for rockwork. 6 to 12 in.
Woodsia Ilvensis. (Rusty Woodsia.) Good in exposed places; 6 in.
Woodwardia angustifolia. (Chain Fern.) 1 ft.


Lathyrus latifolius.
Funkia cœrulea. (Plantain Lily.) Flowers blue; broad green leaves; July. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
subcordata grandiflora. Pure white flowers, in large clusters; excellent plant for partial shade. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
undulata media variegata. A very useful and freegrowing hardy plant with beautifully variegated foliage valuable for forming ribbons, edgings and masses in formal gardens; flowers lilac; July and August. 1 ft .
Gaillardia grandiflora. (Blanket Flower.) Red and yellow; showy; good for cutting; July to October. 3 ft .
Galium boreale. (Bed Straw.) Delicate sprays of white flowers, prized for cutting; July. $1^{\frac{1}{4}} \mathrm{ft}$.
Geranium platypetalum. Large rosy-purple flowers; June. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
sanguineum. A desirable plant with serrated foliage; flowers bright crimson; blooms all Summer. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
sanguineum album. White
Gypsophila acutifolia. A strong-growing variety with large panicles of small white flowers. 2 ft .
paniculata. (Baby's Breath.) Pure white; excellent for cutting. 2 ft .
Helenium autumnale. (Sneezewort.) Large heads of deep golden-yellow flowers, suitable for beds or shrubbery borders; August and September. 4 ft .
autumnale rubrum. Flowers orange shaded crimson. 4 feet
autumnale superbum. Similar to the above; very showy. 4 ft .
Autumn Glow. A gorgeous and distinct new variety, with golden-yellow flowers; reverse of petals rich wall-flower-red
Hoopesii. Bright orange-yellow; June and July. 2 ft . pumilum magnificum. A useful Summer and Autumn flowering perennial; golden-yellow flowers. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Helianthemum perfoliatum roseum. A new trailing plant with single flowers of salmon-pink; centre yellow

## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued.

Helianthus Maximiliana. The latest of all the Sunflowers. Deep Doz. yellow single flowers borne in long, elegant sprays; extremely useful for cut-flower decorations; Sept. and Oct. 6 ft .
mollis. Large single lemon-yellow flowers and downy silvery foliage; August to October. 4 ft .
rigidus Miss Mellish. Large, single golden-yellow flowers; September and October. 6 ft .
rigidus Miss Willmott. The finest of the "rigidus" section; large single yellow flowers
rigidus Semi-plenus. Largé, semi-double golden-yellow flowers; July to October. 4 ft .
sparsifolius. A new variety with mammoth golden-yellow flowers. 6 to 8 ft . August to October
Heliopsis lævis. (Orange Sunflower.) Flowers deep yellow; July to September. $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Pitcheriana. A desirable variety blooming nearly all Summer Flowers deep golden-yellow. $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
seabra zinnæflora. A double-flowering form producing golden-yellow flowers resembling Zinnias; July and August. 2 ft .
Hemerocallis aurantiaca major. Large trumpet-shaped flowers, deep orange; June to August. 2 to 3 ft .
disticha fl. pl. Rich orange double flowers; June to August. 2 to 3 ft .
flava. (Yellow Day-Lily.) Clear yellow; fragrant; June to August. 2 to 3 ft .
fulva. (Tawny Day Lily.) Coppery-orange shaded crimson; June and July. 3 ft .
luteola. Fine orange-yellow; large and very free-flowering; June and July. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Middendorfii. Bright yellow; June and July. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .
Thunbergii. The latest flowering of the family; rich buttercupyellow; July
$2.50 \quad 15.00$


## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued

Hesperis matronalis. (Rocket.) Lilac and white; June. 3 ft . matronalis alba. Pure white; June. 3 ft .
Heuchera gracillima, Perry's Variety. Long slender stems of rich crimson flowers.
Farquhar's Hybrids. New and beautiful hybrids, with very large panicles of flowers, ranging in color from pale pink to red.
sanguinea. (Alum Root.) Graceful spikes of coral-red flowers; July and August. 1 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
Hibiscus moscheutos. (Swamp Mallow.) A useful and showy plant for naturalizing or background effects, with rich foliage and showy pink flowers; July and August. 4 ft.
moscheutos albus. White
Crimson Eye. Very large flowers, white with crimson eye; July and August. 4 ft .
Iberis sempervirens. (Evergreen Candytuft.) One of the best dwarf perennials, adapted to forming edgings and rockery clumps; June. 1 ft .
Tenoreana. Pale purple; very early
Iris cristata. (Crested Iris.) Charming dwarf variety, suitable for edgings; blue; May. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Germanica. (German Iris.) See pages 22-23.
Kæmpferi. (Japanese Iris.) See page 23.
Orientalis. Violet; June and July. 2 ft .
Orientalis. Snow Queen. Pure white
pumila yellow. Lemon-yellow shaded darker
siberica. Light blue; June and July. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
siberica alba. White
siberica sanguinea. Large handsome violet-blue flowers; June. 2 ft .
Lathyrus latifolius splendens. (Everlasting Pea.) Beautiful climber for trellises or fences, flowers rosy-carmine; July and Aug. 8 ft .
latifolius Pink Beauty. Bright rose
latifolius albus. Pure white
Lepachys pinnata. Showy hardy plant with finely cut foliage; flowers yellow, with black cone; August and September. 4 ft .

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Lychnis viscaria.
Liatris pycnostachya. (Kansas Gay Feather.) Spikes of Doz.

Linum perenne. (Flax.) A fine border or rockery plant with delicate foliage and bright blue flowers; June to August. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
perenne album. Pure white
Lobelia cardinalis. for borders or moist situations; flowers cardinal-red; Aug. and Sept. 3 ft .
syphillitica. Native plant with large spikes of blue flowers; August and September. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Lupinus polyphyllus. (Lupin.) Handsome blue flowers in spikes; June. 3 ft .

Lychnis chalcedonica. (Jerusalem Cross.) Intense scarlet flowers in erect heads; June. 2 ft
chalcedonica alba. White
viscaria fl. pl. (Ragged Robin.) Deep red, double flowers; May to July. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Haageana Hybrids. White to pink and deep red; May to July. $1^{1 \frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
viscaria. Single scarlet flowers; June. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ft.
Lythrum roseum superbum. (Rose Loose-strife.) A showy plant for borders and for naturalizing; July to Setpember. 3 ft .
Mertensia virginica. (Blue Bell.) Drooping panicles of bright blue flowers fading to pink; May. $1^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
Monarda didyma. (Bergamot.) Deep scarlet flowers, foliage massive and aromatic; a favorite of old-time gardens; July and Aug. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Cambridge Scarlet. Large whorls of crimson-scarlet flowers; June to Aug. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Enothera fruitcosa major. (Evening Primrose.) Large golden-yellow flowers; July. 2 ft .
Missouriensis. A prostrate growing variety with large flowers of bright yellow
Youngi. Bright yellow; June to Sept. $1^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
2.50
$2.50+15.00$


Phlox, F. G. von Lassburg.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Pachysandra terminalis. A beautiful trailing plant Doz. } & 100\end{array}$ thriving in partial shade and forming a mat of glossy green foliage; flowers bright blue; June. 8 in. .
$\$ 2.00 \$ 12.00$
Papaver nudicaule. (Iceland Poppy.) Charming flowers ranging from white and yellow to deep orange-scarlet; invaluable for table decoration; April to Oct. 1 ft .
orientale. (Oriental Poppy.) Orange-scarlet; good plant for shrubbery borders; May to July. 3 ft .
orientale. Beauty of Livermere. Blood-red with black centre
orientale Goliath. Enormous fiery-scarlet flowers
orientale Parkmanii. Rich dark scarlet
orientale Mrs. Perry. Attractive salmon-rose
Pentstemon barbatus Torreyi. Tall, graceful spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers, giving the effect of clumps of scarlet willows, charming for garden decoration and for cutting; June to Sept. 3 ft .
cœrulea. Long spikes of rich dark blue flowers; one of the best; July. 2 ft .
diffusus. Violet-blue flowers. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
digitalis. White spotted violet
lævigatus. Rosy-lilac. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
pubescens. Bright rosy-purple. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Phlomis tuberosa. Fine plant for naturalizing; rosypurple flowers; June, 4 ft .
Physostegia virginica. (False Dragon Head.) Elegant spikes of light rosy-lilac flowers; very beautiful and good for cutting; July and Aug. 4 ft .
virginica alba. Purest white; lovely flower
$2.00 \quad 12.00$
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Platycodon grandiflora. (Chinese Bell-flower.) Magnificent spikes of violet-blue cup-shaped flowers of long duration; May to Oct. 3 ft .
grandiflora alba. White.
Mariesi. (Dwarf Japanese Bell-flower.) Large saucershaped, violet-blue flower. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Mariesi alba. White
Polemonium cœruleum. (Jacob's Ladder.) Deep blue flowers in erect spikes; June and July. 1 ft .
cœruleum album. White
Richardsoni. Sky blue

## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued.

Phlox amœna. A charming variety growing close to the Doz. ground, forming a carpet of foliage, which in early Spring is a sheet of bright pink flowers
. . 2.50
carolina. ( $P$. ovata.) Compact masses of reddish-pink flowers; May and June. 1 ft .
divaricata. A dwarf-native species with pale blue flowers; May and June. 1 ft .
subulata lilacea
subulata alba. White, moss-pink. Suitable for edgings and rockeries; June to Aug. 4 in.
subulata rosea. Rosy-pink
suffruticosa Miss Lingard. A fine free-flowering white,
blooming a month earlier than the decussata varieties. 2 ft .
suffruticosa Pink. Flowers rosy-pink
815.00
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2.50

## HARDY PHLOXES

Among hardy herbaceous plants none are more gorgeous and more easily grown than these. They are perfectly hardy, succeeding in any garden soil, and producing magnificent spikes of showy and lasting flowers, year after year, with comparatively little care. $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3 ft ,

## FARQUHAR'S "SUPERB" COLLECTION OF TWELVE HARDY PHLOX.

25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 15.00$ per 100 .
Beacon. Brilliant cherry-red; very effective shade.
B. Comte. Glowing crimson. The finest dark-colored rariety; late.

Blue Hill. Violet-blue.
Dr. Konigshofer. Vivid orange-scarlet.
Elizabeth Campbell. Light salmon changing to pink in the centre; dwarf Europa. White with a decided crimson-carmine eye; flowers and trusses very large.
F. G. von Lassburg. Splendid pure white; very large.

Le Mahdi. Dark purple-violet.
P. Fordham. Flowers pure white with a soft pink eye; large trusses
R. F. Struthers. Brilliant salmon-rose.

Rynstrom. Rose, white centre. Immense trusses.
Thor. Deep salmon-pink.


Phlox subulata in the Rock Garden.

## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued.

STANDARD VARIETIES.
20 ets. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.; $\$ 12.00$ per 100.
Albion. Pure white with faint rose eye, large truss.
Antonin Mercie. Soft grayish-lilac; white centre.
Baron van Dedem. Brilliant cochineal-red with salmon shadings.
Beranger. White suffused with rosy-pink; amaranth-red eye.
Bridesmaid. White with crimson-carmine centre.
Champs Elysee. Fine rich purplish-crimson.
Clara Benz. Lovely carmine-rose with deeper eye; dwarf.
Coquelicot. A fine pure scarlet with deep carmine eye.
Eclaireur. Bright magenta with light halo, large flower.
Emil Kranz. Rosy-mauve with white centre.
Esperance. Mauve with white centre.
Eugene Danzanvilliers. Rosy-lilac, white eye; very large.
Frau Anton Buchner. Flowers pure white; dwarf.
Gen. Van Heutz. Brilliant salmony-red with white centre.
Griedur. Pale salmon-rose, deep carmine eye.
Hanny Pfleiderer. Cream changing to salmon; carmine-red eye.
Helene Vacaresco. Dwarf white; late.
Hodur. Lilaç-rose shading to white in the centre.
Hortense. White with large deep red disc.
La Cygne. Pure white, splendid spike; late.
La Vogue. Clear silvery-rose.
Mme. Paul Dutrie. Delicate lilac-rose, borne in immense panicles. Mrs. Jenkins. A fine pure white for massing; large panicles; early.
Pantheon. Brilliant rose; an effective variety.
Prof. Schlieman. Bright lilac-rose; late.
Prof. Virchow. Bright carmine overlaid with orange-scarlet.
Richard Wallace. Pure white with maroon centre; tall grower.
Selma. Light rose, cherry-red eye; strong grower.
Sunshine. Salmon-rose. Fine deep shade.
Von Goethe. Rich salmon-rose.


Stokesia cyanea.


Primula japonica.

| Primula japonica. Mixed Colors. One of the finest Primroses | Doz. | 100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | for the garden; several whorls of large flowers on erect stems, varying from white to crimson

$\$ 2.50$
Pyrethrum roseum, Single Hybrids. Shades of pink, crimson and white; June. 2 ft.
uliginosum. (Giant Daisy.) White, yellow centre; July to Sept. 4 ft .
Rudbeckia nitida Autumn Sun. A very showy variety with immense flowers of a bright yellow color borne on long, stiff stems; Sept. and Oct. Height 5 to 6 ft .
lanceolata Golden Glow. Flowers golden-yellow, like double Cactus Dahlias; valuable for shrubbery clumps and for cutting; July and Aug. 5 to 6 ft .
Newmanii. Golden-yellow with maroon cone; July to Oct. 2 ft . purpurea. Rosy-purple. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
superba subtomentosa. Lemon-yellow flowers with dark purple cones. Fine pyramidal form; July to Sept. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Salvia pratensis. (Meadow Sage.) Large spikes of rich blue flowers; July and Aug. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Saponaria ocymoides splendens. Pretty border and rockery plant; flowers rosy-crimson; May and June. $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Caucasica fl. pl. (Double-flowering Bouncing Bet.) Flowers white tinted rose; blooms all Summer. 1 ft .
Saxifraga Macnabiana. Long graceful sprays of flowers, white spotted crimson; excellent plant for the rock garden
Scabiosa caucasica. Large lavender-blue flowers borne on long stems; one of the finest perennials; June to Aug. 2 ft .
Japonica. Flowers lavender-blue; July to Aug.
Sedum acre aurea. (Stonecrop.) Yellow golden foliage; suitable for covering stones and rock work. 4 in .
album. Foliage green; flowers white. 3 in.
Ewersii. Rose-colored flowers. 4 in.
kamschaticum. (Orange Stonecrop.) Bright orange-yellow. 6 in.
2.50
2.50
15.00
$2.00 \quad 12.00$


Rudbeckia superba subtomentosa.
SEDUM. (Continued.)
lydium. Dwarf variety, useful for rockeries; flowers lav-ender-pink
maximowiczii. Yellow. 1 ft .
oppositifolium. White 6 in
sexangulare. Dark-green foliage; fiowers yellow. 6 in. Sieboldii. Pink; June and July. 6 in
spectabile. Light green fleshy leaves and broad heads of bright rosy-pink flowers; Aug. to Oct. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
spectabile Brilliant. A handsome species having large flat heads of deep crimson flowers in late Summer. 1 ft .
stoloniferum. (Crimson Stonecrop.) 4 in.
SEMPERVIVUMS in 12 named varieties. Fine for rockeries or other dry places
Sidalcea Rosy Gem. Graceful spikes of rosy-pink
Silphium perfoliatum. Tall-growing plant with large foliage and bright yellow flowers; July and Aug. 5 ft .
Statice Gmelini. (Sea Lavender.) Good rockery or border plant; large panicles of violet-blue flowers; June to Aug. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
latifolia. Deep blue. 2 ft .
Stokesia cyanea. Sky-blue flowers resembling the Chinese Aster; a native plant of great value for borders, for wild gardens and cutting; July to Oct. 1 ft .
eyanea alba. Pure white
Thalictrum adiantifolium. (Meadow Rue.) Foliage like the Maiden Hair Fern. Flowers creamy-white; May and June. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$
Tradescantia virginica. (Spiderwort.) Showy border plant with bright blue flowers. 2 ft .
virginica alba. White
Thermopsis caroliniana. Magnificent free-blooming plant with tall spikes of clear yellow flowers; June and July. 5 ft .

## HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS.-Continued.

Trillium. See page 16.
Trollius europæus. (Globe Flower.) Bright yellow globe-shaped flowers, like giant buttercups; June. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Valeriana officinalis. (Valerian.) Aromatic plant with purplishwhite flowers; June and July. 2 ft .
Veronica amethystina. (Speedwell.) Flowers amethyst-blue; May to July. 1 ft .
incana. Silvery foliage; flowers violet; July, Sept. 2 ft .
longifolia subsessilis. Rich blue flowers spike; a very handsome plant; June to Oct. 1 ft .
Royal Blue. Dwarf trailing variety with dark blue flowers
Vernonia Novæ Boracensis. Stately plant suitable for clumps among shrubs or for natural gardens; dark purple; Sept. and Oct. 4 to 6 ft .

Vinca minor. (Periwinkle or Trailing Myrtle.) Dwarf evergreen used to cover shady ground; flowers bright blue; May to July. $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Viola cornuta. (Horned Viola.) True Viola Cornuta; blooms continuously, early Spring until frost. Light blue. 6 in.
cornuta alba. A white form of the preceding. 6 in.
cornuta atropurpurea. An English variety, the flowers have the appearance of large dark blue single violets, blooms throughout the Summer

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

Arrhenatherum bulbosum folia variegata. A dwarf bulbous grass growing in tufts; leaves striped green and white. Fine variety for edgings. 6 to 8 in.
Arundo donax. Grows in dense clumps. 9 ft .
Donax variegata. Foliage striped white.
Erianthus Ravennæ. (Plume Grass or Hardy Pampas.) A hardy variety with fine silvery plumes. 8 ft .
Eulalia Japonica Fol. Vittatis. Long, graceful striped foliage. 4 ft .
Japonica Zebrina. Long leaves, elegantly barred with yellow Japonica Gracillima. Long green leaves
Phalaris arundinacea variegata. Finely variegated foliage

Doz. 100
$\$ 2.50 \quad \$ 15.00$

| 2.0012 .00 |
| :--- | :--- |


| 2.50 | 15.00 |
| :--- | :--- |

$2.50 \quad 15.00$

| 2.50 | 15.00 |
| :--- | :--- |


| 2.50 | 15.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

2.00
12.00
2.00
12.00
2.00
12.00
2.00
$2.50 \quad 18.00$

Each Doz.
$\$ 0.25 \quad \$ 2.50$
. $25 \quad 2.50$
$35 \quad 3.50$
2.50
2.50
2.50
2.50
2.50

2.50

# ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES. 

## Varieties Suitable for Autumn Planting.

ACER platanoides. (Norway Maple.) A large, handsome tree; foliage deep green. Fine variety for the street or lawn.
8 to 9 ft . . $\$ 1.20 \$ 12.00$ species sycarpum. (silver-leaved Maple.) A native species of rapid growth; foliage light green, reverse silvery-white. 9 to 10 ft . . $\$ 1.25 \$ 12.00 \mid 14$ to $16 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Each } \\ \$ 4.00 \\ \$ 42.00\end{gathered}$

Each Doz. saccharinum. (Sugar Maple.) A popular native tree of elegant form. Very desirable as an ornamental or shade tree.


10 to $12 \mathrm{ft}:. \quad 1.50 \quad 15.0014$ to 16 ft .
$4.00 \quad 42.00$
Larger Specimens, $\$ 7.50$ each and upwards.
rubrum. (Red or Scarlet Maple.) A native tree producing red blossoms before the leaves. Foliage changes in Autumn to brilliant scarlet. 8 to 10 ft .
$1.75 \quad 17.50$
dasycarpum var. Wierii laciniatum. (Weirs' Cut-leaved Maple.) A graceful tree with deeply cut foliage and recurving pendulous branches. 8 to 10 ft . $\$ 125 \$ 12.00$ Each 10 to 12 ft Each Doz. $\$$ to $10 \mathrm{ft} \cdot$. $\$ 1.25 \$ 12.00-10$ to $12 \mathrm{ft} .00 \$ 22.00$
negundo. (Ash-leaved Maple.) Valuable for very cold or windy exposures. 6 to 8 ft .
$1.00 \quad 10.00$
platanoides, var. Schwedlerii. (Schwedler's Norway Maple.) The young foliage of this variety is bright crimson fading to purplish-green, a valuable tree. 8 to 10 ft .
$2.00 \quad 20.00$
ESCULUS hippocastanum. (Horse Chestnut.) A wellknown species with flesh-colored hyacinth-like flower clusters in June. 8 to 10 ft .
hippocastanum var. rubicunda. (Red-flowering Horse Chestnut.) A very ornamental tree. The flowers are deep red, contrasting well with the dark foliage. 8 to 10 ft .
hippocastanum var. alba fl. pl. (Double-flowering White Horse Chestnut.) 8 to 10 ft .
AILANTHUS glandulosa. (Tree of Heaven.) A lofty, rapid-growing tree with feathery tropical foliage. 10 to 12 ft .
AMELANCHIER canadensis. (Shad Bush.) Dwarf, spreading tree, producing in early Summer small white blossoms; fruit purplish, sweet and edible
ARALIA spinosa. (Hercules Club.) Acanthopanax spinosum.) A small tropical-looking tree with pinnate leaves, prickly stems and large panicles of white flowers in August.
BETULA alba var. atropurpurea. (Purple-leaved Birch.) A variety of vigorous growth, foliage coppery-red. 8 to 10 ft .
$2.00 \quad 22.00$
papyrifera. (Paper or Canoe Birch.) A very ornamental native tree with pendulous branches and silvery-white bark.
 10 to 12 ft .
$2.00 \quad 20.00$
alba var. laciniata pendula. (White Cut-leaved Weeping Birch.) A popular tree of tall, slender growth with finely cut foliage borne on drooping branches; bark silvery-white. Very ornamental.

Each Doz. Each Doz. 6 to 8 ft . . . . $\$ 1.50 \$ 15.00 \mid 8$ to 10 ft . . . . $\$ 2.00 \$ 22.00$
CATALPA Kæmpferi. (Japanese Golden Catalpa.) A species of rapid growth with light green leaves; fragrant white flowers in panicles. 8 to 10 ft .
speciosa. (Western Catalpa.) An effective native tree of tropical appearance with large leaves and fragrant white flowers in pyramidal clusters. Long, ornamental fruit pods. 6 to 8 ft .
CERASUS J. H. Veitch. A handsome variety of the Japanese Cherry, producing deep rose-pink double flowers in early Spring; one of the most beautiful
CERCIDIPHYLLUM japonicum. (The Katsura Tree.) A rapid-growing Japanese tree with small heart-shaped leaves. Thrives best in damp soils. 5 to 6 ft . . . $\$ 2.00$ each $\mid 6$ to 8 ft .
CERCIS' canadensis. (Judas Tree or Red Bud.) A lowgrowing native tree with light green foliage. Before the leaves appear the stems are covered with a profusion of reddish-purple flowers
$1.25 \quad 14.00$
$1.00 \quad 10.00$


CORNUS florida. (White-flowered Dogwaod.) An American species of spreading irregular form, growing about 25 ft . high. The pure white flowers cover the trees in early Spring.
3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \quad$ Each $\$ 1.00 \$ 10.00 \mid 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad$ Each $\$$ Doz.
florida var. flore rubro. (Red-flowered Dogwood.) Sim-
ilar to the preceding, but with pink flowers. Very showy. 3 to 4 ft .
For other varieties of Cornus, see Ornamental Shrubs
CRATEGUS cordata. (Washington Thorn.)
erus-galli. (Cockspur Thorn.) A well-known variety with long thorns and glossy foliage; fruit bright red. 3 to 4 ft . 4 to 5 ft .
oxycantha var. coccinea fl. "pl." (Paul's"Double Scarlet Hawthorn.) One of the best double varieties; flowers brilliant carmine. 5 to 6 ft .
oxycantha var. alba fl. pl. (Double White Hawthorn.)
$1.00 \quad 10.00$

$$
75 \quad 7.50
$$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
7.50 \\
1.00 & 10.00
\end{array}
$$ Small double white flowers; very ornamental. 5 to


oxycantha. The common English Hedge Thorn; flowers single white. 3 to 4 ft . 5 to 6 ft .
GYMNOCLADUS canadensis. (Kentucky Coffee Tree,) A native tree of medium size with bluish-green feathery foliage. Desirable for street or lawn planting. 7 to 9 ft .
KOELREUTERIA paniculata. (Varnish Tree.) A hardy tree of medium size, producing showy panicles of yellow flowers in July
LARIX americana. " American Larch.) " 6 to 7 ft .
europæa. (European Larch.) An elegant quick-growing tree with light green, needle-like leaves which turn to yellow in Fall. 5 to 6 ft . 7 to 8 ft .
LIRIODENDRON tulipifera." (Tulip "Tree.) ${ }^{\circ}$ A grand native tree of rapid growth; dense foliage, dark, glossy green. 5 to 6 ft .
MALUS. (Fragrant-flowering Crab.)
Dawsoniana. Single, pale pink. 2 to 3 ft . . . . 2.00
floribunda. (Flowering Crab.) Single flowers, carmine in bud, white when open. Small red fruit in Autumn .
floribunda var. atrosanguinea. (Flowering Crab.) Flowers of a deeper color than the above
floribunda var. Parkmani. (Syn. Halleana.) (Parkman Crab.) A showy variety of medium height, bearing large double dark rose flowers
1.00
10.00

## ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES.-Continued.



Malus floribunda. (Flowering Crab.)
MALUS.-Continued.
ioensis var. Betcheli. (Bechtel's Crab.) One of the most beautiful of the flowering Crabs. Bears masses of double delicate pink flowers; very fragrant
Riversii. (River's Crab.) Bright rosy-red, semi-double. 3 to 4 ft . 2.00
Scheideckeri. Flowers double, flesh color . . . . . . . 2.00
spectabilis. (Chinese Flowering Crab.) Semi-double pink flowers. 4 to 5 ft .
spectabilis flore albo-pleno. 5 to 6 ft .
POPULUS alba var. Bolleana. (Bolle's Poplar.) In habit resembles the Lombardy; leaves glossy green above, silvery beneath. 10 to 12 ft .
12 to 14 ft .
balsamifera. (Balm of Gilead.) A native tree of luxuriant growth, with large, glossy foliage. 10 to 12 ft .
monilifera. (Carolina Poplar.) A fine spreading variety of robust growth; leaves dark, glossy green. Valuable for street planting or for screens. 10 to 12 ft .
nigra. var. fastigiata. (Lombardy or Italian Poplar.) A well-known variety of tall, pillar-like growth
8 to 10 ft .
10 to 12 ft .
12 to 14 ft .
SALISBURIA adiantifolia. (Gingko or Maidenhair Tree.) An attractive tree of medium height with foliage resembling the Maidenhair Fern. 6 to 8 ft . 8 to 10 ft .
10 to 12 ft .
SALIX caprea var. pendula. (Kilmarnock Weeping Willow.) Very graceful weeping tree, with glossy green foliage. 6 to 7 ft .
elegantissima. (Thurlow's Weeping Willow.) A graceful weeping tree, with leader of erect growth and side branches drooping. 8 to 9 ft .
babylonica. (Babylonian Weeping Willow.) The well-known large Weeping Willow. 6 to 8 ft .
pentandra syn. laurifolia. (Laurel-leaved Willow.) Dark green, glossy leaves. Excellent for seashore planting. 2 to 3 ft .
3 to 4 ft .
vitellina aurea. (Yellow-Barked Willow.) A handsome tree, conspicuous at all seasons, but particularly in Winter on account of its yellow bark. 6 to 8 ft .
SOPHORA Japonica. (Japanese Pafoda Tree.) A dwarf tree with leaves like those of the Wistaria; creamy-white flowers
SORBUS aucuparia. (European Mt. Ash.) A very ornamental tree of medium height, with attractive compound leaves. Flowers white, followed by clusters of orange-red berries. 8 to 10 ft .

SYRINGA japonica. (Japan Tree Lilac.) A handsome Each Doz. tree of neat, compact habit
$\$ 1.50 \$ 15.00$
TILIA americana. (American Linden.) A rapid-growing native tree, with very large leaves and fragrant yellow flowers. 8 to 10 ft .
$2.00 \quad 22.00$
dasystyla. (Crimean Linden.) A vigorous tree, with cordate dark green glossy leaves and bright yellow bark in Winter. 12 to 14 ft .
vulgaris or europæa. (Lime or European Linden.) Fine symmetrical tree of large size, with large leaves and fragrant flowers. 8 to 10 ft .
$1.50 \quad 15.00$
ULMUS americana. (American Elm.) The well-known native variety. 8 to 10 ft . 10 to 12 ft .
Washington Elm. We have growing in our Nurseries a limited stock of these Elms, which we propagated from scions of the original Washington Elm in Cambridge, Mass., under which Gen. George Washington took command of the Continental Troops, 1775. Plants 7 to 8 ft .
campestris. (English Elm.) An erect tree of compact growth, with smaller leaves than those of the American. 10 to 12 ft .
$2.00 \quad 22.00$
$3.00 \quad 33.00$
5.00
$2.00 \quad 20.00$
$2.00 \quad 22.00$
Doz. 2.00
1.00
1.50

1. $50 \quad 16.00$
$\begin{array}{ll}1.50 & 16.00 \\ 2.00 & 22.00\end{array}$
$2.50 \quad 28.00$
$1.00 \quad 10.00$
$1.00 \quad 10.00$
$1.50 \quad 15.00$
$2.00 \quad 20.00$
$1.50 \quad 16.00$
$2.00 \quad 22.00$
$2.50 \quad 28.00$
5.00
$2.00 \quad 22.00$
$1.50 \quad 15.00$
$35 \quad 3.50$
$.50 \quad 5.00$
$1.00 \quad 10.00$
$1.50 \quad 16.00$
$1.50 \quad 15.00$


Sallsburia adiantifolla. (Gingko or Maidenhair Tree.)

## APPLES.

75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.; $\$ 50.00$ per 100 . Larger trees, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.; $\$ 70.00$ per 100.

## SUMMER APPLES.

Early Harvest. Large; pale yellow; tender and of fine flavor. One of the earliest.
Red Astrachan. Large; crimson; crisp; juicy, slightly acid.
Sweet Bough. Large; pale yellow; sweet, very productive.

## AUTUMN APPLES.

Gravenstein. Very large; yellow, streaked red; fine quality.
Wealthy. Medium size; skin smooth and mostly covered with dark red; very hardy.

## WINTER APPLES

Baldwin. Bright red; shaded yellow; crisp and juicy; one of the most popular.
Fameuse or Snow. Medium; deep crimson; very tender.
Grimes Golden. Golden yellow, sprinkled with gray dots; flesh crisp, tender and rich.
Hubbardston Nonsuch. Large round; striped yellow and red; rich and delicious; great bearer.
King of Tompkins County. Large, beautiful red; juicy, rich aromatic flavor.
MeIntosh Red. Large and handsome; skin mostly covered with bright red; flesh white.
Newtown Pippin. Bright yellow with distinct pink blush; firm, crisp and juicy; one of the very best keepers.
Northern Spy. Large; striped red, very teader; splendid keeper.
Rhode Island Greening. Large, greenish yellow; excellent for dessert and cooking. Keeps until March.
Roxbury Russet. Medium; yellow russet; productive.
Stark. Greenish-yellow, mottled red; good late keeper.
Stayman's Winesap. A dark, rich, red apple with indistinct stripes; flesh yellow, firm and juicy.
Sutton Beauty. Fruit medium; skin yellow, striped crimson
Tolman Sweet. Medium size; whitish-yellow; sweet; excellent for baking.
Wolf River. Of immense size and beauty; red on a yellow ground; strong grower.

## APPLES.-Continued. DWARF APPLES. <br> 75 ets. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.

The dwarf trees are best suited for the home garden where the space is limited. They can be planted 6 to 8 feet apart and with good care will bear abundantly in about three years. We can supply the following varieties on dwarf stock.
Red Astrachan, Gravenstein, Wealthy, Northern Spy, Baldwin, McIntosh Red.

## CRAB APPLES.

Hyslop. Large; dark crimson; excellent for cooking. Transcendent. Handsome, large, red; excellent quality.

## PEARS.

$\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.; $\$ 70.00$ per 100 .

## SUMMER PEARS.

Bartlett. Yellow with red cheek; productive and of luscious flavor. Clapp's Favorite. A popular variety; large, yellow and red; sweet and melting.

## AUTUMN PEARS.

Duchesse D'Angouleme. Very large; white flesh, rich and juicy.
Flemish Beauty. Large and symmetrical; yellow and russet; rich and juicy.
Sheldon. Russet, with red cheek; fine flavor.
Seckel. Small; yellowish-brown; delicious spicy flavor.

## WINTER PEARS.

## Beurre D'Anjou. Large; greenish

 russet; flesh melting; splendid flavor. Lawrence. Medium size; goldenyellow; rich flavor.
## DWARF PEARS

75 ets. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. The following list of select varieties can be supplied, grafted on dwarf stock for planting in the same manner as the dwarf apples.
Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite,
Duchesse D'Angouleme,
Seckel, Beurre d'Anjou.

## ORNAMENTAL EVERGREENS IN TUBS.

 BOXWOOD. (Buxus sempervirens.)These are trained in the form of Bay Trees and are used for similar purposes. They have been found to survive the Winter out-of-doors on the Massachusetts coast with slight protection.
Pyramidal. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 5.00$ each; 3 ft ., $\$ 7.00$ each;, $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 10.00$ each; 4 ft ., $\$ 12.00$ each; $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., to 5 ft . $\$ 15.00$ to $\$ 20.00$ each.
Standards. Crowns 15 to 16 inch diam., $\$ 5.00$ each; 16 to 18 inch diam., $\$ 8.00$ each; 18 to 20 inch diam. $\$ 10.00$ each.
Bush Form. Bushy plants, 10 to 12 inches, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.; $\$ 75.00$ per 100.12 to 15 inches $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 14.00$ per doz.; 15 to 18 inches, $\$ 1.75$ each; $\$ 18.00$ per doz.; 18 to 24 inches, $\$ 3.00$ each. Globe-shaped. Very ornamental. 12 in. x 12 in., $\$ 5.00$ each; $15 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 15 \mathrm{in} ., \$ 7.00$ each; $18 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 18$ in $\$ 10.00$ each; 24 in. x 24 in., $\$ 20.00$ each.

The prices quoted on Box Trees do not include tubs. If wanted in heavy, green painted tubs, add $\$ 1.25$ for each plant.

## IVIES IN POTS.

IVY. English. (Hedera-helix.) Plants in 4-in. pots, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz. Plants in 5-in. pots, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz. Plants in 7 -in. pots, $\$ 1.75$ each. Plants in 9 -in. pots, $\$ 3.00$ each.

## ORNAMENTAL EVERGREENS.

EUONYMUS japonica. Erect-growing variety with large glossy green foliage and bright green bark, Very decorative in pots or tubs. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft ., $\$ 2.00$ each; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 2.75$ each.
EUONYMUS japonica aurea variegata. A beautiful variety with glossy, dark green foliage, bordered golden yellow. $1 \frac{1}{3}$ to 2 ft ., $\$ 2.00$ each; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 2.75$ each.


Pyramidal Boxwood,

## FARQUHAR'S

## POT-GROWN

## STRAWBERRY

## PLANTS.

All the rarieties offered are perfect-flowering (bi-sexual) except where marked $P$. The latter are pistillate and require a row of a perfect-flowering sort planted every 8 or 10 feet to pollenize their blossoms.
These, if planted in July and August, produce a large crop the next Summer. Being grown in pots, they may be shipped to a distance and planted with almost no interruption to their growth. The plants may be set in beds of three rows, one foot apart and one foot distant in the rows, with a space of two and one-half feet between the outside rows of adjoining beds left for a pathway. They may also be planted in single rows three feet apart and one foot apart in the rows.

## FARQUHAR'S "SELECT" VARIETIES.

## FIRST EARLY.

Campbell's Early. One of the earliest berries, unusually productive; fruit large and of a beautiful rich red color.
Excelsior. This is decidedly the best early Strawberry and the earliest good Strawberry. The fruit is of round, conical form, glossy, dark-red color, and of mildly acid flavor.

## SECOND EARLY.

Glen Mary. Large, conical, bright red berries; fine flavor.
Senator Dunlap. The fruit is large, rich and dark red clear to the centre, with a very rich flavor. It will keep in fair condition for several days on the vines after being ripe enough to pick.

## MEDIUM.

Early Jersey Giant. A new, medium-early variety of great merit. The berries are of conical shape with pointed tips and are a bright crimson in color, with a delicious flavor and aroma.
Big Joe. A magnificent new Strawberry of robust growth and very prolific. The berries are light crimson in color, unusually large and of fine quality.

MEDIUM.-Continued.
Marshall. The fruit of this remarkable sort is of enormous size, of handsome, glossy dark-crimson color, and of delicious flavor. It is one of the best midseason berries, either for private use or market. It is a vigorous grower and requires good soil and high cultivation. As it does not thrive in all soils, it should not be planted extensively until its adaptability is ascertained.
McAlpin. Very productive, and is considered by many growers to be one of the best of the newer introductions. The berries are a beautiful scarlet in color, very large and of rich, luscious flavor.
Nick Ohmer. Dark, glossy red, globular berries of superior flavor, fine for forcing.

## LATE TO VERY LATE.

Chesapeake. The plants of the Chesapeake are large and vigorous, with rich, dark-green foliage. The fruit is of large size, deep red in color and of a rich, aromatic flavor.
Commonwealth. This is the latest of all Strawberries; bearing large, conical, deep crimson fruit, sweet and of quality equal to the well-known Bubach. Not only an extra large berry, but also very productive, of deep rich color, solid and quite juicy.
William Belt. An exceptionally fine berry. In quality it heads the list. The large berries are glossy, deep red; late as Gandy.

POT-GROWN PLANTS of the above "Select" Varieties, from 2 - 1 in. pots, well rooted, delivery in July and August. $\$ 5.00$ per 100 ; $\$ 45.00$ per 1,000.

## STANDARD VARIETIES.

## EARLY.

Early Ozark. One of the most productive early varieties, producing large, dark-red berries of rather acid flavor, but very delicious. The plants are of vigorous growth with fine dark-green foliage.
Sample P. Excellent for either market or home use; prolific, large, firm and delicious.

## MEDIUM.

Abington. A strong-growing variety of recent introduction. The fruit is of large size, bright red in color, very solid and of excellent flavor.
POT-GROWN PLANTS of the above Standard varieties, from $2_{4}^{1}-\mathrm{in}$. po per 1,000.

## FALL=BEARING STRAWBERRIES.

The Fall-bearing varieties produce fruit at the same season as the ordinary Strawberries, but keep bearing until frost. To get the best results for a late crop, the blossoms must be carefully kept off until July, or the plants will completely exhaust themselves before Fall. If the runners are kept cut during the Summer, it will give additional vigor to the late crop.
Progressive. This variety is considered to be one of the best perpetual bearing Strawberries. The fruit is rich and sweet, a deep red inside and out; of good medium size and quite firm. Pot Grown Plants, $\$ 7.00$ per 100.

Brandywine. A large heart-shaped berry, perfect in form, bright red in color, firm flesh, red to the center and of rich, spicy flavor. A great cropper, especially on heavy soils, holds its fruit well up from the ground and generally succeeds everywhere.

## LATE TO VERY LATE.

Gandy. This popular old variety is probably known by most berry growers. It is more largely grown than any other late variety. On sandy soils it is unproductive.
Rewastico. A very productive new variety. The plants are of vigorous growth with an abundance of dark-green foliage and producing uniformly large berries. Color rich cardinal red, penetrating to centre.

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.

## Varieties Suitable for Autumn Planting.

ESCULUS parviflora. (Syn. Pavia macrostachya.) (Dwarf Horse Chestnut.) A beautiful spreading shrub, producing numerous large, showy spikes of white flowers late in June; effective as a single specimen. $\$ 2.50$ each.
ALMOND. (Amygdalus.) See Prunus.
AMORPHA canescens. (Lead Plant.) A dense-growing shrub, Doz. producing an abundance of flowers of a blue color, borne on terminal spikes. 50 cts. each
fruticosa. (False Indigo.) A strong-growing shrub with spikes of Indigo-colored flowers; June. 50 cts. each Larger Plants. 75 cts. each
RALIA pentaphylla. A beautiful Japanese shrub of rapid growth, branches furnished with spines, leaves palmate, fivelobed and pale green. 50 cts. each Larger Plants. 75 cts each
spinosa. (Hercules' Club, Angelica Tree.) See page 33.
AZALEA Kæmpferi. (Rhododendron Kcmpferi.) This charming scarlet-flowered Japanese shrub is wonderfully floriferous, absolutely hardy and should be in every collection.
18 to 24 inches. $\$ 2.50$ each
27.50

24 to 30 inches. $\$ 3.50$ each
Specimen Plants. $\$ 5.00$ each,
mollis. A gorgeous Spring-flowering dwarf shrub, the flowers of which come before the foliage, literally making the plant a blaze of color. The colors range from light yellow to orange-salmon, flame color and copper-red. It is valuable for partially shaded situations where few shrubs thrive. $\$ 2.00$ each.
arborescens. A large spreading native Azalea, with handsome foliage and white or blush fragrant flowers coming in July. Easily grown in ordinary soil. $\$ 2.00$ each
calendulacea. (Flame Azalea.) This showy plant is covered in June with masses of flowers, varying from pale yellow to deep orange. \$2.00 each
Vaseyi. Forms a compact bush, covered "in "July "with brilliant pink blossoms. $\$ 1.50$ each.
BERBERIS purpurea. (Purple-leaved Barberry.) Dark purple foliage. 50 cts. each
Thunbergii. (Japanese Barberry.) Dwarf, handsome shining foliage which turns coppery-red in Autumn, its bright red berries hang throughout the entire Winter. Large plants, 35 cts. each,
vulgaris. (Common Barberry.) June. 50 cts. each
CALYCANTHUS floridus. (Allspice or Sweet Shrub.) Brown flowers; fragrant; June to August. 60 cts. each
CARAGANA arborescens. (Siberian Pea.) An interesting shrub, flowers yellow, pea-shaped; May. 50 cts . each
CHIONANTHUS virginicus. (Fringe Tree.) White; June. 75 cts. each
Larger Plants. \$1.25 each
CLETHRA alnifolia. (Sweet Pepper Bush.) White; intensely fragrant; very fine. 50 cts. each
COLUTEA arborescens. (Bladder Senna.) A handsome and interesting shrub; its bright yellow flowers and large, transparent seed pods appearing throughout the Summer. 50 cts. each
CORNUS alba. (Red-barked Dogwood.) A valuable shrub of spreading habit, conspicuous for its ornamental bright red bark in Winter. 50 cts. each

DEUTZIA crenata fl. pl. Pride of Rochester. Double white, very beautiful; June. 50 cts each Larger Plants. 75 cts, each erenata rosea. Double pink. 50 cts. each
Lemoineii. An excellent hardy shrub, producing , pure white flowers, borne on stout branches, which are of upright growth. Habit dwarf, and free-flowering. 50 cts. each
DIERVILLA. See Weigela.
ELEAGNUS argentea. (Silver-leaved Oleaster.) An erect-growing willow-like shrub, with delicate silvery foliage and innumerable small deep yellow berries, very ornamental. 50 cts. each
Larger Plants. 60 cts . each
Florida. See Ornamental and Shade Trees, page 33.
sibirica. (Scarlet Dogwood.) Bark scarlet. 50 cts. each
angustifolium. (Oleaster.) A bushy shrub with beautiful silvery leaves and fragrant yellow flowers in June, followed by yellow fruits; valuable for seaside planting. 50 cts. each
longipes. (Japanese Oleaster.) One of our best shrubs, having long arching branches closely set with small oval, rich green leaves, which retain their fresh appearance late into the Autumn. In July it bears innumerable translucent reddish edible fruits of an agreeable pungent flavor; these with the deep green foliage make the shrub exceedingly ornamental. 50 cts . each
6.00 EUONYMUS alatus. (Cork-barked Euonymus.) This shrub is most attractive in Autumn, when its foliage becomes brilliant crimson-scarlet and when it is also covered with bright red fruit. The bark is corky and of interesting appearance. 50 cts . each
Larger Plants. 60 cts . each
stolonifera. (Red Osier.) (Red, twigged Dogwood.) Bark usually red in Winter. 50 cts. each
stolonifera var. aurea. (Golden-barked Dogwood.) Bright yellow bark in Winter. Very effective when planted in groups with the red-barked variety. 60 cts . each
mas, or mascula. (Cornelian Cherry.) A very attractive shrub with bright yellow flowers early in Spring and shining searlet fruit in the Autumn. 50 cts. each
paniculata. (Gray Dogwood.) A very free-flowering variety with white fruits on red penduncles in Fall. 60 cts. each
CORYLUS americana. (American Hazel.) The well-known Hazelnut or Filbert. 50 cts. each
avellana var. purpurea. (Purple-leaved Hazel.) Large showy shrub with deep purple foliage. 60 cts . each shining foliage and deep scarlet berries; June. 50 cts . each .
Bungeanus. (Bunge's Spindle Tree.) Showy yellow fruit and bright Autuma foliage; yellowish flowers in cymes. 75 cts. each
europæus. (Burning $\dot{B} u$ sh. $^{\text {. }}$ * This attractive shrub derives its common name from its profusion of red seed pods in Autumn, which open and allow the orange-colored seeds to hang on delicate threads. 50 cts . each
7.50 EXOCHORDA grandiflora. ( $\dot{P}$ earl Bush.) 'The unopened flower buds resemble small pearls, hence the common name. The flowers, which come in May, are in racemes of five or six, pure white with dark green eye, fragrant, very graceful and valuable for cutting. The foliage is of lively green and very decorative. 50 cts. each


Deutzia gracilis.

FORSYTHIA Fortunei. (Golden Bell.) Upright growing; gol- Doz. den-yellow; free; May. 50 cts. each . . . . . . $\$ 5.00$ Larger Plants. 60 cts. each
intermedia. Flowers bright golden-yellow; foliage glossy green. Very early. 50 cts . each
5.00 Larger Plants. 60 cts. each
intermedia aurea. Deep yellow flowers; foliage yellow. 50 cts. each
suspensa. (Weeping Golden Bell.) 'Pendulous habit; covered with yellow, drooping flowers; April. 50 cts. each Larger Plants. 60 cts. each

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.-Continued.

LILAC. (Syringa vulgaris.) The Lilacs have always been popular Doz. on account of their hardiness, vigorous growth, abundant foliage and graceful and luxuriant sweet-scented flower panicles. The Common Purple and Common White are among the most desirable tall-growing shrubs, growing eight to ten feet. The named varieties are somewhat dwarfer in habit.
Common Purple. 50 cts . each
Common White. Fragrant; May. 50 cts. each
Charles X. Reddish-purple; trusses large, vigorous. $\mathbf{7} 5$ cts. each
Madame Cassimir Perier. Double creamy-white; fragrant. 75 cts. each
Madame Lemoine. Double white. $70^{\circ} \mathrm{cts}$ each
Marie Legraye. The finest white sort. 75 cts. each
Michael Buchner. Pale lilac; double. 75 cts. each
Persian Pink. Large and fine. 75 cts . each
Persian White. 75 cts. each
Rothmagensis. (Rouen Lilac.) Reddish-lilac. 75 cts each
Souvenir de Louis Spæth. Dark purplish-red. 75 ets. each
LONICERA. (Bush Honeysuckle.)
Alberti. (Siberian Honeysuckle.) Dwarf bush with slender, drooping branches and small narrow leaves; flowers violet; very fragrant. 50 cts. each
bella. This Bush Honeysuckle is a hybrid between $\dot{L}$. tatarica and L. Morrowii and combines the good qualities of both parents. It grows 8 to 10 ft . tall and more in diameter, and flowers and fruits abundantly. The flowers vary from pure white to pink, and the fruit, which is ripe in August, is red. A very handsome and valuable hardy shrub. 50 cts. each
tatarica. (Tartarian Honeysuckle.) The Tartarian Honeysuckle has been esteemed not only for its charming pink, fragrant flowers, which cover the bush in May, but also for its bright orange-colored fruit in Autumn. It attains a height of six to eight feet. 50 cts. each
tatarica rosea grandiflora. A fine twiggy bush with slender upright branches, covered with large pink flowers. 50 cts. each, tatarica alba. (White Tartarian Honeysuckle.) Forms a high bush, with creamy-white, very fragrant flowers. 50 cts. each . Morrowii. White flowers in May, followed by bright red fruit during Summer and Autumn. 50 cts. each Larger Plants. 75 cts . each
Ruprechta. Large creamy-white flowers in May. Large red POTENTILLA fruticosa. (Cinquefoil.) Useful low-growing shrub covered with yellow flowers during the Summer. 50 cts. each

Luspensa var. atrocaulis. A new variety differing chiefly in the purple color of the young growth, and in the dark purple or nearly black stems. $\$ 1.00$ each.
viridissima. A more compact variety than the preceding, with deep green bark and flowering somewhat later. 50 cts. each Larger Plants. 60 cts. each

Doz.

HALESIA tetraptera. (Snowdrop Tree.) A beautiful large shrub with white bell-shaped flowers borne in profusion; May. $\$ 1.00$ each
HAMAMELIS virginica. (Witch Hazel.) A tall native shrub, with yellow flowers late in the Autumn. 50 cts , each Larger Plants 60 ets. each
HIPPOPHE rhamnoides. (Sea Buckthorn.) A luxuriant spreading bush with grayish foliage, thriving well near the sea. 50 cts. each
HYDRANGEA paniculata grandiflora. The showiest of Autumn shrubs, bearing immense heads of creamy-white flowers, turning to pleasing shades of red. 2 to 3 ft ., 50 ets. each
5.00 3 to 4 ft ., 75 ets. each
. 50
Standard or Tree. \$1.00 each
10.00
paniculata. This is the original wild Japanese form. The flower panicles are more erect and less dense then the grandiflora variety. It is considered more graceful. 50 cts . each
arborescens grandiflora alba. (Snowball Hydrangea.) Snow white blooms of large size; June to August. 40 cts. each
HYPERICUM patulum var. Henryi. A new hardy St. John's Wort, growing $2 \frac{1}{3}$ to 4 ft ., with masses of clear yellow flowers produced in great profusion during July and August. The leaves are elliptic-ovate, about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in. long, and are retained late into the Fall. A very desirable yellow-flowered shrub. 50 cts. each
5.00
4.00

LEX verticillata. (Winterberry.) Beautiful orange-red berries which remain during Winter. 50 cts. each
ITEA virginica. A pretty native shrub producing racemes or pure white flowers; June. 50 cts. each
LIGUSTRUM ibota. (Chinese Privet.) A very hardy shrub with dark, shining green foliage and pure white flowers, sweetly scented. 40 cts. each
Regelianum. A dwarf spreading variety of the preceding, with the branches of more horizontal habit; makes a beautiful, symmetrical specimen shrub. 40 cts. each
vulgaris. (Common or "European" Privet.) "Narrow foliage; showy white flowers. 40 cts. each


Hypericum patulum var. Henryi.

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.-Continued.

PHILADELPHUS coronarius. (Mock Orange or Syringa.) This variety is known as the "Garland Syringa." It is a stronggrowing shrub often ten to twelve feet in height, very hardy and like all the Philadelphus is one of the best shrubs for situations which are partially shaded, although preferring sun. Orangescented, creamy-white flowers in May and June. 50 cts. each
coronarius grandiflorus. (Large-flowered Mock Orange.) A more robust form of the preceding, with larger, conspicuous white flowers. 50 cts. each
nanus aureus. (Golden Mock Örange.) This variety has foliage of golden-yellow which holds its color even when fully exposed to the sun, but gradually becoming greenish towards Autumn. 50 cts. each
Lemoinei. A very neat and compact variety, growing four to six feet in height and abundantly covered with white, fragrant blossoms in June. 50 cts . each
Avalanche. Graceful and slender arching branches; showy white flowers; June. 50 cts. each
Boule d'Argent. Large double silvery-white flowers; very fragrant. 50 cts . each
erectus. A superb shrub of upright growth, covered with fragrant white flowers in June. 50 cts . each
Gerbe de Neige. Large, pure snowy-white flowers. " 50 " cts. each,
inodorus. Upright grower; covered with white flowers; not fragrant. 50 cts. each

## PRIVET. (See Ligustrum.)

PRUNUS. japonica flore albo pleno (Amygdalus.) (Double White-flowering Almond.) Well-known and highly esteemed for its graceful, erect, willow-like branches, profusely covered in May with large white double flowers. 60 cts. each
japonica flore rubro pleno. (Double Red-flowering Almond.) Double rose-like flowers, covering the slender branches in great profusion, before the leaves appear. 60 cts . each
Pissardi. (Purple-leaved Plum.) The young leaves are of deep crimson, changing to coppery-red. One of the best of the red or purple-leaved shrubs, sometimes attaining the size of a small tree. 60 cts . each
triloba. (Double-flowering" Plum.) "A showy and interesting tall-growing shrub, bearing in May on its long, slender branches a wealth of lovely large, pink double flowers. One of the finest Spring-blooming shrubs. 60 cts , each
RHODOTYPUS kerrioides. (White Kerria.) A bushy shrub with snow-white flowers appearing in May and sparingly throughout the Summer. 50 cts. each


Lonicera Tatarica. Tatarian Honeysuckle.


Philadelphus coronarius grandiflorus. Syringa.
RHUS cotinus. (Purple Fringe.) (Smoke Bush.) A tall shrub, Doz. bearing masses of misty smoke-colored flowers in June. 60 ets. each
typhina laciniata. (Fern-leaved Staghorn Sumach.) An effective shrub with delicate fern-like foliage; very brillianc in the Autumn. 75 cts. each
ROBINA hispida. (Rose Acacia.) Long clusters of fragrant rose flowers in May; very ornamental. 50 cts . each
SAMBUCUS aurea. (Golden Elder.) 50 cts. each
canadensis. (Common Elder.) Flat heads of white flowers in June and reddish-purple berries in Fall. Thrives best in damp soil. 50 cts. each
canadensis var. maxima. (Great Elder.) This splendid variety of the black-fruited Elder blossoms in early July and produces flower-clusters three times the size of those of the type. The flowers are followed by immense heads of black fruit. $\$ 1.00$ each, 10.00
SORBARIA arborea glabrata. An extremely ornamental, late Summer-flowering Shrub, growing 6 to 15 ft . tall, with pinnately divided, dark green leaves. The flowers are snow-white, abundantly produced in terminal, much-branched panicles 15 to 18 in. long, during September and continuing to flower until the advent of sharp frosts late in the Fall. 60 ets. each
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. Erect-growing shrub with elegant fern-like yellowish-green foliage. 50 cts . each
SYRINGA. See Lilac and Philadelphus.
SYMPHORICARPUS racemosus. (Snowberry.) A compact, graceful shrub, attaining a height of about five feet, with slender, arching branches. The pink flowers are succeeded by large, oval, pure white berries which hang on the branches long into Winter. 50 cts . each
vulgaris. (Coral Berry.) (Indian Currant.) This hardy shrub grows about three feet in height, compact in habit, flowers pink, followed by clusters of tiny purplish-red berries. 50 cts. each


Spiræa Anthony Waterer.
SPIRÆA arguta. While all the Spiræas are valuable for their Doz. easy culture, and floriferous character, this variety is one of the earliest and most graceful of the genus, its slender branches becoming covered with innumerable pure white, tiny flowers early in Spring. 50 cts . each
Bumaldi. A dwarf Japanese variety of vigorous growth. Flowers pink; July. $50 \mathrm{cts}$. each .
callosa. Deep rose, grows freely and flowers nearly all Summer. 50 cts . each callosa alba. White; May. 50 cts. each
Anthony Waterer. Brilliant rosy-carmine flowers in dense clusters; blooms all Summer. 50 ets. each
Henryi. A bush 4 to 6 ft tall with rather stiff, spreading branches and corymbose masses of pure white flowers produced from the leaf axils in June. This fine Spiræa is perfectly hardy, free-growing and most floriferous and certainly one of the finest of its family. $\$ 1.00$ each
opulifolia. Strong-growing shrub with white flowers along the stem. Useful for screening purposes. 50 cts. each
opulifolia aurea. White flowers in clusters; golden foliage; May.
prunifolia flore pleno. ( Bridal $\dot{W}$ reath.) A beautiful, erect-growing shrub, with lanceolate leaves, bearing in May pure white double flowers in great profusion. 50 cts. each
Reevesii. A spreading shrub of medium growth, with delicate lanceolate foliage. In May the plant is completely covered with large round clusters of pure white flowers. 50 cts . each
Thunbergii. Of dwarf compact habit with slender, somewhat drooping branches, densely covered witt fine long, narrow leaves; flowers very early in Spring when the plant is a mass of snowy whiteness. 50 cts. each
Van Houttei. By many this is regarded as the finest of all Spiræas and it is assuredly one of the most esteemed shrubs in cultivation. It forms an erect bush with graceful arching branches, well covered with neat, rich green foliage, and in early Summer a profusion of large, pure white flower clusters; very hardy and a most effective shrub. 50 cts . each Larger Plants. 75 cts. each
TAMARIX africana. (African Tamarisk.) "An erect-growing shrub with slender branches covered with light feathery foliage and bearing beautiful spikes of pale pink flowers in May. All varieties of Tamarix are adapted to planting by the seaside. 50 cts . each
hispida æestivalis. Of vigorous, erect growth, with delicate foliage of a soft moss-green color; flowers pink, appearing in August. 50 cts. each
VIBURNUM eassinoides. A handsome native shrub of medium size, bearing large cymes of white flowers in June and clusters of black berries in Autumn. 50 ets. each
Carlesi. A Japanese variety, bearing large corymbs of sweet-scented white flowers resembling Bouvardia. A very desirable shrub. $\$ 1.25$ each

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.-Continued.

## VIBURNUM.-Continued.

dentatum. (Arrow-Wood.) A tall native shrub, bearing green- Doz. ish-white flowers in June; fruit deep blue; one of the best shrubs for massing. 50 cts . each
dilatatum. (Japanese Bush Cranberry.) Handsome free-flowering variety of dwarf-spreading growth, with pure white flowers in May and June, followed by scarlet fruits in Autumn. 75 cts. each
lentago. (Sheepberry.) A native shrub attaining large size. Flowers in large cymes, white, very fragrant, followed by clusters of bluish-black fruit. 50 ets . each
molle. A large native shrub, with pubescent leaves and white flowers which appear later than most of the other sorts. Fruit blue, in clusters. 50 cts . each
opulus. (High Bush Cranberry.) A most ornamental shrub with white flowers in June, followed in Autumn by bright scarlet berries which remain on the plant well into Winter. 50 cts. each,
opulus sterilis. (Snowball or Guelder Rose.) A favorite tallgrowing shrub, bearing in May large, globular pure white flowers. 50 cts . each
tomentosum. (Hairy Japanese Viburnum.) A large shrub with rich, deep green plicated foliage and massive cymes of pure white flowers ranged along the branches in June. 50 cts . each Larger Plants. 75 cts each
tomentosum var. plicatum. (Japanese Snowball.) This is vastly superior to the common Snowball and is considered one of the finest shrubs grown. It is of moderate symmetrical growth, has handsome dark green plicated leaves, and in June bears a profusion of large, pure white, globular heads of sterile flowers. 60 cts. each
WEIGELA. (Diervilla.)
candida. This is considered the best white-flowered Weigela, coming into bloom in June and continuing more or less throughout the Summer. 50 cts. each
floribunda. A free-flowering, vigorous-growing shrub, producing crimson flowers in June and July in the greatest profusion. 50 ets. each
rosea. In June the plant is covered with large rosy-pink flowers; an elegant shrub of erect, compact growth. 50 cts . each
rosea variegata. This is a variety of the preceding, having somewhat lighter rosy-pink flowers and the foliage marked with silvery-white; one of the best variegated-leaved shrubs. 50 cts. each
Eva Rathke. Bright crimson flowers in June and usually throughout the Summer. 60 cts . each
XANTHORHIZA apiifolia. Dwarf-spreading shrub, thriving in sun or shade, valuable for ground-covering purposes or for a sub-growth among taller shrubs. 50 cts . each

Viburnum plicatum. Japanese Snowball.


## HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.-Continued.

## HEDGE PLANTS.

The best Hedges are formed by setting the plants in a single row about twelve inches apart.
Barberry, Common. (Berberis vulgaris.) A tall plant, Doz. 100 forming an excellent hedge or screen. $1_{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 ft . . $\$ 2.50 \$ 18.00$
Japanese. (Berberis Thunbergii.) Ornamental and defensive; rarely loses its lower branches. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . Large Plants. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .
Lilac, Common. Very ornamental, may be clipped to four or five feet or allowed to grow to eight to twelve feet in height.
Philadelphus coronarius. (White Syringa.) A tall hedge of free growth; valuable for partial shade
Rosa rugosa rubra. Rich green foliage and large rosycrimson flowers followed by large orange-scarlet fruits; very ornamental
Rugosa alba. Large single white flowers.
Spiræa Van Houttei. An excellent hedge, where a natural untrimmed effect is desired. 3 ft .
$2.50 \quad 18.00$
$3.00 \quad 22.00$
$4.00 \quad 30.00$
$4.00 \quad 30.00$
$4.00 \quad 30.00$
$4.00 \quad 30.00$
$4.00 \quad 30.00$

Privet, Californian. (Ligustrum ovalifolium.) The most popular Privet; foliage dark green; grows rapidly. The plants should be set ten to twelve inches apart. To form a dense hedge from the base, the plants should be pruned low for two seasons after planting. Not quite hardy.
 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
Privet Amoor. (Ligustrum amurense.) Large, oblong, glossy-green foliage and clusters of white, fragrant flowers; fine for hedges and mass plantings. 2 to 3 ft .

Doz. 100
$\$ 2.50 \$ 18.00$
Privet, Chinese. (Ligustrum Ibota.) Very hardy and ornamental, de sirable for partial shade, should be closely trimmed for three or four years if compact form is desired.

Doz. 100


Larger Plants. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.

## HARDY CLIMBING AND CREEPING VINES.

ACTINIDIA arguta. Dark green, shining foliage and white flowers. Excellent for arbors, trellises, etc. $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
AKEBIA quinata. Rich green, clover-like foliage and pendulous clusters of dark purple flowers. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
AMPELOPSIS quinquefolia. (Virginia Creeper, or Common Woodbine.) 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.75$ per doz.; $\$ 28.00$ per 100 .
quinquefolia, var. Englemannii. This woodbine clings to stone and wood like Boston Ivy. 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.75$ per doz.; $\$ 28.00$ per 100 .
Veitchii. The well-known Boston Ivy. Two-year plants, 50 ets. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.; $\$ 35.00$ per 100. Three-year plants, 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.; $\$ 55.00$ per 100 .
ARISTOLOCHIA sipho. (Dutchman's Pipe.) $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
BIGNONIA radicans. (Trumpet Vine.) 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
radicans grandiflora. A large-flowering variety of the preceding, with beautiful orange-red flowers. 50 cts . each; $\$ 500$ per doz.


Aristolochia sipho. Dutchman's Pipe.

CELASTRUS orbiculatus. (Japanese Bittersweet.) A rampant climbing shrub, having luxuriant green foliage and in Autumn becoming literally covered with bright yellow fruits, which soon open and disclose the scarlet seeds within. This and the native variety C. Scandens are valuable for covering banks or rocky ground and for producing naturalistic effects. 40 ets. each; $\$ 4.50$ per doz.
scandens. (Bittersweet Roxbury Wax Work.) Ovate, glossy green foliage, turning bright yellow in the Autumn. Showy, drooping clusters of orange fruits in Fall, and clinging to the branches throughout the Winter. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
CLEMATIS. It is preferable to plant Clematis in Spring.
EUONYMUS radicans. Japanese evergreen trailer with dark glossy green, dense foliage. A moderate climber, particularly desirable for clothing the foundations of houses and rockwork. This plant has been found most satisfactory for edgings and miniature hedges in formal gardens, being much more hardy than Box-wood. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18.00$ per 100 .
Larger Plants, 50 cts, each
radicans variegata. A rare form with foliage handsomely variegated with green, silver and pink. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
radicans vegetus. (Large-leaved Trailing Euonymus.) This is a most valuable ground-covering evergreen plant, with rich deep green foliage, thriving in partial shade or under trees where grass and other plants fail. It is also our best hardy evergreen vine, retaining its foliage through the Winter, even when exposed to the sun. 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.75$ per doz.; $\$ 28.00$ per 100.
Extra Large, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.; $\$ 40.00$ per 100.
Kewensis. A splendid trailing evergreen plant, useful for the rock garden or for carpeting the ground. The small oval foliage is dark green in color with lighter veins; a very pretty variety. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.; $\$ 20.00$ per 100 .
HYDRANGEA petiolaris. (Wilson.) This splendid hardy climber, hitherto has been but little known, although it was introduced from Japan a generation ago. Once established, it climbs rapidly, clinging by its little rootlets like English Ivy. The foliage is bright green, quite massive and numerous flat flower cymes are produced which average 8 to 10 inches in diameter. The flowers are white, coming in the early Summer. \$1.00 each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
LONICERA brachypoda var. aurea reticulata. (Golden Honeysuckle.) Foliage handsomely marbled with gold. 50 cts each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
brachypoda, var. Halleana. (Hall's Honeysuckle.) White and yellow flowers, very fragrant. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.; $\$ 30.00$ per 100 .
belgica. (Monthly Honeysuckle.) Thick, oval, glossy-green foliage and a nearly continuous succession of clusters of showy, fragrant yellow flowers. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Heckrotti. Deep red flowers with yellow throat; continuous bloomer. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
sempervirens. (Scarlet Honeysuckle.) 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
LYCIUM chinensis. (Matrimony Vine.) A Chinese species with large, light green foliage and pale purple flowers, followed by showy orange and scarlet fruits. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
PERIPLOCA græea. IA rapid-growing vine with lanceolate, dark green foliage and small clusters of purple flowers. 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz. POLYGONUM Baldschuanicum. A rapid growing vine, useful for trellises, or covering old trees. The flowers are white, delicately suffused with pink, and are borne in great profusion. $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
WISTARIA chinensis. (Chinese Wistaria.) A luxuriant, rapid-growing vine, light blue, pea-shaped flowers. $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 11.00$ per doz. chinensis alba. (White Wistaria.) \$1.25 each; \$12.00 per doz.

## NEW EVERGREENS FROM CHINA.



## NEW FIRS FROM CHINA INTRODUCED BY THE ARNOLD ABORETUM.


#### Abstract

Abies Delavayi. This is one of the handsomest of the Silver Fir family. It is also one of the hardiest known in China. Its upright growth and rich, deep green foliage make it rival in appearance the Yew trees of Europe, and we predict that for landscape purposes, this Fir will be used to produce the Yew effects here. \$3.00 each. Larger Plants, $\$ 5.00$ each.


Abies recurvata. This Fir is of pyramidal habit. The rich, deep green foliage resembles that of Abies Delavayi, but is strongly recurved, which gives the tree a distinct and pleasing appearance. It has proved perfectly hardy and like A. Delavayi will be a valuable addition to our trees for landscape planting. $\$ 3.00$ each. Larger Plants, $\$ 5.00$ each.

## NEW CHINESE SPRUCES INTRODUCED BY THE ARNOLD ABORETUM.

Picea asperata var. ponderosa. This handsome variety is remarkable for its large cones.
Picea Balfouriana. One of the tallest of the Chinese Spruces.
Picea montigena. The short, stout bristly leaves are of shining green and more or less glaucescent.
Picea retroflexa. Glaucous foliage in somewhat spiral arrangement. Very interesting.

Picea asperata. A quadrangular-leaved Spruce from northwestern China. Some of the trees are very glaucous in appearance, hence the colloquial name Yun sha (Cloudy Fir). Old trees are very spire-like in outline. All the varieties of P . asperata are of dense growth, and the purplish coloring of the young foliage makes them strikingly beautiful in the early Summer.
Picea asperata var. notabilis. This variety differs from the preceding, chiefly in the cones, the scales of which are rhombicovate in outline.

Strong Plants of the above varieties, each $\$ 3.00$. Collection of 6 varieties, $\$ 15.00$. Larger Plants, each $\$ 5.00$. Collection of 6 varieties, $\$ 25.00$.

## HARDY CONIFERS.

We do not advise planting Evergreens later than October 1st, in New England. We only offer varieties suitable for Fall Planting.

ABIES balsamea. (Balm of Gilead Fir.) Rich dark-green foliage, silvery underneath.
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft .
$\$ 1.25$ each
4 to 5 ft .
\$2.50 each
$3^{2}$ to 4 ft .
1.50 each
canadensis. (See Tsuga.)
concolor. (Colorado Silver Fir.) One of the most beautiful and graceful evergreen trees, growing in symmetrical pyramid form, with long feathery foliage of silvery-green color, which curves upward. As a lawn specimen it is one of the most decorative trees.
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .

| 82.00 each | 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft}$. |
| :--- | :--- |

$\$ 5.00$ each
$2_{2}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3 ft .
3.50 each 5 to 6 ft .
10.00 each

Fraseri. Similar to the Balsam Fir, but more beautiful in appearance; very hardy. Foliage dark green, bluish underneath.

Veitchii. (Veitch's Silver Fir.) A beautiful Evergreen with a pronounced silvery tint; fine as a specimen. 2 to 3 ft . . $\$ 2.50$ each | 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . $\$ 4.00$ each
JUNIPERUS communis. (English Juniper.) Low-growing bushy plant; light glaucous foliage; very hardy.
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .

$\stackrel{\text { Each }}{\text { Doz. }}$

JUNIPERUS.-Continued.
communis var. Hibernica. (Irish Juniper.) A beautiful glaucousgreen variety of dense pillar-like growth; very desirable.

communis var. suecica. (Swedish Juniper.) Grows in the form of a neat, compact column; foliage golden-green.
2 to $\left.2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Each } \\ \$ 2.00 \\ \text { Doz. } \\ \$ 22.00\end{gathered} \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{ll}2 \frac{1}{2} \text { to } 3 \mathrm{ft} . & \text { Each Doz. } \\ \$ 2.50 \\ \$ 28.00\end{array}$
communis var. prostrata. A dwarf spreading variety Each Doz. with trailing branches
$\$ 1.25 \$ 12.00$ Larger Plants, $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 5.00$ each.
Chinensis Kaidsuka. An unusually handsome Juniper of dense pyramidal growth, having fine, yellowish-green foliage. Strong plants 3 to 4 feet, $\$ 4.00$ each; $\$ 45.00$ per dozen.
Chinensis Gin-ibuki. A variety of decided beauty, of dwarf compact habit, and having delicate foliage of green, variegated with rich goldenyellow. $\$ 2.50$ each; $\$ 28.00$ per dozen.
Chinensis Kin-ibuki. Similar to the above, but with silvery-white markings. $\$ 2.50$ each; $\$ 28.00$ per dozen.
Virginale globosa. Very fine dwarf evergreen, with handsome closely set heads of green foliage, forming a dense round mat. $\$ 2.50$ each; $\$ 28.00$ per dozen.

## HARDY CONIFERS.-Continuad.

## JUNIPERUS.-Continued.

Virginale globosa aurea. Yellow form of the preceding, and like it, a most valuable acquisition for the rock garden, $\$ 2.50$ each; $\$ 28.00$ per dozen.
chinensis var. Pfitzeriana. A beautiful form with graceful, dark-green foliage.
2 to 3 ft . . $\$ 3.00$ each | 3 to 4 ft . . $\$ 4.00$ each
excelsa var. stricta. (Slender Geek Juniper.) Of slender conical outline, very symmetrical; foliage glaucous, dense and prickly. Valuable for window boxes.
15 to 18 in. $\begin{gathered}\text { Each } \\ \$ 1.50 \$ 16.00\end{gathered} \quad 18$ to 24 in. $\begin{aligned} & \text { Each } \\ & \$ 2.50 \\ & \$ 25.00\end{aligned}$
sabina. (Savin Juniper.) Dwarf prostrate spreading branches. Thrives in poor soil.

Each Doz. 18 to ${ }^{\text {Each }}$ Doz.
12 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25 \$ 12.00 \mid 18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.75 \$ 18.00$
sabina var. prostrata. Dull green leaves; grows rapidly and is very effective for covering rocks and bare sunny positions. 12 to 18 in . spread. $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.50$ per doz.
sabina tamariscifolia. (Tamarix-leaved Savin.) A procumbent variety of great beauty. Foliage a pleasing shade of gray-green. Fine for edging. 12 to 15 in . spread, $\$ 2.75$ each; $\$ 30.00$ per doz.
japonica aurea. (Golden Japanese Juniper.) Of erect conical habit; golden foliage. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50$ each.
virginiana. (The Common Red Cedar.) Well-formed, cultivated specimens of this native Evergreen are highly ornamental. Splendid for producing natural landscapes.
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . $\$ 1.25 \$ 1400$
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . $\$ 1.25 \$ 14.00$
4 to 5 ft .
Each Doz. . . $\$ 4.00 \$ 42.00$

PICEA alba. (White Spruce.) A hardy species of quick growth. Valuable for planting near the sea.

| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. | $\$ 1.25 \mathrm{each}$ | Specimens, $4 \frac{1}{2}$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50$ each |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 to 4 ft. | 1.75 each |  | 3 to 4 ft .

1.75 each

Douglasii. (Pseudo-tsuga.) (Douglas Spruce.) A grand variety of large, conical form, with horizontal spreading branches. Foliage pale green, silvery underneath.
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
$\$ 1.50$ each | 3 to 4 ft .
$\$ 3.00$ each
excelsa. (Norway Spruce.) This familiar Spruce is more extensively grown than any of the others. Very hardy and useful for forming hedges or wind breaks.
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
$2_{2}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3
3
3
4
4
4
5
5 to $5 \mathrm{ft}.$.
Each Doz. 100
$\$ 858.00 \quad 60.00$ $1.50 \quad 15.00 \quad 100.00$
2.5025 .00
3.5035 .00
excelsa aurea. (Golden-crested Spruce.) The leaves on the upper sides of the shoots become golden-yellow.
3 to $\left.4 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Each } \\ & \$ 3.00 \\ & \$ 30.00\end{aligned} \right\rvert\, 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad$ Each $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Doz. } \\ & \$ 40.00\end{aligned}$
excelsa var. inverta. (Pendulous-Branched Spruce.) A pendulous variety of the Norway Spruce; lateral branches droop gracefully. 3 to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.00$ each
Specimens. 8 to 10 ft . . . . . $\$ 7.50$ to $\$ 10.00$ each
excelsa var. pygmæa. (Dwarf Spruce.) A very dwarf variety of slow growth, forming dense, compact plants; very ornamental. 12 to 18 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 4.00$ each
pungens. (Colorado Spruce.) The original form of the Colorado Spruce; foliage light green. Very hardy.
2 to 3 ft .
$\$ 2.50$ each | 3 to 4 ft .
$\$ 3.00$ each
pungens glauca Kosteriana. The finest form of Colorado Blue Spruce, Very ornamental and invaluable as a specimen tree for the lawn.

pungens glauca pendula. (Weeping Blue Spruce.) An attractive specimen tree with pendulous branches and rich blue foliage.
3 to 4 ft .
$\$ 5.00$ each $\mid 4$ to 5 ft.
$\$ 7.50$ each 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad 10.00$ each $/ 7$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . . \quad . \quad . \quad 15.00$ each


Taxus cuspidata.
PINUS austriaca. (Austrian Pine.) A noble tree of rapid growth, with massive horizontal branches covered with long, thick dark-green foliage; very hardy.
2 to 3 ft Each Doz. $\quad$ Each Doz. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft}$. . . $\$ 2.00 \$ 20.00 \quad 5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{C} . \quad \$ 7.50 \$ 75.00$ 3 to 4 ft . . . $3.00 \quad 30.00 \mid 6$ to 7 ft. . . . 10.00
densiflora. (Japanese Red Pine.) A rapid-growing and very ornamental Pine; the long, slender needles are bright bluish-green. 4 to 5 ft ., $\$ 4.00$ each.
PINUS mughus. (Dwarf Mountain Pine.) An Alpine species extremely valuable for exposed situations; of dwarf, spreading habit, seldom over 4 feet in height. The foliage is of strong, deep green color and the branching growth of this beautiful bushy Pine makes it exceedingly desirable for lawn clumps, evergreen borders and terraces. It is one of the best Evergreens for planting near the sea.

|  | Each Doz. |  | Ea |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| to 12 in . diam. | \$0.85 \$9.00 | 18 to 24 in . diam. | \$2.50 \$28 |
| 12 to 15 in . dian | $1.25 \quad 12.50$ | 24 to 30 in . diam. | 3.5040 | 15 to 18 in. diam. 1.501500

resinosa. (Red Pine.) A native variety, with red bark and light green foliage in whorls.
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.

| Each |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 1.50$ |  |  |
| $\$ 16.00$ | Doz. | 3 to 4 ft. |

Each Doz.
strobus. Wite or Weymout Pine.) One of the best native Pines. Useful for screens, windbreaks and backgrounds.
2 to Each Doz. Exch Doz.
2 to 3 ft . . . $\$ 1.00 \$ 10.00$ 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad \$ 2.00 \$ 20.00$
3 to 4 ft . . $1.50 \quad 15.00 \quad 5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \quad$. . 3.0030 .00
sylvestris. (Scotch Pine.) One of the best trees for exposed situations. 3 to 4 ft Each Doz. 6 to 8 ft Each Doz.

RETINOSPORA filifera pendula. Long, thread-like, drooping, light green branches; graceful and beautiful.
${ }_{2}^{1 \frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 ft .
Each Doz.
$\$ 200$
$\$ 2200$
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft .
Each Doz.
$3.00 \quad 34.00$
$\$ 5.00 \$ 55.00$

2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
fllifera pendula aurea. A golden-leaved form of the preceding. Bushy plants. 15 to 18 in., $\$ 3.00$ each; 18 to 24 in., $\$ 5.00$ each.
pisifera. A fine pyramidal plant, distinct and graceful.
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . Each Doz.
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft .
$\$ 1.75 \$ 18.00$
3 to 4 ft .
Exch Doz.
pisifera aurea. A lovely golden form of the preceding.
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .
${ }^{\text {Fach }} \$ 1.75 \$ 18.00$
3 to 4 ft
Each Doz.
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft .
$2.25 \quad 25.00$
plumosa. Forms a handsome pyramid of dense, feathery branches fine light green foliage.


## HARDY CONIFERS.-Continued.



Tsuga canadensis pendula Sargentii.

## RETINOSPORA.-Continued.

plumosa aurea. One of the best Evergreens, forming a pyramid of rich golden foliage, which holds its color the year round. It is one of the most brilliant and hardy conifers.

$2^{2}$ to $2{ }_{2}^{1} \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad 2.5028 .00 \mid 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad 5.00 \quad 55.00$
squarrosa Veitchii. A very showy and attractive Evergreen, with fine feathery foliage of a bluish-green color.
2 to 3 ft. . . . $\$ 3.00$ each | 3 to 4 ft. . . . . $\$ 4.00$ each
Specimens and Standard Retinosporas. 6 to $10 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 10.00$ to $\$ 30.00$ each.
TAXUS cuspidata. (Japanese Yew.) A showy variety of spreading habit; foliage light green.
12 to 15 in. $\quad . \quad \$ 1.50 \$ 16.00 \mid 18$ to 24 in. . . $\$ 3.00 \$ 33.00$ 15 to 18 in
cuspidata var. brevifolia. A handsome form of the above, with short dark green leaves.
1 to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . $\$ 2.50$ each $\left\lvert\, 1 \frac{1}{2}\right.$ to 2 ft . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ each
repandens. Of spreading habit, with glossy dark green foliage; very ornamental.
12 to 18 in.
$\$ 2.00$ each । 18 to 24 in.
$\$ 3.00$ each
tardiva. A valuable Evergreen for bordering or where very low growth is desired; short, dark green foliage.
Round, mat-shaped plants. $\$ 3.50$ each; $\$ 38.00$ per doz.
Larger Plants, $\$ 5.00$ each.
tardivia aurea. Yellow form of the above. $\$ 3.50$ each; $\$ 38.00$ per doz.
TSUGA canadensis. (Hemlock Spruce.) A handsome native Evergreen, valuable as a specimen tree or for hedges and shelter-belts; thrives well in partial shade. Branches slender and graceful.

canadensis pendula Sargentii. (Sargent's Weeping Hemlock.) This variety forms a broad, pendulous, bushy growth of remarkable density and deep color. As a large specimen it is unrivalled for richness and graceful effect. \$6.00 each.

THUYA occidentalis. (American Arborvitce.) Extremely useful for hedges, screens or lawn specimens. The habit is erect and pyramidal; foliage light green in color.

|  | Each | Doz. | 100 |  | Each |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 to. $3{ }_{2}^{1} \mathrm{ft}$. | \$1.50 | \$15.00 | \$110.00 | 7 to 8 ft . | . 87.50 |
| $3 \hat{2}$ to 4 ft 。 | 2.00 | 22.00 | 160.00 | 8 to 9 ft . | - 9.00 |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 3.00 | 32.00 |  | 9 to 10 ft . | 10.00 |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 4.00 | 44.00 |  | Larger specimens, | 10 to $18 \mathrm{ft}$. |
| 6 to 7 ft . | 5.00 | 55.00 |  | \$15.00 to \$50.00. |  |

occidentalis lutea George Peabody. Foliage yellow.
3 to 4 ft .
$\$ 2.00$ each
5 to 6 ft .
$\$ 4.00$ each

THUYA.-Continued.
compacta. A dwarf compact form.


Elwangeriana. Low, broad pyramid, with slender branches; yellowish. 9 to 12 in. . . $\$ 1.25 \$ 12.00112$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \quad$. . $\$ 2.00 \$ 22.00$
globosa. (Globe Arborvitex.) Foliage green; compact; globular in form.

pyramidalis. (Pyramidal Arborvita.) A valuable upright Evergreen, in habit like the Italian Cypress.

2 to $\left.3 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad$\begin{tabular}{c}
Each <br>
$\$ 1.50$ <br>
Doz. <br>
$\$ 16.00$

 \right\rvert\, 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad$

Each <br>
$\$ 3.50$ <br>
$\$ 40.00$
\end{tabular}

3 to 4 ft . . . $2.5027 .00 \mid 5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . \quad . \quad 5.0055 .00$
Specimens. 6 to 8 ft ., $\$ 5.00$ to $\$ 7.50$ each.
pyramidalis Douglasii. A very attractive pyramidal Evergreen, resembling the Retinospora.
3 to 4 ft . . . $\$ 4.00$ each | 4 to 5 ft . . . . $\$ 5.00$ each
siberica. (Siberian Arborvitce.) Glaucous green foliage; very hardy.
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .

| $\$ 1.25$ each | 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. |
| :--- | :--- |

$\$ 3.50$ each

2 to $2 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{ft}$. . 2.00 each $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . . . 5.00 each
Vervæneana. A gracefully drooping, yellow-marked arborvitæ.
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . . . $\$ 1.00$ each $\mid 3$ to 4 ft . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ each
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . . . 2.00 each 4 to 5 ft . . . . 5.00 each
Warreana. Of sturdy pyramidal growth.

| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft}$. |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| 2 | to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. |$\quad \$ 1.25$ each $|$| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. |
| :--- |
| 3 |



Thuya occidentalis. (Arborvite.)


Delicatissima. A very hardy variety, with large, shining leaves; flowers white, suffused with pink.
Everestianum. Large rosy-lilac flowers, spotted with yellow, which are borne in great profusion. Fine habit and very hardy.
Edward S. Rand. Rich scarlet flowers, borne in very large trusses; vigorous grower and very hardy.
Henrietta Sargent. Beautiful pink flowers shading to yellow in the center.
H. W. Sargent. Very large trusses of crimson flowers; good variety for grouping or as a specimen.
H. H. Hunnewell. Large heads of deep velvety crimson flowers; very desirable.
Kettledrum. Rich crimson flowers suffused with purple; a hardy and free-blooming sort.
Lady Armstrong. Pale rose, delicately spotted; very attractive.
Lady Cleremont. Tall-growing variety, with rosy-scarlet flowers in large trusses.
Lady Grey Egerton. Very distinct, producing large trusses of silveryblush flowers; fine foliage.
Mrs. C. S. Sargent. Very attractive flowers of bright pink, nicely fringed; fine truss and foliage.
Prof. C. S. Sargent. Bright scarlet flowers, produced in compact trusses; fine foliage and habit.
Roseum elegans. Flowers rosy-purple; an old favorite. Very hardy.
Salmoneum roseum. A lovely flower of bright salmon-rose; good foliage.

## Prices of the above Rhododendrons:

15 in . to 18 in.
18 in . to 24 in .
24 in . to 30 in .

Each Doz. 100
$\$ 2.00 \$ 22.00 \$ 175.00$ $\begin{array}{lll}2.50 & 28.00 & 220.00\end{array}$
$3.75 \quad 42.00 \quad 325.00$

## RHODODENDRONS-HARDY HYBRIDS UNNAMED.

 Mixed Colors.We grow a large assortment of the best English, large-flowering hardy sorts. These are the most satisfactory of all Rhododendrons for general planting, for lawn groups and for borders near the residence.
The colors are brilliant, running chiefly in white, pink, rose, searlet and crimson.
 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50 \$ 16.00 \$ 125.00 \quad 24$ to $30 \mathrm{in} . \quad \$ 3.50 \$ 40.00 \$ 300.00$ $\begin{array}{lllllllll}15 & \text { to } 18 \mathrm{in} . & 1.75 & 20.00 & 150.00 & 30 & \text { to } 36 \text { in. } & 4.75 & 54.00 \\ 425.00\end{array}$ 18 to 24 in. $2.25 \quad 26.00 \quad 200.00$
Specimen Plants. $\$ 6.00$ each and upwards.

## RHODODENDRONS-NATIVE VARIETIES.

Maximum. Suitable for clumps or masses in shady or partially shady situations, also useful for forming backgrounds for $R$. catawbiense and the Hardy Hybrid sorts. The flowers vary in color from white to delicate shades of pink.


Special prices on carload lots of assorted sizes.
Catawbiense. A very hardy and free-blooming variety; excellent for groups or masses. Flowers in late Spring; color lilac-rose.
2 to 3 ft Each Doz. Each Doz.
\$3.50 \$40.00 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft}_{\mathrm{t}}$. Carolinianum. A graceful native species producing large pink flowerclusters in June. Fine plant for rocky slopes or for massing.

$2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3 ft . $\quad 5.00 \quad 55.00$
Specimens. $\$ 10.00$ each and upwards.
KALMIA Latifolia. (Mountain Laurel.) Bushy shrubs useful for massing with Rhododendrons or as an undergrowth in woodlands. Large showy clusters of pink and white flowers in June. Strong nurserygrown plants; vastly superior to collected stock.

| Each Doz. | 100 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1$ | 00 | 10 |
| 100 |  |  |

12 to 15 in .
15 to 18 in .
$\$ 1.00 \$ 10.00 \$ 70.00$
18 to 24 in.
Broad Specimen Plants, $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 5.00$ each.
$\begin{array}{lll}1.50 & 15.00 \quad 110.00\end{array}$
$2.00 \quad 20.00 \quad 150.00$

# FARQUHAR'S FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS FOR WINTER DECORATION. 



Cyclamen, Farquhar's Giant.
ANTIRRHINUM MAJUS. (Snapdragon.) (Ready in September.) White, Pink, Red or Yellow.

Plants from $2 \frac{1}{2}$-in. pots, $\$ 2.00$ per doz.; $\$ 15.00$ per 100 .

## ARDISIA.

crenulata rubra. Ornamental plants, bearing clusters of bright red berries. Plants in 5-in. pots, $\$ 1.75$ each; $\$ 18.00$ per doz.

## ASPARAGUS.

plumosus nanus. (Climbing Lace Asparagus.) Bright green, finely pinnate, fern-like foliage; very lasting. Plants from $2^{\frac{1}{2}-\mathrm{in}}$. pots, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 12.00$ per 100. $3 \frac{1}{2}-$ in. pots, $\$ 2.00$ per doz.; $\$ 16.00$ per 100 .
Sprengeri. Drooping feathery sprays; excellent for hanging pots and baskets. Plants from $2 \frac{1}{4}$-in. pots, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 12.00$ per 100. $3 \frac{1}{2}$-in. pots, $\$ 1.75$ per doz.; $\$ 14.00$ per 100. 5 -in. pots, 50 ets. each; $\$ 4.00$ per doz.
BOUVARDIAS. (Ready in September.) Useful plants for cut flowers. Single White, Single Pink, Single Red.
All of the above varieties, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
BEGONIA. Gloire de Chatelaine. A free-blooming variety for pot culture; flowers of an exquisite, clear pink. Plants in 5-in. pots, 60 cts. each; $\$ 6.00$ per doz.
BUDDLEIA. (Winter Lilac.) (Ready in September.)
asiatica. An elegant pot-plant, suitable for general decorative purposes and cut-flowers. Flowers pure white, deliciously fragrant. \$2.50 per doz. $\$ 18.00$ per 100. 5 -inch pots, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Farquharii. This new hybrid, of our own introduction, is a most valuable acquisition for the greenhouse or conseryatory. The fragrant flowers are pale pink and are borne in cylindrical, tail-like clusters during December and January. Strong plants in $3 \frac{1}{2}-\mathrm{in}$. pots. $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18.00$ per 100. 5 -in. pots, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
officinalis. An excellent companion to the above, with rose-pink, fragrant flowers, each with orange eye, produced in terminal-branched tails. $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 18.00$ per 100 . 5 -in. pots, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
CAMELLIA japonica. Popular greenhouse evergreen. Pink, White, Scarlet or Variegated. Strong plants, 18 to 24 inches, $\$ 3.00$ each. Larger Plants, $\$ 4.00$ each.

## CROTONS.

The Croton, with its highly colored foliage, is indispensable for conservatory decoration. Strong Plants in 5 varieties. 60 cts . each; $\$ 6.00$ per doz. Larger Plants, 75 cts. each; $\$ 8.00$ per doz.
CHRYSANTHEMUMS. (Ready in October.) The following varieties are grown in pots for decorative purposes and are offered in color only, without names. Pink, White and Yellow. \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00 each.

## CINERARIA.

Farquhar's Superb Strain. (Ready in October.) This strain includes the richest and brightest self-colors, as well as perfectly marked, ringed and margined forms of all colors. Plants in $3 \frac{1}{2}$-in. pots, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; $\$ 16.00$ per 100; 6 -in. pots (for December delivery), $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.

## CYCLAMEN.

Farquhar's Giant. 'The flowers of this magnificent strain are of extraordinary size and of great substance. White, Pink, Crimson, Excelsior, white with claret base, Salmon. Plants from 5 -in. pots, 85 cts. each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz. 6-in. pots, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 16.00$ per doz. Prices of Cyclamen Plants will be advanced after November 15th.

## DRACENA.

Baptistii. Long, broad foliage; cream, red and orange. $\$ 1.00$ and $\$ 2.50$ each.
Godseffiana. A distinct variety, forming compact, graceful specimens; foliage dark green with irregular creamy-white spots. 35 cts . each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz. Larger Plants, $\$ 1.00$ each.
Massangeana. Leaves green, striped yellow in centre. Strong plants, $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 16.00$ per doz. Larger Plants, $\$ 2.50$ each.
Shepherdii. Carmine and green leaves. $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per doz.
terminalis. Foliage olive-green, striped with carmine and pink. Young leaves bright crimson. 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. Larger Plants, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per doz.
ERLANGEA tomentosum. A beautiful Winter-flotering plant, producing large clusters oi mauve flowers resembling the Eupatorium. The plants requiring the same treatment as members of that genus. Foliage scented. (May delivery.) 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.


Croton.

FARQUHAR'S FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS.-Continued.


Dracæna Massangeana.

## ERICA.

mediterranea rosea. A bushy plant, producing numerous spikes of delicate pink flowers; very free. 75 cts. and $\$ 1.00$ each.
mediterranea alba. A white form of the preceding. $\$ 1.00$ each.
melanthera. White flowers, tinged pink. A popular variety in bloom at Christmas. \$1.00 each.
Wilmoreana. Beautiful sprays of long, bell-shaped delicate pink flowers. Plants in 5-in. pots, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per doz.
EUGENIA microphylla. A pretty, dwarf plant with small, dark green foliage; useful for Fern dishes or house cultivation. 75 cts., $\$ 1.00$. and $\$ 2.00$ each.


FICUS. (Rubber Plant.)
elastica. A very useful and ornamental plant for house decoration. Plants $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft ., $\$ 1.50$ each; $\$ 16.00$ per doz. Larger Plants, $\$ 2.00$ and $\$ 2.50$ each.
repens. A small-leaved climbing variety; useful for baskets or covering greenhouse walls. Strong plants, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.

FUCHSIA. Single and Double in variety, 75 cts. each.

GERANIUMS. (Ready in September.) Red, Pink, White. 5 -in. pots, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

## FERNS.

Adiantum Farleyense Gloriosa. (Glory of Moordrecht.) This grand new variety is identical in appearance with the variety Farleyense, but has a stronger constitution, and can be grown under the same conditions as any ordinary Maidenhair sort. 50 cts. and $\$ 1.00$ each.
Adiantum Croweanum. One of the hardiest varieties for general cultivation. 50 cts each. Larger Plants, $\$ 1.00$ and $\$ 1.50$ each.
Adiantum hybridum. A very hardy variety, producing magnificent fronds 50 cts. each. Larger Plants, $\$ 1.25$ each.
Asplenium nidus-avis. (Bird's Nest Fern.) Fronds bright green, growing in a crown. 50 cts., 75 cts., $\$ 1.50$ and $\$ 2.00$ each.
Cibotium Schiedei. A very desirable variety. $\$ 1.50$ and $\$ 2.00$ each.
Nephrolepis exaltata Bostoniensis. (Boston Sword Fern.) One of the best Ferns for conservatory cultivation. Plants in 5 -in. pots, 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. 6 -in. pots, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per doz. 7 -in. pots, $\$ 2.00$ each; $\$ 20.00$ per doz. Specimen Plants, $\$ 3.00$ each and upwards.
Nephrolepis Whitmani. (Ostrich Plume Fern.) A beautiful crested Fern, with broad plume-like fronds. Plants in 5 -in. pots, 75 ets. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. $6-i n$. pots, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per doz.
Nephrolepis "Roosevelt." Resembles the Boston Fern in appearance, but produces more fronds, thus forming a bushier plant. The pinnæ are beautifully undulated, giving the fronds a wavy appearance. Plants in 5 -in. pots, 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz. 6-in. pots, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per doz. 7 -in. pots, $\$ 2.00$ each; $\$ 20.00$ per doz.

Ferns for Jardinieres. In variety. Plants from 2 to 3-in. pots, $\$ 1.25$ per doz.; $\$ 8.00$ per 100 .


Asplenium nidus-avis. (Bird's Nest Fern.)

## GENISTA.

canariensis. A desirable Spring-flowering plant, producing fragrant, bright golden-yellow flowers in great profusion. Plants in 6-in. pots, $\$ 1.25$ each; $\$ 12.00$ per doz. Larger Plants, $\$ 2.00$ each.
HELIOTROPE. (Ready in September.) Strong Plants, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
ISOLEPIS.
gracilis. A useful foliage plant for vases, baskets or the window garden. Strong plants, 25 cts, each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.

## JASMINUM.

officinalis. Lovely white flowers. 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
primulinum. A magnificent species with large, bright yellow flowers, produced in great profusion, during the entire Winter. Plants in $3 \frac{1}{2}$-in. pots, 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz. ; 5 -in. pots, 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.
MARANTA. Charming decorative plant, with rich variegated foliage.
Kerchoveana. 50 cts . each.
MYRTUS communis. (True Myrtle.) Fragrant flowers and foliage. Strong plants, $\$ 1.50$ each.
OLEA.
fragrans. (Sweet Olive.) A lovely tender shrub for the house or greenhouse, producing small white flowers during the Winter months. Very fragrant. 75 cts. and $\$ 1.50$ each.

Erica Wilmoreana.

## FARQUHAR'S FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS.-Continued.



Kentia Belmoreana.
PANDANUS.
Veitchii. A decorative house plant, with graceful foliage, broadly striped with creamy-white on a green ground. 75 cts . to $\$ 3.00$ each.
PANICUM.
variegatum. A trailing plant, suitable for hanging baskets or window boxes. Foliage white, striped pink. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
PLUMBAGO.
eapensis. Light lavender-blue. $\$ 1.00$ each.


Phconix Rcebelini.

## PALMS.

Cocos Weddeliana. One of the finest Palms for table decoration. Plants in $2 \frac{1}{2}$-in. pots, 30 cts. each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz. 3 -in. pots, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Kentia Belmoreana. Of the erect-growing, feather-leaved Palms, this is the best adapted to house decoration and one of the most beautiful. The foliage is glossy dark green, the segments wide and gracefully recurved. Plants in 4 -in. pots, 85 cts. each; $\$ 9.00$ per doz. 5 -in. pots, $\$ 1.75$ each; $\$ 20.00$ per doz. $6-$ in. pots, $\$ 3.00$ each. 7 -in. pots, $\$ 4.00$ each. 8-in. pots, $\$ 7.00$ each.
Larger Specimens. $\$ 10.00$ to $\$ 20.00$ each.
Kentia Forsteriana. This variety is similar to K. Belmoreana, but of stronger growth, with broader and heavier foliage. Plants in 5-in. pots, $\$ 1.75$ each; $\$ 20.00$ per doz. 6 -in. pots, $\$ 3.00$ each. 7 -in. pots, $\$ 4.00$ each. 8 -in. pots, $\$ 5.00$ to $\$ 7.50$ each.
Phœnix Robelini. One of the most graceful Palms, with fine recurving leaves. It is easily grown and is a valuable plant for the house. Plants in 6-in. pots, $\$ 3.50$ each. Larger Plants. $\$ 4.00$ and $\$ 5.00$ each.
Raphis humilis. Very attractive, ornamental Palm. $\$ 5.00$ each.
Raphis flabelliformis. Highly ornamental Palm, with graceful slender divided leaves. $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 12.00$ each.
POINSETTIA. (Ready in September.) A very ornamental greenhouse shrub, producing large heads of brilliant scarlet bracts, valuable for Winter decoration. Plants in 4 -in. pots, $\$ 4.00$ per doz. Prices of Poinsettias will be advanced after December 1 st.
RHYNCHOSPERMUM jasminoides. (Malayan Jasmine.) A beautiful free-flowering sweet-scented greenhouse climber; flowers pure white. Large Plants, $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 3.00$ each.
SALVIA leucantha. A desirable greenhouse variety of branching habit, with long graceful spikes of lavender flowers. Excellent for cut flowers. 50 cts, each.
SCHIZANTHUS. This strain is unsurpassed for size of flowers and variety of colors. Indispensable for cut flowers and for pot culture in the greenhouse. 30 cts. each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.
SMILAX. Strong plants. \$1.25 per doz.; \$8.00 per 100.
SOLANUM.
eapsicastrum. (Jerusalem Cherry.) Ornamental plants, with bright red berries. Plants in 5 -in. pots, 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.
Fra Diavolo. Bushy, compact plant covered with brilliant scarlet berries; at tractive green foliage. 5 -in. pots, 75 cts. each; $\$ 7.50$ per doz.

## STREPTOSOLON.

(Browallia Jamesoni.) An excellent Winterflowering vine, with bright orange tubularshaped flowers. Plants in 4 -in. pots, 50 ets. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

## SWAINSONIA.

White. A very handsome climber for the greenhouse, with graceful foliage, and bearing sprays of sweet peashaped flowers. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

## TRADESCANTIA.

zebrina. A useful trailing plant for hanging baskets or window boxes, with variegated foliage. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.


Cocos Weddeliana.

## FLOWER SEEDS FOR THE GREENHOUSE.

## ANTIRRHINUM. (Snapdragon.) tall varieties.

605 Giant Rose Pink. A charming shade. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., $50 \mathrm{c} . ;$ pkt., 15 c .
615 Giant Dark Scarlet. Very brilliant. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts.; pkt., 15 cts.
620 Giant Deep Crimson. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.; pkt., 10 cts.
625 Giant White. Fine for cutting. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75 cts.; pkt., 20 cts.
630 Giant Crimson and Gold. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., $35 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ pkt., 10 cts.
635 Giant Yellow. Clear daffodil-yellow. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75 cts.; pkt., 20 cts.
636 Chamois. Rich salmony-pink. Pkt., 25 cts.
640 Coral Red. A soft and pleasing color. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.; pkt., 10 cts.
643 Venus. Pink with white throat. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts.; pkt., 15 cts.
650 Fairy Queen. Orange-salmon with white throat. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 ets.; pkt., 10 cts.
652 Rose Doré. Soft salmon-rose shaded gold. Pkt., 25 cts.

## ANTIRRHINUM.

## INTERMEDIATE VARIETIES.

677 Rosy Morn. Rich shade of bright rose. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts.; pkt., 15 cts.
679 Orange King. Glowing orange scarlet; a very effective color. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 75 cts. ; pkt., 25 cts.
680 Firebrand. Deep scarlet. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts ; pkt., 15 cts.
682 Bronze Queen. Bronzy-buff scarlet; a lovely new shade. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 75 cts. ; pkt., 25 cts.
683 Amber Queen. Canary-yellow overlaid chamois-pink. Pkt., 25 cts.
685 Queen of the North. Pure white. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts.; Pkt., 15 cts.
690 Golden Queen. Pure yellow. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts ; pkt., 15 cts.

## BROWALLIA.

1400 Speciosa Major. A beautiful perpetual-flowering variety with bright violet-blue flowers of large size; suitable for Summer bedding. In the greenhouse it is invaluable as a pot plant. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ${ }^{\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{oz} ., \$ 2.50$; pkt., 25 cts.

## CALENDULA OFFICINALIS. FL. PL. (Pot Marigold.)

1430 Orange King. Dark orange, large flowers. Oz., 50 cts.; pkt., 10 ets.
1435 Meteor. Yellow flowers striped with lemon. Oz., 40 cts.; pkt., 10 ets.
1440 Lemon Queen. Clear lemon-yellow. Oz., 50 cts.; pkt., 10 cts.

## CALLIOPSIS or COREOPSIS.

1475 Coronata. Yellow, spotted crimson. $1 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{Oz}$., 50 ets. Pkt., 10 cts.
1480 Cloth of Gold. Splendid new variety, with large, golden-yellow flowers. 1 to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts.; pkt., 10 cts.
1485 Drummondi. (Golden Wave.) Rich golden-yellow, with chestnut-brown centre. 1 ft. Oz., 60 cts.; pkt., 10 cts

## CANDYTUFT. (Iberis.)

1545 Giant White Perfection. A greatly improved strain, producing immense spikes of pure white flowers. It is the finest variety for greenhouse culture, the large trusses frequently measuring six inches in length. Oz., $\$ 1.50 ; \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ pkt., 10 cts.
1550 Empress. A large-flowered white sort with long trusses; extensively used for forcing. $\mathrm{Oz} ., 75 \mathrm{cts}$. $; \frac{1}{4}$ oz., 30 cts ; pkt., 10 cts.


Antirrhinum, Farquhar's Giant.

## CYCLAMEN.

Farquhar's Giant Cyclamen first gained a national reputation of high est merit at the World's Columbian Exposition where they were awarded a Medal and Diploma as the finest there, a reputation which they have since maintained, easily holding first place at the important floricultural exhibitions of the country.
5464 Farquhar's Giant Salmon-Scarlet. A superb new variety of vigorous growth, producing an abundance of large flowers carried well above the foliage; very attractive shade. Per 100 seeds, $\$ 2.50$; pkt., $\$ 1.00$.
5467 CYCLAMEN. Cherry Ripe. Bright cherry-red; a new and very attractive shade. Per pkt., $\$ 1.00$.
5465 Giant Crimson.
5470 Giant Pink.
5475 Giant White.
Giant Pink. $\quad 5480$
5485 Giant Excelsior. White, with claret base.
5490 Giant Salmon.
5500
Fireball. Brightred; large.

## 5530 Low's Salmon. Delicate salmon-pink.

Prices of the above-named Cyclamen, per 100 seeds of any one variety, $\$ 1.75$; per pkt., 75 cts .
5535 Collection of 6 Varieties Separate, our selection. Per pkt., $\$ 2.50$.
5540 Farquhar's Giant Mixture. Including all the brilliant colors. Per 100 seeds, $\$ 1.75$; pkt., 75 cts .
5545 CYCLAMEN Mrs. Buckston. Rich salmon-pink flowers beautifully fringed. Per pkt., \$1.00.
5543 CYCLAMEN. Silver-leaved Salmon. The foliage of this new variety is particularly attractive, each leaf being beautifully marked with large silvery blotches. Rich salmon-pink flowers. Per pkt., \$1.00.

## FLOWER SEEDS FOR THE GREENHOUSE.-Continued.



Schizanthus, Farquhar's Large-flowered Hybrids.

## DIMORPHOTHECA.

2106 Aurantiaca. An extremely showy annual from South Africa. Its Marguerite-like blossoms show a unique rich orange-gold, which brilliant coloring is rendered the more conspicuous by the darkcolored dise. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts ; pkt., 15 ets.

## LARKSPUR.

Invincible. This strain is most valuable for cut-flowers use. 2 ft . 2380 Farquhar's Rosy Searlet. A superb and popular color. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.,

2390 Pink. Pkt., 15 cts.
2406 Flesh Bor. Plo, 15 cts.
2405 Lilac. Pkt., 15 cts. Flesh color. Pkt., 15 cts. 2410 White. Pkt., 15 cts. Each of the above colors, except where otherwise priced, $1 \frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25 cts .
2425 Larkspur Butterfly. A dainty annual with bright blue flowers. Splendid for cutting. 1 ft . $\frac{7}{4}$ oz., $\$ 1.00$; pkt., 25 cts .
2465 LEPTOSYNE MARITIMA. Large lemon-yellow flowers resembling Marguerites, borne on long stems; fragrant and good for cutting. $2 \mathrm{ft} . \frac{1}{6} \mathrm{oz} ., 35 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ pkt., 15 cts.

## MIGNONETTE. (Reseda odorata.)

2682 Farquhar's Universal. One of the finest mignonettes for the greenhouse, producing immense flower spikes of reddish-green, sweetly scented. ${ }^{\text {ry }}$ oz., $\$ 2.00$. First-size packet, $\$ 1.00$. Second-size packet, 50 cts.
2685 Farquliar's Giant. Robust-growing variety with enormous flower spikes of rich reddish-green color. Oz., \$2.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60 cts.; pkt., 25 cts.
2702 Farquhar's Selected Machet. Dense trusses of reddish-green flowers; very fragrant. Oz., $\$ 1.75 ; \frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts.; pkt., 15 cts.

SCHIZANTHUS. (Butterfly Flower.)
3945 Farquhar's Large-flowered Hybrids, Mixed. The Schizanthus has become indispensable for cut flowers, and for pot culture in the greenhouse. This strain is unsurpassed for size of flowers and variety of colors. Pkt., 50 cts .

## SCHIZANTHUS.—Continued.

3946 Garraway's Hybrids. Mixed. This strain is from a noted English grower and consists of a wide range of colors. . Pkt., 50 cts.
3955 Wisetonensis. A popular variety. The colors range from white with yellow centre to pink with brown centre. ${ }^{\frac{1}{16}} \mathrm{Oz} ., \$ 2.00$; pkt., 25 cts. SCHIZANTHUS retusus Pink Beauty. Flowers an exquisite shade of rose-
pink; a pure self without any marking or shading. Excellent for pot culture and lasting well when cut. 2 ft. Pkt., 25 cts .
SCHIZANTHUS retusus. Beauty of Trent. White. With large glistening snow-white flowers blotched with orange. Pkt., 25 cts.; 3 pkts., 60 ets. SCHIZANTHUS retusus. Beauty of Trent. Rose. Similar to the preceding, but with rose-colored flowers blotched with orange. Pkt., 25 cts.; 3 pkts., 60 cts.
SCHIZANTHUS. May Blossom. Pale rosy-pink and white, free from any marking; compact pyramidal habit. Pkt., 25 cts ; 3 pkts., 60 cts .
SCHIZANTHUS grandiflora, Rose and Amber Shades. A superb new strain of pink and rose tints, heavily blotched yellow and bronze, also delicate and pleasing self pinks. Pkt., 50 cts.; 3 pkts., $\$ 1.25$.

## STOCK. (Gilliflower.)

## FARQUHAR'S IMPROVED CUT-AND-COME AGAIN.

A splendid early-flowering perpetual stock. It is of tall, branching habit, and when the first blooms have been cut, side branches start out, bearing large flower trusses.
4085 Brilliant Rose. 4100 Flesh-color. 4106 Saimon-rose.

4090 Canary-vellow 4095 Dark Blue.

4102 Lilac. 4110 Scarlet.
4115 White.
Each of the above colors, $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{oz} ., \$ 1.25$; pkt., 15 cts.

## NEV AUTUMNAL or WINTER-FLOWERING STOCKS.

A magnificent race of recent introduction. For forcing in the greenhouse in Winter they are unexcelled.
4146 Almond-blossom. White shaded carmine.
4150 Violet Queen. A lovely shade of light blue
4155 Farquhar's Christmas Pink. Beautiful pale pink.
4156 Rose of Nice. Carmine rose.
4160 Princess May. The finest pale yellow.
4165 Queen Alexandra. Lilac-rose; very attractive.
4170 Beauty of Nice. A popular sort with flowers of delicate flesh-pink color. 4175 Summer Night. Dark violet.
4176 Farquhar's Snowdrift. Pure white.
4178 Crimson King. Rich crimson.
Each of the above varieties, $\frac{1}{8} \mathrm{oz}_{\mathrm{o}}, \$ 1.00$; pkt., 15 cts.

## SWEET PEAS.

NEW EARLY-FLOWERING, LONG-SEASON SPENCER.
Yarrawa. A pleasing shade of bright rose-pink, with creamy-yellow base. Oz., $\$ 1.25$; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.; pkt., 15 ets.
Asta Ohn. Lavender suffused with mauve.
Heather Bell. Rich mauve.
Helen Lewis. Orange-pink.
Hercules. Giant rose-pink.
Lavender Pink Orehid.
Liberty. Crimson.
Meadow Lark. Cream.
Melody. Rose-pink on white ground.
Morning Star. Deep orange-scarlet or flame standard, wings rich orangepink.
Pink and White.
Red Wing. Crimson.
Rose Queen. Rose-pink.
Snowflake. Pure white, long stems.
Song Bird. Pale pink on white ground.
Songster. Lavender.
Spring Maid. Light pink on cream ground.
Venus. Blush pink.
Warbler. Purple.
White Orchid. Pure white.
Each of the above varieties, except where otherwise priced, $\frac{2}{\alpha}$ oz., 60 cts.; pkt., 15 cts.
WINTER-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS. STANDARD VARIETIES.
Christmas Pink. Pink and white.
Earliest of All. The finest pink-and-white variety for forcing.
Florence Denzer. Pure white.
Mrs. Alexander Wallace. Lavender.
Mrs. William Sim. Salmon-pink.
Each of the above varieties, except where otherwise priced, $\frac{1}{6}$ lb., 75 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; pkt., 10 cts.

## WALLFLOWER.

4730 Early Parisian or Annual. Light brown. $\frac{2}{8}$ oz., $35 \mathrm{cts}$. ; pkt. 10 cts .
4735 Blood Red. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50 cts . ; pkt., 15 cts.
4736 Golden Yellow. $\frac{2}{4}$ oz., $50 \mathrm{cts}$. ; oz., 15 cts.

## Autumn Catalogue, 1919.

## VEGETABLE SEEDS FOR AUTUMN PLANTING.



Tomato, Stirling Castle.
BEANS. Triumph of the Frames. The earliest of the French forcing varieties; finely shaped pods. Pint, 55 cts.; qt., $\$ 1.00$.
Farquhar's Plentiful. One of the finest early varieties for forcing. Very productive. Pint, 60 cts.; qt., $\$ 1.00$.
Black Valentine. Very early; long round pods. Pt., 40 cts.; qt., 75 cts.
BEET. Crosby's Egyptian. One of the best sorts for forcing; color deep crimson; sweet and tender. Pkt., 10 ets.; oz., 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$., 85 cts.; lb., \$3.00.
CARROT. Farquhar's Forcing. A handsome half-long Carrot of deep orange-red color, almost coreless. Pkt., 10 cts .; oz., 50 cts.
Earliest Searlet French Forcing. Small roundish roots, very early; valuable for forcing. Pkt., 15 cts.; oz., 60 cts.
Farquhar's Parisian Forcing. The earliest Carrot in cultivation and one of the most suitable for forcing where small roots are desired. The roots are globe-shaped and very mild in flavor. Pkt., 15 cts.; oz., 60 cts.
CAULIFLOWER. Farquhar's Earliest Dwarf Erfurt. This strain is grown especially for us, by a most reliable grower, in Northern Europe, where the finest Cauliflower is produced, and we believe there is nothing finer offered. Pkt., 25 cts. and 50 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., $\$ 1.75$; oz., $\$ 6.00$.
CRESS or PEPPERGRASS. Invaluable for salads and garnishing. Extra Curled. Pkt.,'5 cts.; oz., 20 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cts.
CUCUMBER. Farquhar's Perfection. The finest type of White Spine Cucumber in cultivation and one of the most prolific varieties. The fruits are large and symmetrical in shape, and of a rich dark green color, which is permanent. This is an ideal forcing variety. Pkt., 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40 cts.; oz., $\$ 1.25$.
CUCUMBER. English Forcing, or Frame. Telegraph; Tender and True; The Rochford. Each per pkt., 50 cts.
LETTUCE. Boston Foreing Tennisball; White-Seeded. Forms fine, perfect heads very rapidly; crisp and very tender. Our seed is of the finest growth and from perfect heads. Pkt., 10 cts. ; oz., 60 cts.
Hittinger's Belmont Forcing. Larger than the above and almost as early; excellent quality. Pkt., 15 cts.; oz., 75 cts.
May King. The leaves are light green, with delicate ribs and lightly waved; very tender. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 40 cts.
Paris White Cos or Romaine. Leaves long and narrow and forms close upright heads. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.
MELON. Royal Sovereign. The fruit is of a beautiful golden color, slightly netted, flesh white, faintly tinged with green, and very deep; rind very thin. Pkt., 50 cts.
Invincible Scarlet. Form globular; skin orange-red when perfectly ripe, finely and evenly netted; thick bright scarlet flesh, of exquisite flavor. Pkt., 50 cts.
Blenheim Orange. Well-known handsome scarlet-flesh variety; of delicious flavor and beautifully netted. Pkt., 50 cts.
Manchester. The fruit is of a large globular shape, densely netted. The flesh is a rich salmon color of exquisite flavor and aroma and ripens clear to the rind. Pkt., 50 cts.
Hero of Lockinge. Fruit handsome, vith white lacing on a rich yellow ground. Pkt., 50 cts.
Emerald Gem. Small; flesh orange. Pkt., 50 cts.
MUSTARD. White. Best variety for salads. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 20 cts . RADISH. Early Deep Scarlet, Olive-Shaped, Short Leaf. One of the most desirable varieties for forcing. The skin is deep bright red. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75 cts.

RADISH.-Continued.
Non Plus Ultra. The earliest of all; short-leaved; brilliant red; good for forcing. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., $25 \mathrm{cts}$. ; $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{Ib} ., 75 \mathrm{cts}$.
Early Scarlet Globe. Admirable for forcing; deep scarlet; flesh white and tender. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 80 cts
Early French Breakfast. Oval form; color scarlet with white tip. Pkt. 10 cts.; oz., 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 80 cts.
Farquhar's Nonpareil. An excellent strain of small round, very early, bright red radish, specially suited for forcing. The flesh is pure white, crisp and tender. Pkt., 10 cts.; oz., 30 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\$ 1.00 ; 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 3.25$.
SPINACH. Round, Thick-Leaved. A standard sort for Fall sowing; leaves are thick, succulent and tender. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$., 50 cts.; lb., \$1.75.
Long-Standing. Of delicious, tender quality, dark green leaves. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; ${ }_{3}^{\frac{1}{1}} \mathrm{lb}$., 50 cts .; lb., $\$ 1.75$.
Savoy-Leaved, or Bloomsdale. Large, tender, crumpled leaves. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cts.; 1b., $\$ 1.75$.
Victoria. The best long-standing Spinach. Pkt., 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50 cts.; 1b., \$1.75.
Prickly Seeded. Very hardy and vigorous; leaves arrow-shaped. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz., 15 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50 cts .; lb., $\$ 1.50$.
TOMATO. Stirling Castle. Excellent for forcing. Fruit is of medium size, reddish-scarlet in color and of very delicious flavor. This variety sets very freely. Pkt., 25 cts.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75 cts.
Lister's Prolific. The clusters of fruit are borne in great profusion and are remarkable for the large number of fruits they carry. Fruits are of medium size, rich scarlet color. Original Packet, 25 cts.
Farquhar's Bountiful. A new forcing Tomato of superior flayor, perfect in shape, of good size and sets freely. The fruits are bright red in color, very solid and grow in clusters of 10 to 12. Pkt., 25 cts.
Comet. This is a splendid variety for either indoors or out. It is very short-jointed, fruiting close up to the stem. The tomatoes are of good medium size, quite smooth, very solid and of a deep scarlet color. Pkt., 25 cts.
Farquhar's Vietory. A handsome free-setting Tomato yielding many large clusters. Fruits smooth, of good form and size, very solid and containing very few seeds. Pkt., 25 cts.

## ONION SETS.

## (Egyptian or Perennial Tree.)

These, if planted in the Autumn, produce the well-known Scullion so popular for salads in the early Summer. Pk., $\$ 2.00$; qt., 50 cts.

## MUSHROOM SPAWN.

TISSUE CULTURE PURE SPAWN. This spawn is produced by selecting spores from individual specimen mushrooms and is propagated and transferred to the bricks of manure which when planted produce Mushrooms, uniform in shape, even in size and of a creamy-white color. Price per brick of about $1 \frac{1}{2}$ lbs., 40 cts. Per 20 bricks, $\$ 6.50$; per 100 bricks, $\$ 30.00$.
MUSHROOM SPAWN. English Milltrack. Price per lb., 25 cts.; 8 lbs., $\$ 1.85$; 100 lbs., $\$ 22.00$.


A Bed of Farquhar's Mushroom Spawn.

## Farouhar's Evergreen Lawn Grass.



## FARQUHAR'S EVERGREEN LAWN GRASS

lawn-making. The formula for this mixture is the result of life-time is a mixture of the finest American and European grasses adapted to practical experience in making and maintaining lawns. Neither pains nor expense are spared in obtaining grasses of high vitality and purity. It is our constant aim to make Farquhar's Evergreen Lawn Grass the best, purest and most permanent Lawn Grass sold. For the formation of new lawns sow not less than 5 to 6 bushels per acre. One quart will sow a plot $15 \times 20$ feet or 300 square feet. For renovating existing turf, use one-half this quantity. Price per quart, 35 cents (by mail, 40 cents); 4 quarts, $\$ 1.25$; peck, $\$ 2.00$; bushel of $20 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50 ; 10$ bushels, $\$ 70.00$.

## FARQUHAR'S BOSTON PARKS LAVVN SEED.

This formula has been used for many years in the Boston Park Department and in the Metropolitan Parks of Massachusetts. It is unquestionably one of the best mixtures for work or where a free-growing, hard-wearing turf is desired. Sow not less than 64 lbs. per acre and in many cases 86 lbs. will be an advantage. Price, 40 cents per lb. (by mail, 45 cents); $10 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.75 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 36.00$. 25 lbs. and upwards at the $100-\mathrm{lb}$. rate.

## FARQUHAR'S GRASS SEED MIXTURE For PUTTING= GREENS.

The hardiest and finest low-growing Grasses are contained in this Mixture. It produces a beautiful and lasting green turf calculated to withstand hard tear and wear. Qt., 40 cts.; by mail, 45 cts.; pk., $\$ 2.25$; per bush. of 20 lbs ., $\$ 8.50$.

## FARQUHAR'S GRASS SEED MIXTURE For TERRACES

A mixture of strong, deep-rooted Grasses for banks or terraces. Although the Grasses are strong and deep-rooted, they will produce a fine green velvety surface, and also prevent washing away during heavy rains. Qt., 40 cts.; by mail, 45 cts.; pk., $\$ 2.25$; per bush. of 20 lbs ., $\$ 8.50$.

## FARQUHAR'S GRASS SEED MIXTURE For TENNIS COURTS.

A mixture of fine Grasses, consisting of those varieties which are adapted to produce a close elastic turf. Qt., $40 \mathrm{cts}$. ; by mail, 45 cts ; pk., $\$ 1.25$; pk., $\$ 2.25$; per bush. of 20 lbs., $\$ 8.50$.

## FARQUHAR'S GRASS SEED MIXTURE For SHADY PLACES.

This is a mixture of extra fine Grasses adapted for growing in the shade and under trees. We recommend the use of this mixture wherever
other grasses on account of shade have failed to make a close sward. Qt., 40 cts.; by mail, 45 cts.; pk., $\$ 2.25$; per bush. of 20 lbs., $\$ 8.50$.

## FARQUHAR'S GRASS SEED MIXTURE For SEASHORE.

A combination of various dwarf deep-rooted Grasses adapted for lawns near the salt water. The seeds should be sown early in the season, so that the young plants may be well established before warm weather. Use at the rate of one quart for 200 square feet; 5 to 7 bushels per acre. Qt., 35 cts.; by mail, 40 cts.; pk., $\$ 2.00$; per bush. of 20 lbs .; 87.50 .

## FARQUHAR'S FAIR GREENS MIXTURE

This is composed mainly of perennial native Grasses and two very important European Grasses which have proven of great value for FairGreen use. They are all of dwarf, spreading growth, forming a close velvety surface which improves from year to year if given proper care. It contains no clover, which is objectionable on account of making the surface slippery. If white clover is desired, the quantity sown should not exceed one-half pound per bushel of grass seed. Sow 100 to 150 lbs . per acre. Per lb., 40 cts ; ; per 100 lbs ., at 36 cts . per lb .; per $1,000 \mathrm{lbs}$., at 35 cts. per lb.

FARQUHAR'S SPECIAL GRASS MIXTURES.

## Prices Subject to Market Fluctuations.



These contain only the most suitable Grasses, the proportionate quantity of each being regulated by soil, situation and purpose for which desired. The object to be attained is a constant, successive growth of rich pasturage from Spring until Fall. It is a well-established fact that soil sown with a variety of different grasses which are adapted to the soil, and which attain perfection at alternate months from April to September, produce very much larger and more satisfactory crops, both for hay and pasturage, than when only one or two kinds of grasses or clovers are sown. The good results obtained from our Special Grass Seed mixtures are demonstrated by the constantly increasing demand for them. Fall seeding is preferable, but Spring sowing will be successful if done early, while the land is cool and moist. In addition to the Grasses, we advise sowing 10 lbs. of Mixed Clover Seed per acre. Clover seed should be sown separately as it is heavier than Grass seeds and settles at the bottom when mixed with them, and in consequence is likely to be sown unevenly. Clovers in their young state are tender in our climate, and should therefore be sown in Spring.

Pastures sown with these Permanent Mixtures should last indefinitely if given a frequent topdressing of manure or fertilizer, maintaining their cropping qualities throughout the entire season.

Farquhap's "Special" Mixtures for Permanent Hay.

No. 1
FOR GOOD SOILS Cool and Moist Sow 50 lbs. per acre, $\$ 15.00$

No. 2
FOR HIGH DRY SOILS
Sow 50 lbs. per acre, $\$ 16.00$

No. 3
FOR WET SOILS
Sow 50 lbs. per acre, $\$ 15.00$

Farquhar's "Special" Mixtures for Permanent Pastures.

No. 4
FOR GOOD SOILS
Cool and Moist
Sow 50 lbs. per acre, $\$ 15.00$

No. 5
FOR HIGH DRY SOILS
Sow 50 lbs. per acre, $\$ 16.00$

## No. 6

FOR WET SOILS
Sow 50 lbs. per acre, $\$ 15.00$

## FARM AND FIELD GRASSES.

## Prices Subject to Market Fluctuations.



Mammoth Red Clover.

Red or Creeping Fescue. (Festuca rubra.) A splendid grass for light sandy soils. Extreme drought resister. Valuable in seeding banks and exposed locations, binding drifting sands, and as lawn grass for shady spots. Forms a very close, durable turf, suitable for putting greens. Per lb., 70 cts; ; 100 lbs ., $\$ 65.00$.
Red Top. (Agrostis vulgaris.) A good permanent grass, which grows naturally in cold, wet soils. It should be grown in cultivation in similar situations. A perennial with long creeping stems and underground runners; one of the best bottom grasses, bearing large numbers of fine root leaves, making it invaluable for sowing with erect tufted Grasses, such as Orchard and Timothy, filling in between the clumps and producing a continuous turf. Sow four bushels per acre if alone. ( 10 lbs. per bushel.) Per lb., 18 cts.; per bush., $\$ 1.60$; 100 lbs., $\$ 15.00$.
Red Top. Clean Seed. Chaff and weeds sifted out; pure fancy seed. We recommend this to all who desire the best results, as its absolute purity and excellence insure satisfaction for farm, park or lawn. Excellent for restoring worn-out swards. Per satisfaction for farm, park or
lb., 30 cts.; 100 lbs ., $\$ 28.00$.
Sweet Vernal, True Perennial. Many seedsmen substitute the annual variety for this invaluable Grass, as the seed for both is similar. Invaluable in lawns on account of its very early growth and fragrant odor, which it imparts to the other grasses in drying. Remains green very late. Hardy and permanent. Per lb., $\$ 1.00$.
Tall Dat Grass. (Avena elatior.) A perennial which grows in loose tufts and throws up an abundance of leaves and tall stalks. Succeeds best on rich upland soils, and when once established is a great drought resister. Early. Makes its heaviest growth the second year. Per lb,, 45 cts.; $100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 40.00$.
Timothy or Herds Grass. (Phleum pratense.) This Grass is usually considered and treated as a short-lived perennial, and hence is the best grass to grow in a short rotation. It succeeds best on moist loams and clays naturally rich in humus or on those which have been heavily manured. It grows in loose tufts, with few short leaves, so that Red Top or Red Clover should be sown with it to furnish heavy bottom growth of leaves. Sow one bushel per acre if alone. ( 45 lbs . per bushel.) Per lb., 25 cts.; per bush., $\$ 10.00$.
Wood Meadow. (Poa nemoralis.)
Well adapted for growing under trees and in shaded situations. Dwarf and fine-growing. Sow two and a half bushels per acre. (14 lbs. per bushel.) Per lb., $\$ 1.25$.

## CLOVERS.

## Prices Subject to Market Fluctuations.

Red Medium. (Trifolium pratense.) The best clover for all practical purposes. Succeeds best on rich, warm loams, containing humus. Lime and potash are essential for its best development. A biennial, but by close pasturage may be made to last several years. Per lb., 75 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 70.00$.
Mammoth or Large Red Northern. (Trifolium pratense.): On rich, loamy soil this variety grows nearly twice as large as the Medium Red Clover and earlier to start a Spring growth. Per lb., 75 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 70.00$.
Alsike or Swedish. (Trifolium hybridum.) This Clover will thrive where the soil is quite wet, and will even stand flooding without being killed. Productive and sweet and extremely valuable for both pasturage or soiling. The flowers afford a fine pasturage for bees. Per lb., 75 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 70.00$.

White Clover. (Trifolium repens.) This Clover should always be sown

Chewing's New Zealand Fescue. A splendid grass of creeping habit, forming a close and lasting turf. It thrives on light, sandy soils and is a great drought resister, but it does equally well on heavy land, also shady places. Should be included in all lawn mixtures. Per lb., 70 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 65.00$.
Crested Dog's Tail. (Cynosurus cristatus.) A perennial valued for its dwarf habit and its hardiness. Sow two bushels per acre. ( 28 lbs . per bushel.) Per lb., 50 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 48.00$.
Italian Rye Grass. (Lotium italicum.) A biennial which grows in broad, compact tufts, producing a large number of stalks from a single root. Succeeds best in warm, rich, moist soils. A rapid grower and a good crop to rid land of weeds, as it quickly overtops them, preventing them from ripening seeds. Sow three bushels per acre. (22 lbs. per bushel.) Per lb., 25 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 22.00$.
Kentucky Blue. (Poo pratensis.) Known as June Grass. A perennial especially adapted to dry limestone soils, but will thrive on any good ground which is not too wet. Very nutritious, hardy and early. Sow three bushels per acre if alone. ( 14 lbs . per bushel.) Per lb., 45 cts ; 100 lbs., \$40.00.
Meadow Fescue. (Festuca pratensis.) A perennial which succeeds best on rich moist loams. A heavy yielder on soils perfectly adapted to it, and also an excellent pasture Grass. Sow two and a half bushels per acre. ( 15 lbs . per bushel.) Per lb., 45 cts.; $100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 40.00$.
Orchard Grass. (Dactylis glomerata.) A deep-rooted perennial, growing in tufts. A strong, vigorous grower, which succeeds best on rich lands or clayey soils. Should be cut for hay at the time of first flowering. Sow three bushels per acre if alone. ( 14 lbs . per bushel.) Per lb., 55 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 50.00$.
Perennial Rye Grass. (Lolium perenne.) A perennial forming large and broad tufts. Grows best on stiff, wet soils, and on heavy clays or marshy lands where the soil is good, it is one of the best pasture Grasses. In such situations it will last five to seven years, but on dry upland soils it is short-lived. ( 22 lbs . per bushel.) Finest seed, our direct importation. Per lb., 22 cts.; 100 lbs ., $\$ 20.00$.
on permanent or temporary pastures. Will grow on any soil, but especially adapted to low meadows, where the surface soil is mellow and rich. Ordinarily will not last more than two years on hard or shallow soil. Sweet and nutritious. Per 1b., 80 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 75.00$.
Alfalfa or Lucerne. (Medicago sativa.). The chief merit of Alfalfa is the fact that it can be cut three or four times in a season. The soil should be deep, rich and well-prepared. It does not succeed on compact clay, nor on land with impervious sub-soil. The roots shoot downward till they are ten or fifteen feet below the surface, and will therefore resist the driest weather. Per lb., 40 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 35.00$.

## FIELD SEEDS.

Sand Vetch, or Hairy Vetch. (Vicia villosa.) This annual is a native of Western Asia, and has been cultivated in this country and Europe for about fifty years. Its desirability as a forage crop has become established, and it is being cultivated each year on a more and more extensive scale. It should be sown at the rate of from four to six pecks per acre, broadcast or in drills, from August 15 to October 1, and with it as a supporting crop to raise the vines up off the ground there should be planted from two to four pecks of Winter Wheat, Oats or Rye. It should be cut while the Vetch is in full bloom. It may be planted in Spring in order to supply an early green crop for soiling purposes, or in midsummer for late Autumn forage. (Cannot supply.)

Rye, Fall or Winter. The time for sowing is from the middle of August to the last of September. Prepare the ground as for Wheat and sow broadcast, or with a drill at the rate of one and one-half bushels per acre. This has no equal as a crop to be used for late Fall and early Spring pasture, and is one of the best to turn under for green manure. ( 56 lbs . per bushel.) Per bush., $\$ 3.50 ; 10$ bush., $\$ 32.50$.

Winter Wheat. ( 60 lbs . per bushel.) $\$ 5.00$ per bush.

## HORTICULTURAL REQUISITES.

## Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

NON-WARRANTY. We do not give as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter, any warranty, express or implied, of any seeds, bulbs, plants, insecticides, fungicides, or fertilizers, which we send out, and we shall not be liable for any mistake made in the filling of any order. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.
R. \& J. FAROUHAR \& CO.

## FERTILIZERS.

Farquhar's Lawn and Garden Dressing. When forming a new lawn, use from 800 to 1000 lbs . per acre. $10 \mathrm{lbs} ., 75 \mathrm{cts}$; $25 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50$; $50 \mathrm{lbs} .$, $\$ 2.50 ; 100$ lbs., $\$ 4.00 ; 200$ lbs., $\$ 7.25$; ton, $\$ 64.00$.
Pulverized Sheep Manure. Price, ton, $\$ 50.00$; half-ton, $\$ 25.00 ; 500$ lbs., $\$ 13.00 ; 100$ lbs., $\$ 2.75$; 50 lbs., $\$ 1.75$; 25 lbs., $\$ 1.25$; 10 lbs., 60 cts ; 5 lbs., 35 cts.; 1 lb., 10 cts.
Canada Hardwood Ashes. $100-\mathrm{lb}$. bag, $\$ 2.25 ; 200 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25$; ton, \$35.00. In car load lots, minimum 20 tons, price $\$ 27.00$ per ton in bulk, delivered at any freight station in Massachusetts, Vermont, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut and Maine except points on the Maine Central R.R.
Farquhar's Fine Ground Bone. Price per ton in bags, $\$ 62.00 ; 200 \mathrm{lbs}$., $\$ 7.00 ; 100$ lbs., $\$ 3.75$; 50 lbs., $\$ 2.25 ; 25$ lbs., $\$ 1.25 ; 10$ lbs., 65 cts.
Inch Bone. Price, per ton, $\$ 65.00 ; 200 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.25 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.00$.

Scotch Soot. Price, 4 cts. per lb. in bags of about 100 lbs . (By Freight only.)
Clay's Fertilizer.-(Importation suspended.)
Thomson's Grape Vine, Plant and Vegetable Manure. Original bags, 112 lbs., $\$ 12.00 ; 56$ lbs., $\$ 7.00 ; 28$ lbs., $\$ 4.00 ; 14$ lbs., $\$ 2.25$.
Thomson's Special Chrysanthemum Manure. 56 lbs., 88.00 ; 28 lbs., $\$ 4.25$; 14 lbs., $\$ 2.50 ; 7$ lbs., $\$ 1.50$.
Land Lime. (Quantity required.) Heavy soils 2,000 to $6,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. per acre. Light sandy soils, 1,000 to 3,000 lbs. per acre, according to their apparent need. Price, per $100-\mathrm{lb}$. bag, $\$ 1.25$; $500 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.00$; ton, $\$ 18.00$. In lots of 3 tons or over, $\$ 17.00$ per ton. F.O.B. Boston.
Bon Arbor, Dry. Price 7 oz. package, 35 cts.; 1 lb., 60 cts.; 5 lbs., $\$ 2.35$.
Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers. Price, per package, 25 cts. and 35 cts . each.
Fertiflora. A liquid fertilizer for house plants. Bottle, 35 cts.

## PEAT, MOSS, POTTING SOILS.

Charcoal. Price per lb., 10 cts.; 10 lbs., 75 cts.; 100 lbs., $\$ 5.00$.
Silver Sand. Price per barrel, $\$ 2.50$; bush., $\$ 1.50$; peck, 50 cts.
Rotted Fibrous Peat. Price, per barrel, \$2.00; bush., $\$ 1.00$.
Orchid Peat or Fern Root. Price, per barrel, \$2.75; bush., \$1.50. Prepared Bulb Fibre. 50 cts. per peck; $\$ 1.50$ per bush.

Prepared Potting Soil. Price, per barrel, $\$ 2.00$; bush., $\$ 1.00$.
Sphagnum, Moss. Dry Moss per bag, $\$ 1.50$; bush., $\$ 1.00$. Live Moss, price on application.
Cocoanut Fibre. Price, $100-\mathrm{lb}$. bag, $\$ 1.50$; per ton, $\$ 20.00$
Pebbles. For growing bulbs. 10 cts. per qt.; 4 qts., 30 cts.; pk., 50 cts.

## INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES.

Aphine. A contact spray for killing red spider, thrip, white and green fly. Price, pint, 65 cts.; quart, $\$ 1.00$; gallon, $\$ 2.50$.
Aphis Punk. Nikoteen. An excellent fumigant for green and other Aphis. 75 cts. per box 1 dozen rolls; $\$ 7.50$ per case 1 dozen boxes. 3 rolls will fumigate 100 -foot house.
"Black Leaf 40." (Sulphate of Nicotine.) A concentrated liquid for use in destroying Green Aphis and Thrips. Price, 1-oz. bottle, 25 cts ; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\$ 1.00 ; 2$ lbs., $\$ 3.25$; 10 lbs., $\$ 13.75$.
Creosote for Gypsy Moths. Qt., 25 cts.; 1 gal., 75 cts.; 5 gallons, $\$ 3.00$. Dalmation or Persian Insect Powder. Lb., 75 cts .
Flower of Sulphur. Price, $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 12 \mathrm{cts}$; 5 lbs., $\$ 50$ cts. ; 10 lbs ., 85 cts. Fungine. Half pint, 40 cts.; pint, 65 cts.; quart, $\$ 1.00$; gallon, $\$ 3.50$. Imperial Soap Spray. Price, pint, 50 cts.; 1 qt., 70 ets.; 1 gal., $\$ 2.50$; 5 gallons, $\$ 10.00 ; 10$ gallons, $\$ 19.00$.
Kerosene Emulsion. (Liquid.) Price, 1 quart, 45 cts.; 1 gallon, $\$ 1.25$; 5 gallons, \$5.00.
Lemon Oil Company's Standard Insecticide. Destroys scale, thrip, mealy bug, red spider, black and green fly. Price, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, 30 cts.; 1 pint 50 cts.; 1 quart, 90 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon, $\$ 1.50 ; 1$ gallon, $\$ 2.50$.
Lime and Sulphur Wash. A most effective remedy for San Jose Scale, Oyster-shell Scale and many Fungi. It should be applied any time after December 1st and before the buds start in the Spring. Needs only to be diluted with cold water and it is ready to apply. Price, 1 quart, 30 cts. ; 1 gallon, 85 cts.; 5 gallons, $\$ 2.75 ; 10$ gallons, $\$ 4.50$; bbl. of 50 gallons, $\$ 12.00$.

Nico-Fume. A tobacco-paper Insecticide, for fumigating greenhouses. Tins containing 24 sheets, $\$ 1.25 ; 144$ sheets, $\$ 5.00 ; 288$ sheets, $\$ 9.50$.
Nico-Fume. Liquid. Price, small tins, 65 cts.; 1 lb., $\$ 2.00$; 4 lbs., \$7.50; 8 lbs., $\$ 14.50$.
Nicoticide. This vaporizing compound kills green and black flies, thrip, mealy bug and red spider. Price, 4 -ounce can, 80 cts.; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint, $\$ 1.50$; 1 pint, $\$ 2.75 ; 1$ quart, $\$ 5.00 ; \frac{1}{2}$ gallon, $\$ 9.50$.
Nicoticide Fumigator and Lamp. Each, 50 cts.
Nikoteen. A highly concentrated extract of Tobacco for spraying or vaporizing. Price, small bottle, 40 cts ; half-pound bottle, $\$ 1.00$; pound bottle, \$1.75.
Scalecide. A very effectual Winter wash for trees infested with San Jose or other scales. Spray during Winter when the trees are dormant. Qt., 65 cts.; 1 gal., $\$ 1.75 ; 5$ gallons, $\$ 7.00 ; 10$ gallons, $\$ 12.00 ; 50$ gal. bbl., \$43.00.
Sulpho-Tobaceo Soap. A popular insecticide for the amateur, quickly exterminating all insect life on plants and flowers in and out of doors. Price, 3 -ounce cake, 10 cts.; 8 -ounce cake, 20 cts.
Tobacco Dust for Fumigating. Price, 10 lbs., 70 cts.; $25 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50$; $100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.50$.
Tobacco Stems. Price, bag, $\$ 1.25$; bale or case, $\$ 3.75$.
X.L. All Liquid Insecticide. The famous English patented preparation; kills mealy bug, red spider and all insect pests. Goes farther than any. Price, pint, $\$ 1.00$; quart, $\$ 1.75$; $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon, $\$ 3.00$; gallon, $\$ 5.00$.
X.L. All Vaporizing Compound. Sufficient for 10,000 cubic feet, $\$ 2.50$ per bottle; 20,000 cubic feet, $\$ 5.00$ per bottle. Vaporizing Fumigator and Lamp, for above, complete, $\$ 1.75$.

## SPRAYERS.

For other Sprayers, see our Garden Annual.
Paragon Sprayer No. 3. Each pump holds 12 gallons and is equipped with 10 feet of rubber hose, extension pipe $7 \frac{1}{2}$ feet and 2 spraying nozzles. Price complete, $\$ 21.00$.
Auto Spray No. 1. B. A compressed air sprayer which, when properly charged by a few strokes of the plunger will operate automatically for five to ten minutes. Price, \$12.00.
Farquhar's Bucket Spray Pump. Price complete with hose and Bordeaux nozzle, $\$ 6.00$.

## SYRINGES.

Greenhouse Syringe. (Style 6.) Stream and two spray roses, and knuckle joint turning in all directions. \$10.00.
Garden and Greenhouse Syringe. (Style 5.) Stream and two spray roses. $\$ 8.50$.
Greenhouse Syringe. (Style 2 $\frac{1}{2}$.) Extra heavy, self-oiling, Ball Valve Syringe, with one stream and two spray roses. $\$ 10.50$.
Farquhar's New Cyclone Rose Syringe. The rose is interchangeable with cap; spray can be thrown straight-away or at a right angle. Price, strong brass, with cap and spray rose, $\$ 4.25$; with cap and two spray roses (fine and coarse), $\$ 4.75$.


Farquhar's Bucket Spray Pump.

## HORTICULTURAL REQUISITES.-Continued.

Adjustable Cart and Water Barrel Truck. By simple arrangement of the axle the barrel can be detached whether full or empty. Useful for carrying water about the garden and innumerable other purposes. Price, truck and barrel, complete; wheel, $2 \frac{1}{2}$-inch tire, $\$ 23.00$; without barrel, $\$ 16.00$; wheel, $3 \frac{1}{2}$-inch tire, $\$ 24.00$; without barrel, $\$ 17.00$. The following extra attachments can be supplied for use on the same truck when the barrel is detached, viz: Hand-cart box, $\$ 6.50$; leaf rack, $\$ 13.50$; extra barrel with trunnions, $\$ 7.00$.
Baskets, Moss. 6 inches diameter, each, 30 cts.; doz., $\$ 3.25 . \quad 7$ inches, each, 35 cts.; doz., $\$ 3.50$. 8 inches, each, 40 cts.; doz., $\$ 4.25$. 9 inches, each, 45 cts.; doz., $\$ 4.75$. 10 inches, each, 50 cts.; doz., $\$ 5.25$.
Baskets, Round. 1 bushel, $\$ 1.75 ; 2$ bushels, extra heavy, $\$ 2.50$.
Baskets, Vegetable. Iron-bound, $\frac{1}{2}$-bushel, $\$ 1.75$; $\frac{3}{6}$-bushel, $\$ 2.00 ; 1$ bushel, \$2.25.
Boxes, Cut-Flower. Silver-Gray.
1A. $3 \frac{1}{4} \times 19 \times 5$ inches
2A. $4 \times 28 \times 8$ inches
3A. $6 \times 22 \times 8$ inches
Boxes, Cut-Flower. Silver-Gray. Extra Heavy.
1B. $4 \times 24 \times 8$ inches
2B. $5 \times 28 \times 8$ inches
$3 \mathrm{~B} .6 \times 36 \times 12$ inches
Boxes, Corrugated, Extra Heavy
Size C. $30 \times 12 \times 7$ inches. Doz., $\$ 3.50 ; 100, \$ 27.00$.
Size D. $36 \times 12 \times \mathrm{x} 9$ inches. Doz., $\$ 4.00 ; 100$, $\$ 32.00$.
Boxes, Violet, Enamelled Lithographed.

| Size | Depth | Length | Width | Price per 100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| E | 5 | inches | 9 inches | 7 inches |
| F | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\$ 5.50$ |  |  |
| G | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 8 | 7 | 6 |

Brooms, Japanese, for cleaning driveways. 75 cts . each; $\$ 8.00$ per doz.
Cotton Wadding. For packing; large sheets. 90 cts. per doz.; $\$ 7.00$ per 100.
Flower Pot Hanger. Krick's.
Style 1, will fit from $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 -inch pots. Per doz., 40 cts .
Style 2, will fit from 5 to 8 -inch pots. Per doz., 45 cts.
Style 3, will fit from 8 to 12 -inch pots. Per doz., 50 cts.
Fruit Picker. Made of heavy galvanized wire. Each, 50 cts.
Glasses, Hyacinth. Tall glasses, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Tye's Pattern, 30 cts . each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.
Grub Hoe, handled, each, \$1.35.
HOSE, Rubber. In 25 and 50 -foot lengths.
Farquhar's "Reliable." $\frac{3}{3}$-inch, 3 -ply, at 25 cts. per foot; $\frac{1}{2}$-inch, 3ply, at 22 cts. per foot, couplings included.
Farquhar's "Extra." $\frac{3}{6}$-inch, 3 -ply, at 20 cts. per foot; $\frac{1}{2}$-inch, 3 -ply, at 18 cts. per foot, couplings included.
Hot-Bed Requirements.
Straw Mats for Hot-Beds. Made by hand from fresh rye straw, thick and well put together. Regular size, $6 \times 6$ feet, each, $\$ 2.25 ; 3 \times 6$ feet, 81.50. Odd sizes made to order at very reasonable rates.

Farquhar's Singapore Fibre Hot-Bed Mat. Mouse proof; rot proof; almost indestructible. 6 feet, 2 inches long by 6 feet wide, $\$ 2.75$ each; 6 feet, 2 inches long by 3 feet wide, $\$ 1.50$ each.
Hot-Bed Sashes. Painted and glazed with double-thick glass, 8 x 10 inches, in four rows. Frame, $1 \frac{3}{4}$ inches, $3 \times 6$ feet, $\$ 6.00$ each; frame, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches, $3 \times 6$ feet, $\$ 5.00$ each. Crating extra, at cost.
Ladder, Extension. When ordering, add 4 feet for splice at regular price per ft. Price, 40 ets. per ft.
Ladders. One piece. Up to 16 ft ., 28 cts . per ft.; over 16 ft ., 30 cts . per foot.
Lawn Roller, The "Boss" Hand.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Diameter | Length | Sections | Weight | ${ }_{817}$ Price |
| 4 | ${ }_{20}{ }^{\text {arinch }}$ | 20 id | 2 | 250 " | 21.75 |
| 6 | 20 " | 24 " | 3 | 300 ' | 26.00 |
| 11 | 24 " | 24 " | 3 | 450 " | 38.50 |
| 15 | 28 | 30 | 3 | 600 | 51.00 |

Mattock Axe. With handle, $\$ 1.60$.
Paper, Brown Manila Tissue. For cut flowers. Sheets, $24 \times 36$ inches. 30 cts. per lb.; 10 lbs., $\$ 2.80$.
Paper, Parceling. Sheets, $20 \times 30$ inches, $24 \times 36$ inches, $30 \times 40$ inches; per lb., 14 cts.; per $100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 13.00$.
Paper, Waxed. Thin, white; aids in preventing the escape of moisture. Sheets, $18 \times 14$ inches; per lb., 50 cts.; $5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00$.
Paper, White. For cut flowers. Per lb., 15 cts.; $25 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.50$.
Paper, White Tissue. Sheets, $24 \times 36$ inches. Per lb., 35 cts.; per ream of about 10 lbs ., $\$ 3.25$.
Pruner, The Rockdale. Blades made from the best tool steel. Length, 26 inches, $\$ 1.50 ; 41$ inches, $\$ 2.00$.
Pruner, Telegraph Tree. Without handle, Price, $\$ 1.25$ each. Extra blades, 30 cts. each; extra springs, 30 cts. each.
Pruner, Water's Improved. Tree. Length, $6 \mathrm{ft} ., \$ 1.25 ; 8 \mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 1.35$; 10 ft., $\$ 1.50 ; 12$ ft., $\$ 1.60 ; 16$ ft., $\$ 1.85$. Extra blades, 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per dozen.
Raphia Tape. Per reel of 250 yds., $\$ 1.50$.
Roffea. 75 cts. per lb.; $\$ 7.00$ per 10 lbs.
Rubbish Burners. $\$ 7.25$ and $\$ 8.50$.

Saw, Farquhar's Pole Pruning. For cutting high limbs of trees. Each, handled, $\$ 2.25$, without handle, $\$ 2.00$.
Saws, Pruning. Long, narrow blades for pruning.
Single Edge. 18 -in., $\$ 1.25$; 20 -in., $\$ 1.40 ; 22$-in., $\$ 1.60$.
Double Edge. 18 -in., $\$ 1.25$; 20 -in., $\$ 1.40 ; 22$-in., $\$ 1.60$.
Saw, Adjustable Pole Pruning. 18 -in., \$1.25.
Scissors, Florists' Snips. 6-in., \$1.25.
Shears, Branch or Lopping. For cutting large branches, long stout handles. Saynor's, three sizes, $\$ 4.25, \$ 5.00$ and $\$ 5.50$ each.
Shears, Hedge Notched. English blade. 8-in., \$3.00; 9-in., 83.25 ; 10 -in., $\$ 3.50$.
Shears, New French Pruning. This is the best pruner ever offered. Price, 6 $\frac{1}{3}$-in., $\$ 2.25$; 7 -in., $\$ 2.50$; $8 \frac{1}{2}$-in., $\$ 2.75$; $9 \frac{1}{2}$-in., $\$ 3.25$; $10 \frac{1}{4}$-in., $\$ 3.50$. By mail, 5 cts. each extra. Extra springs, 50 cts. each.
Shears, Taylor's Pruning. Each, 50 cts.; by mail, 55 cts.
Shears, Clyde Draw Cut. No. 1, handled, 24-in., $\$ 3.00$ each. No. 2, handled, 22 -in., $\$ 2.50$ each.
Shovels, Ames'. D handle, square or round point. Each, \$2.00. Long handle, square or round point. Each, $\$ 2.00$.
Sieves, Wire. For sifting loam, gravel, etc. Any size mesh. 18 inches diameter. Each, \$1.40.
Silkaline, Green Thread. Largely used for tying in bouquet work. Fine, medium or coarse. Spools, each, 35 cts.; box of eight spools, $\$ 2.50$.
Sprinkler, Scollay's Rubber Plant. Made of rubber, with flat bottom and a finely perforated detachable top. Very useful for sprinkling and all purposes where a fine spray is required. Each, $\$ 1.35$; by mail, 5 cts. each extra.
Scollay's Angle Rubber. By means of this new device, liquids can be applied to the under sides of the leaves. Price, each, $\$ 1.35$.
Stakes, Match. Plain pine, ${ }^{5}$ s-in. thick, 35 cts. per 100; $\$ 3.00$ per 1,000 .
Stakes, Match, Stained Green. 40 cts. per $100 ; \$ 3.50$ per 1,000 .
Stakes, Galvanized Wire Rose. No. 8 wire.

| Ft. | 100 | 1.000 | Ft. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3 | $\$ 2.25$ | $\$ 20.00$ | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\$ 3.25$ | $\$ 30.00$ |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2.75 | 24.00 | 5 | 3.75 | 36.00 |
| 4 | 3.00 | 27.00 | 6 | 4.50 | 40.00 |

The Model Extension Carnation Support.
$\$ 5.00$ per 100; $\$ 45.00$ per 1,000 .
Thermometers, Heavy Japaned Tin Case. Wilder's 8 -inch, $\$ 1.00$; 10 -inch, $\$ 1.25$; 12 -inch, $\$ 1.50$.
Hot-Bed. Boxwood Scale. Brass Points. Each, $\$ 3.00$
Self-Registering Minimum. 10-inch. Each, 2.25
Combined Maximum and Minimum.
Each, 4.00
Tinfoil. For Bouquets. Lb., 30 cts .
Tinfoil. Violet, lb., 70 cts. Green, lb., 70 cts.
Tree Scrapers. Best steel, $\$ 1.00$.
Trellises, Ivy and Vine Pot. These are made of heavy wire, painted green, and a decided improvement over the wooden trellis.

| No. 1, | 18 in. high, | 12 in . wide, | 50 cts . each |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 24 " | 15 "، | 60 cts . |
| 3 , | 30 | 18 " | 75 cts." |

Twine. Heavy and light parceling. Ball, 30 cts.
Twine, Green. For stringing smilax. Ball, 75 cts .
Twine, Soft. For tying vines, etc.; very strong. 3 and 5 -ply. Large Balls, 25 cts.
Tarred Yarn. Excellent material for tying raspberries, shrubs, etc. Lb., 45 cts.
Tarred Marline. Of better quality than the above; twisted in strands. In 5 -lb. balls. Lb., 50 ets.
Yacht Marline. In 1-lb. balls, 60 cts. per ball.

## INDURATED FIBRE WARE.

Rolling Plant Stands. For Heavy Plants and Palms.

| Outside Diam. About | Each | Doz. | Outside Diam. About | Each | Doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-in. | \$1.10 | \$12.00 | 18-in. | \$2. 25 | \$24.00 |
| 14 " | 1.35 | 15.00 | 20 " | 2.75 | 30.00 |
| 16 " | 1.85 | 20.00 | 22 " | 3.35 | 36.00 |

Flower-Pot Saucers. Far cheaper in the end and better in every way than the earthenware article. Are not porous and will protect woodwork, tables, etc., on which plants are to stand.

| Work | Each | On woz. | 100 | Size | Each | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 -in. | 80.35 | \$4.25 | \$33.00 | 10 -in. | \$0.55 | \$5.80 | \$46.00 |
|  | . 40 | 4.35 | 34.50 | 12 " | . 65 | 7.00 | 55.00 |
| 7 | . 45 | 4.75 | 37.00 | 14 " | . 85 | 9.00 | 70.00 |
| 8 | . 45 | 5.20 | 39.00 | 16 " | 1.50 | 16.00 | 126.00 |
| 9 " | 50 | 5.50 | 43.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Florists' Vases, For Displaying Cut Flowers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. | Each |  | Doz. | No. | Each |  |  |
| , | \$1.75 |  | \$20.00 | 00 | \$6.00 |  | 870.00 |
| 1 | 1.40 |  | 16.00 | 11 | 2.00 |  | 21.60 |
| 2 | 1.25 |  | 14.00 | 22 | 1.50 |  | 17.00 |
| 3 | 1.00 |  | 11.50 | 33 | 1.25 |  | 14.00 |
| 4 | . 85 |  | 9.00 | 44 | 1.00 |  | 11.50 |

## HORTICULTURAL

Tubs, Oak Plant. These are of natural wood finish with galvanizediron hoops and handles. Outside measurements.

| Diam. | Height | Price | Diam. | Height | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12-in. | 11-in. | \$4.00 | 20-in. | 17-in. | \$5.75 |
| 14 " | 12 " | 4.50 | 22 " | 18 " | 6.00 |
| 16 " | 13 " | 5.00 | 24 " | 20 " | 6.25 |
| 18 " | 15 " | 5.50 | $26{ }^{\prime}$ | 22 " | 7.00 |

TUBS, CEDAR PLANT.
For Ferns, Palms and other large plants. Made of thick cedar, nicely painted green: Outside measurements.

| No. | Diam. | Height | Price | No. | Diam. | Height | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 28-in. | 22-in. | \$10.00 | 6 | 1812-in. | 15-in. | \$4.00 |
| 2 | 26 " | 20 " | 8.75 | 7 | 17 | 14 " | 3.50 |
| 3 |  | 182 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 6.25 | 8 | 16 " | 13 " | 3.00 |
| 4 | 22 " | $17{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 5.50 | 9 | 14 " | 12 " | 2.50 |
| 5 | 20 | 16 | 5.00 | 10 | 12 " |  | 2.00 |

Wheelbarrows. Garden. No. 4, $\$ 6.50$; No. 5, $\$ 7.00$.
Wheelbarrow. The Farquhar. $\$ 7.50$ each.
Wire, Florists' Bright, Cut in Lengths. In boxes of 12 lbs . (one stone). 9 inches long, per 12 lbs., No. 22 Wire, $\$ 1.50$; No. 24 Wire, $\$ 1.50$; 12 inches long, per 12 lbs., No. 22 Wire, $\$ 1.50$; No: 24 Wire, $\$ 1.50$. Single pounds at 20 cts . per pound.

## REQUISITES.-Continued.

Watering Pots, Galvanized-Iron, Wotherspoon's. 4 quarts, $\$ 3.00$; 6 quarts, spout 21 inches long, $\$ 3.25$; 8 quarts, spout 23 inches long, $\$ 3.75 ; 10$ quarts, spout 25 inches long, $\$ 4.25 ; 12$ quarts, spout 25 inches long, $\$ 4.50$.
Galvanized-Iron, French Pattern. With brass bale handle. 8 quarts, $\$ 4.00 ; 10$ quarts, $\$ 4.50$.
Heavy Tin. 2 quarts, $\$ 1.75 ; 4$ quarts, $\$ 2.00 ; 6$ quarts, $\$ 2.25 ; 8$ quarts, $\$ 2.35 ; 10$ quarts, $\$ 2.60$; 12 quarts, $\$ 3.00 ; 16$ quarts, $\$ 3.25$
Haws's Pattern, English. This pattern will not slop over and is made with a very fine rose for watering seed pans or beds. 3 quarts \$3.50; 6 quarts, $\$ 4.50$.
Round Bulb Pans.

| Size | Doz. | 100 | Size | Doz. | 100 |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 -in. | $\$ 1.15$ | $\$ 8.00$ | 10 -in. | $\$ 5.25$ | $\$ 40.00$ |
| $7 " 6$ | 1.75 | 13.50 | $12 "$ | 11.00 | 82.00 |
| $8 "$ | 2.50 | 19.50 | 14 |  | 18.00 |
|  |  |  | 135.00 |  |  |

Fern Pans. These pans are made thin and strong, and are especially adapted for linings to porcelain and Silver Fern Pans. Dimensions given are outside measurements.

| Size | Doz. | 100 | Size | Doz. | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4 \times 1 \frac{7}{8}$-in. | \$0.60 | \$4.50 | $7 \times 2 \frac{5}{8}-\mathrm{in}$. | \$1.50 | \$10.50 |
| $4 \frac{3}{} \times 2 \frac{1}{8}-\mathrm{in}$. | 85 | 6.00 | $8 \times 3 \frac{1}{8}$-in. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| $5 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{4}$-in. | 1.00 | 7.50 | $9 \times 3 \frac{1}{4}-\mathrm{in}$. | 2.50 | 18.00 |
| $6 \frac{1}{4} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}-\mathrm{in}$. | 1.25 | 9.00 | $10 \times 4$-in. | 3.00 | 21.00 |



# RATTAN WINDOW BASKETS. 

Special sizes made to order.

These baskets are strongly made and beautifully finished in green, oak, mahogany, white or gold, and are complete with metal linings. 24 inches long, about 6 inches wide


PLANT COMBINATIONS for the above baskets from $\$ 4.00$ up. :: :: :: :

## ORNAMENTAL POTTERY.

We carry a line of Ornamental Pottery,-Jardinieres, Flower Howls and Bowls suitable for Bulb growing.


GOLD MEDAL Awarded us by the
Massachusetis Horticultural Soclety For



## NOTICE!

## Roman Hyacinths cannot be Imported

because the French Inspectors have been unable to issue such certification, of Roman Hyacinths grown in France, as is required by the Federal Horticultural Board under Quarantine No. 37. None of these bulbs will come from that region this year.

We believe that the present drastic regulations of the Federal Horticultural Board are unnecessary and should be repealed. In fact, such repeal is being strongly urged and may be looked for before another import season.

## Lilium Candidum. Supply now exhausted.

## R. $\mathfrak{G}$ J. FARQUHAR $\mathfrak{G}$ CO. BOSTON, MASS.

September 1st., 1919.

R. \& J.FARQUHAR \& CO. 6 \& 7 SO. MARKET ST.BOSTON. MASS.


[^0]:    *Grand Duc. (Keizerskroon.) A. 14. Crimson-scarlet bordered with clear yellow; large and very beautiful; one of the very best Tulips

    ## DARK RED AND CRIMSON.

    *Couleur Cardinal. B. 12. Intense rich crimson; large and beautiful

    D
    $\$ 1$
    Crimson King. A. 12. Crimson-scarlet with yellow base.
    Splendid for bedding.
    Dusart. B. 12 . Brilliant deep crimson; fine for bedding.

[^1]:    The bulbs should be set three inches deep and should be planted in October or early in November to insure success below the surface.

    ## FARQUHAR'S LARGE-FLOWERING NAMED CROCUSES.

    ## WHITE.

    Farquhar's Giant White. Pure white; large orange Doz. ${ }^{100} \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1,000\end{aligned}\right.$ anthers; fine substance . . . . . . . . $\$ 0.45 \$ 3.25 \$ 32.00$ | Queen of Whites. Very large, pure white; fine for forcing | .35 |
    | :---: | :--- |
    | Quthers | 2.50 |

    ## BLUE AND PURPLE.

    Farquhar's Giant Blue. Beautiful deep purple; very large $\$ 0.50 \quad \$ 3.50$
     Purpurea Grandiflora. Rich, deep purple; very large $\quad . \quad .50|3.50| 34.00$

